THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 12,287. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1870.—TRIPLE SHEET. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

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PERSONAL.

A. FIELDS, LATE OF THIRTY-SIXTH STREET.—WHEN and where can I see you? MACK.

ADOPTION.—WANTED TO ADOPT, A BABE FROM birth to one week old. Address Mrs. DYER, Herald office.

BEECHER'S.—THE LADY WITH GREEN KIDS. GENtleman would like to become better acquainted. Address J. L., Herald office.

FRANK WOULD LIKE TO HEAR FROM MARY, whom he passed on the Bowery last week. Address a note to station O.

NOTE RECEIVED. SEND TO-DAY (TUESDAY). FAIR well. S. O. P.

PRODIGAL—WRITE, CONFIDENTIALLY, "MERchant," 11 Jacob street, with address, if practicable, so that nothing can intervene.

SADIE—CALL FOR LETTER AT UNION SQUARE Post office, 824 Broadway. C.

SADIE—WHY DON'T YOU WRITE? RHINEBLCK.

THE LADIES WHO WERE TO MEET TWO GENTLEmen Monday night at 7½ please write, appointing interview. Address JAY JOHNSON, Herald Branch office, Brooklyn.

280.—MUST SEE YOU BEFORE I GO AWAY. TOnight, about 8; sure, rain or shine. W. H. 05.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A MASS MEETING OF ALL THE PROPERTY OWners of Fourth and Fifth streets will be held on Tuesday, April 12, in the evening, at 8 o'clock, in Henry Clay House, No. 5 avenue A, corner of First street, to take further measures against Robbins' pavement and to sign the petition to Albany. COMMITTEE.

AMERICAN GEOGRAPHICAL AND STATISTICAL SOciety, Cooper Institute, second floor, east side.—On Tuesday, April 12, 1870, at 8 o'clock P. M., the regular monthly meeting of this society will be held, when Captain Charles W. Raymond, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, will read a paper on the "Yukon River Region, Alaska." E. R. STRAZNICKY, Recording Secretary.

A BEAUTIFUL EASTER GIFT—ONE OF THOSE Paris Eggs, from $1 to $5, at R. P. GIBSON'S, 943 Broadway, corner of Twenty-second street.

ALL PARTIES WISHING TO MOVE IN APRIL SHOULD engage immediately. Office 113 and 115 West Eleventh street, near Sixth avenue. Families moved city, country. Furniture boxed, shipped. Storage. A. P. G. BURNHAM.

A.—A.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
C. H. MURRAY'S LOTTERIES.
MISSOURI—EXTRA CLASS NO. 232—APRIL 11, 1870.
10, 72, 77, 22, 20, 30, 60, 13, 39, 24, 46, 62, 56, 47.
MISSOURI—CLASS NO. 231—APRIL 11, 1870.
40, 62, 12, 15, 53, 5, 1, 24, 4, 45, 32, 37.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS NO. 269—APRIL 11, 1870.
68, 54, 27, 61, 53, 10, 22, 39, 14, 55, 47, 48, 70, 50, 75, 59, 26, 42, 33, 4, 42, 39, 69, 53, 9, 34.
Information furnished in the above and also Royal-Havana Lotteries. J. CLUTE, Broker, 306 Broadway, 152 Fulton street and No. 2 Park row.

A.—A.—ORPHANS' HOME LOTTERY OF THE STATE of Mississippi.
Class 221—19, 20, 52, 33, 27, 31, 68, 69, 35, 52, 38, 3, 28, 32.
Class 222—9, 45, 13, 51, 55, 73, 22, 67, 25, 65, 37, 15.
All orders for tickets and circulars to be addressed to McINTIRE, McBRIEN, BERNDON, COLBURN, BASKERVILLE & CO., Managers, Columbus, Miss.
Information furnished at 316 Canal, 154 Chatham, 599 Seventh avenue and 128 Greenwich street. Coin paid for all prizes.

FRED. E. GAISS, LANDSCAPE GARDENER.—PLANS drawn, new grounds laid out, and all work in above line done. Address box 45, Hastings on Hudson.

HEGER'S WAREHOUSES—MOST EXTENSIVE AND complete in the world, for storage of Furniture, Baggage, &c. Separate compartments always accessible. Commodious elevators. Eighth avenue, Thirty-third to Thirty-fourth street.

LOTTERY PRIZES CASHED, AND INFORMATION given. Kentucky and Havana circulars sent. JOSEPH BATES & CO., 11 Wall street, box 4,264. Branch office, 447 Broome street.

THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.
NEW DISCOVERY.
COMPOUND OXYGEN TREATMENT.
CURABILITY OF CONSUMPTION.

We will briefly call the attention of the reader to the anatomy and physiology of the lungs. They consist of two porous bodies, conical in shape, composed of an infinite number of air cells, and situated within the walls of the chest which they completely fill. Each lung is said to contain nearly two millions of air cells, so that if their walls were expanded upon a common plane they would cover a space of 20,000 square feet. This extensive surface is fanned gently by every inspiration of air we breathe, and as the constitution of the air may vary, so will its influences be felt upon the system. Charge it with a noxious gas, and we become oppressed; inspire it with a salutary balm, and our spirits become elated; soothe it with a narcotic odor, and we yield at once to its drowsy influence. Inhale the fragrance of flowers, their love and pleasure run riot through our veins. The cells into which the air passes at each inspiration, and from which it is expelled at each respiration we make, may be compared in form to a cluster of grapes, the bronchia of air-tubes representing the stems on which the grapes hang. The bronchia form at the lower part of the windpipe is divided into two grand divisions, one entering the right, the other the left lung.

These again subdivide, the right into three and the left into two tubes, corresponding with the number of lobes in each lung which they severally supply. These again divide and ramify into an almost infinite number of smaller branches to every part of the lungs, terminating each in a small grape-like cluster of cells. The interstices of these cells form cavities for the transmission of blood from and to the heart, and the coats of these vessels are so extremely delicate that the air we breathe passes through them and mingles with the blood of the whole body every four minutes.

The heart throbs, and every vessel is filled with blood. We breathe, and every air cell is filled with air.

Hence you will notice the importance of breathing pure air, the essential part of which is oxygen, the universal tonic and blood purifier.

The medical agent used by Dr. Brown in his practice for the cure of throat, lung and blood diseases is compound oxygen, or a combination of essential gases chemists and scientific men have been trying to form for ages, but without tangible results, till the recent discovery. The action of this remedial agent is alterative, stimulant and tonic, never failing to purify the blood and impart vigor to all the organs and every function of the body. No harm can possibly result from its use in any case.

This remedy has been thoroughly and successfully tested in Philadelphia and is now being introduced in New York in its present form for the first time.

Dr. BROWN is a regular graduate of medicine, surgery and hygiene. Therefore in making oxygen a specialty he does not propose to take the place of the regular practitioner, but desires to co-operate with him in alleviating human suffering.

Physicians are invited to call and investigate this remedy and use it as an auxiliary in their practice.

All inquiries by letter will be answered and all necessary information given by calling upon

W. R. BROWN, M. D.,
No. 15 West Twenteeth street, New York.

THE NATIONAL DEBT WILL BE REPUDIATED, FOR God has repudiated the nations. "The anointed." JOHN BISHOP HALL.

HOWARD & CO.,
JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS,
and agents for
WALTHAM WATCHES,
have removed to
NO. 785 BROADWAY,
corner of Tenth street, opposite Stewart's,
With a large stock of new Goods reduced to gold prices, they solicit the continued patronage of their former friends and customers.
Mr. Alfred Bedford (for many years one of the late firm of Tiffany & Co.) is now associated with our house.
HOWARD & CO.,
No. 785 Broadway, New York.

SOMETHING NEW FOR GENTS.—I, UNDERSIGNED, inform the public that I make a fine new Silk Hat at wholesale price. Warranted new Silk Hat made to order for $5; two ounce heavy at $6, sold in every other place for $8; an extra fine Silk Hat made to order in the French style for $8. Fifty dollars reward given to any person who can prove that I don't make a warranted new silk hat at the above price. This is the only place in the United States where you can get a warranted new silk hat for $5. All my own make hats blocked without charge. TONY ZONS,
55 Third avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS, TRUNKS, &C., in the first class Storage Warerooms 285 Hudson street, near Spring. Apply to JOHN L. BOGGS.

THERE SHALL BE NO ROMAN CATHOLIC POWER after the month of next November on the Continent of Europe. "The Anointed." JOHN BISHOP HALL.

SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.

ALL KINDS OF FANCY DOGS AND BIRDS FOR sale.—Medicines for all diseases. Prepared food for mocking birds, at B. DOVEY'S, No. 3 Greene street, corner of Canal.
N. B.—Ladies attended by Mrs. Dovey.

FRANCIS BUTLER, NO. 8 PECK SLIP, HAS ALL THE choice breeds of Dogs for sale and stock; Butler's infallible Mange Cure and Flea Exterminator, 75 cents; Butler's New York, $2; dogs boarded, trained, and medicines all diseases.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AT THE AUCTION HOUSE OF
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
OFFICE AND SALESROOM 37 NASSAU STREET,
opposite the Post office.
THE HORSE AND CARRIAGE BRANCH
of our business is conducted at our
HORSE AUCTION MART,
112 EAST 13TH STREET, NEAR 4TH AVENUE,
where we hold regular
SALES OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES
EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
Gentlemen wishing to purchase, or those having Horses or Carriages to sell will find our house perfectly reliable, as we conduct this branch of our business, as we do all our other business, on the same straightforward principles which govern honorable houses in all mercantile pursuits.
WE GIVE THE PURCHASER OF EVERY HORSE THAT IS WARRANTED SOUND FROM 24 TO 48 HOURS FOR TRIAL.
Entries for sales of Horses and Carriages can be made at our down town office and salesroom, 37 Nassau street, where we also keep a register of horses for private sale.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
THIS DAY (TUESDAY), AT 12 O'CLOCK.
CATALOGUE OF THE DAY'S SALE.
Road Establishment—Thoroughbred sorrel Horses, Abdallah stock, raised by present owner, 15 hands, 6 and 7 years, kind and true in all harness and under saddle; free from vice; are splendid roadsters, of great endurance, without blemish, splendid drivers; can trot nine day in 8½; for a gentleman's road use have no equal; very stylish and warranted sound, together with
No Top Road Wagon—Made by Brewster; also set Harness, made by Campbell.
Road Horse—Gray Volunteer Mare, long flowing mane and tail; sired by Goldsmith's Volunteer, of Washingtonville, Orange county; dam, a fine thoroughbred mare; has never been handled for speed, but is one of the most promising colts in this country to-day; 15 hands, 4 years, kind and true in all harness, free from vice, very stylish; warranted sound, kind and true. Pedigree and everything will be guaranteed.
Bay Team—Long manes and tails, 15 hands, 6 this spring; kind and true; free from vice; good under saddle; fast travellers; worthy and kind in all respects.
Road Establishment—Sorrel trotting horse Tiger (American Star stock, 15¼ hands, 9 years; kind in all harness; free from vice; is a fine rangy driver, of great bottom and endurance; trotted last summer to pole in 2:41 and to wagon in 2:29, and warranted to trot in 2:30 day of sale; warranted sound, kind and true; goes together with
No top Wagon, made by Wood Brother; also set Harness, etc., do.
Trotting Mare Lady Kate, 15½ hands, about 8 years; kind and true in all harness; has superior style and action, of great bottom and endurance; trotted last September on St. James' track in 2:44, 2:45; can beat 2:30 any day. Sold for no fault, only for want of use.
Sorrel Horse, 15¼ hands, coming 6; kind and true; free from vice; warranted sound; sold on account of owner going abroad.
Sorrel Horse, 15½ hands, 8 years; kind and true; good style, warranted sound; can trot in 2:15.
Thoroughbred saddle Horse, brown, 15½ hands, 5 years; warranted kind and true; free from vice; superior under saddle.
Road Horse—Bay horse, long, flowing mane and tail, 15 hands, 6 years; kind in all harness; well broken to saddle; free from vice; warranted sound, kind and true; can trot in 3½.
Three large double Express Wagons.
Several other Horses, top Wagons, single and double Harness, Blankets, Robes, Whips, &c. Full description time of sale.

AUCTION SALE—HORSES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c.,
to close an estate.
STANLEY DAY, Auctioneer, offices 111 Broadway,
will sell on Monday, April 18, at 9½ o'clock A. M., at the private stable 231 West Fifteenth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.
Two pairs very fine Carriage Horses, stylish and fine travellers.
One large family Carriage.
One large Harouche.
One fourteen-seated light Wagon, shifting top.
One Pony Phaeton, shell pattern, pole and shaft, umbrella top; cost $1,250.
One Horse and Harness of various kinds.
Parties can examine the above at the stable until day of sale

A.—TOP AND ROAD WAGONS.
An elegant and large assortment of first class, fashionable city built top and Road Wagons of our own manufacture. For beauty of design, fine finish and durability, are warranted equal to any made in this city, which we will sell under the market price.
We invite purchasers to examine our stock, at our warerooms, 656 Broadway.
MINER, STEVENS & CO.

AT HARNESS WAREROOMS, 10 COLLEGE PLACE. Harness for farming, teaming, carting, expressing, livery stables, contractors, coach, coupe, buggy, and all other purposes.
Single Harness, complete, $8 to $175 per set.
Double Harness, complete, $20 to $400 per set.
We manufacture all our harness, and can sell lower than any house in the city.
THE TRADE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

A.—SPEED, SPEED, WARRANTED.—FOR POSITIVE and peremptory sale, one of the finest "gentleman's Roadsters" in the State; the extra handsome, stylish, high-bred and well known trotting Mare Fly, 15 hands, 7 years old, sired by Ethan Allen, out of a thoroughbred mare, long flowing mane and tail, very elegant, prompt, free and well behaved driver, can walk 6 miles an hour, will travel 14 miles an hour with two in the wagon, and is warranted to trot this day in
2:35, OR NO SALE.
This celebrated mare is everything that is desirable in a "first class roadster," as for style, fine appearance, bottom, gait and good qualities, as a trotting horse, has few, if any, equals on the road or track. Will be positively sold to the highest bidder, to close a litigation, at BARKER & HAMLIN'S City Mart and New York Tattersalls, corner Broadway and Thirty-ninth street, on Wednesday, April 13, at 12 o'clock. Can be seen and examined now and any time previous to sale.

A POSITIVE SALE OF ENTIRE LIVERY STABLE Stock, 220 Mercer street, near Fourth street, Thursday, 14th, at 12 M. The whole stock is in fine order; has been used for livery purposes, and consists in part of some 20 Horses, Coaches, Barouches, open and top Wagons, &c., single and double Sleighs; 15 sets of double and single Harness; Blankets, Robes, Bells, Whips, &c., the sale constituting the entire stock of this well known stable.
Also, on account of whom it may concern, one Victoria, two Coaches and two light Wagons, sold to pay storage and expenses. JOHN L. VANDEWATER, Auctioneer,
24 Dunne street.

AT AUCTION, THIS DAY, AT 12 O'CLOCK,
One superior Trotting Team,
Three excellent single Trotting Horses,
One Bay Carriage Team,
Ten other fine single, family and road Horses.
For full descriptions look above in catalogue.
By JOHNSON & VAN TASSELL,
at their Auction Mart, 112 East Thirteenth street.
We never postpone a sale on account of the weather.

A LOT OF FRESH HORSES, JUST FROM THE COUNtry, sold or exchanged for Horses of less value; one powerful team of bay fillies, fit for carts, trucks, sleeve-dogs, wagons or any business. Inquire at 341 Canal street.

AN ELEGANT PAIR OF CARRIAGE HORSES, BLACK and gray, for sale; also a fine black Horse; all same size, 15½ hands, perfectly sound, gentle and fine action; also Carriages and Harness; all in excellent order. Apply at private stable 65 Madison avenue, before 11 A. M.

A CLOSE COACH, SHIFTING FRONT QUARTERS; also a Barouche in good orders, Wood Brothers, makers, 120 West Twentieth street.

A STABLE AND LOT OF GROUND—ON FIFTIETH street, just west of Sixth avenue, cheap; price $2,500. JOHN C. GRAFF, 223 Broadway, room 13.

AT M. S. CERRY'S STABLE, 143 AND 145 EAST Twenty-fourth street, 45 first class Carriage and Road Horses for sale, and others constantly arriving.

A. S. FLANDRAU, CARRIAGE BUILDER, NOS. 7 and 13 East Eighteenth street. Clarences, Coupes, light Rockaways, Coupe Rockaways, Top and Road Wagons, at greatly reduced prices.
THE CARRIAGE OF THE PERIOD.
Pony Phaetons in great variety, from $450 up.

A MAGNIFICENT COUPE HORSE FOR SALE—OVER 16 hands; also a ladies' saddle Horse; also a gentleman's driving Horse, very fast; all sound. Apply at private stable, Twenty-sixth street, near Broadway.

A.—WANTED TO PURCHASE, TWO PONIES, ODDLY marked or otherwise, about 40 inches high, smooth and sound, at BARKER & HAMLIN'S, corner Broadway and Thirty-ninth street.

A VALUABLE FAMILY PONY, SIX YEARS, USED BY a doctor; kind and true; a noble animal. One low priced horse. Must sell. 408 Pearl street, clothing store.

A SECOND HAND ROAD WAGON, VICTORIA, THREE Buggies, Depot Wagon, Pony Phaeton and Rockaway, cheap. All styles new Carriages in great variety. Large stock Pony Phaetons. WITTY, 638 Broadway.

A.—ASSORTMENT HAM'S PATENT CLARENCES, pony Park Phaetons; the advantages are unlimited over the old style. A visit to our warerooms is solicited to verify the above facts. 25 per cent less than Broadway stores. HAM'S, Fourth street and Broadway.

A TEAM OF BAY HORSES, A ST. DOMINGO PONY, one handsome Landau Carriage, cost $2,200; six-seat Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, &c., will be sold to-day (Tuesday), at four o'clock, by WM. M. LITTLE, Auctioneer, at the stable in the rear of premises on the west side of Clinton avenue, third house south of Greene. Sale positive.

ALL IN WANT OF CARRIAGES AND HARNESS, AND desirous of saving 25 per cent, are invited to examine stock at 45 Barclay street. HICKS, established 1838.

A.—SPEED, SPEED—WARRANTED SPEED.—A SPECIAL and peremptory sale this day (Tuesday), at 11 A. M. prompt, at stable No. 47 Great Jones street, by JOHN L. VANDEWATER, Auctioneer, of three fine Horses, the property of a deceased gentleman; also one fine pair and one single Horse, the property of a private gentleman going abroad.
The handsome, high bred and fast trotting horse Mingo, by Ethan Allen, and a fac simile of Honest Allen; eight years old, 15½ high, was never allowed to trot in a public race, but has shown trials repeatedly from 2:28 to 2:30, and has trotted half a mile to wagon on Fashion track in 1:16; he can show 2:25 on any good track and can show 2:40 to road wagon, and is one of the finest roadsters for style, speed and good, honest qualities ever offered, and is warranted sound and kind.
Fine brown trotting Horse, 15½ high, six years old, extra fine, fast, stylish and promising, as pure and honest trotter as can be found; easy, pleasant driver, fears nothing; warranted to show 2:30 to road wagon, and can show 2:40 on track; warranted sound and kind.
Extra fine and handsome three-quarter thoroughbred, brown, coupe, coach or family Horse; 16 high, seven years old; one of the finest styled and handsomest figs acting horses in the State; fears no locomotive, has no vice nor trick; can travel 12 miles an hour; warranted sound and kind.
Also, independent of the above, fine handsome well bred pair of jet black Geldings, 15½ hands high, 7 years old, closely matched, drive together like one horse, and in great style; are very rangy, bloodlike, handsome and stylish, have no vice nor tricks and fear no locomotive; are rangy, hardy, acclimated and fit for immediate and every day use; are fine phaeton or road team, and large and stylish enough for a coach; they can travel in 3:15 together or singly, and are warranted sound and kind; are an elegant pair of spirited horses.
Fine large chestnut Horse, 16 hands high, 7 years old, fine road, coupe or family horse; is Kentucky bred, fine, free, stylish and fast traveller; has no vice nor tricks and fears nothing; shows fine breeding, has fine symmetry, of amiable disposition, fine qualities, and is warranted sound and kind.
All of this stock is offered for positive and peremptory sale to the highest bidder, without the least limit or reservation. Our instructions are to sell. We do not hesitate to state that a finer lot of stock is seldom offered to the public or so fine an opportunity offered to buyers. All will be warranted as represented in every particular, and from twenty-four to forty-eight hours given for trial.
Also Brewster Trotting Wagon, fine Coupe or Dog Cart, Harness by Lowden, &c. Full particulars of all at sale. Sale positive, rain or shine. Commences at 11 A. M. sharp.

AUCTION SALE OF CARRIAGES.
ALLEN S. MINER, Auctioneer.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On FRIDAY, April 15 and 22, 1870.
Positive sale of elegant Carriages, made by Messrs. Brewster, Miner & Stevens, Baldwin, Adams and other well known manufacturers, comprising Vehicles of every description, at the Carriage Salesroom, No. 541 Broadway,
St. Nicholas Hotel Block,
commencing at 11 o'clock each day.
Now on exhibition.

A.—NO BROADWAY EXPENSES.—CAN SELL cheaper than before the war.—New top Wagons, good, for $160; Pony Phaetons, $185; top Expresses, $125. Also horse second hand Barouches, $250 to $350; top and road Wagons, $85 to $350; Rockaways, $75; Coups, $125; one Dog Cart, nearly new, cost Pony Phaeton $100, and one at $80; one Gig, $100; Harness $10 up, double $30; also a large assortment of new Clarences, six and four-seat Park Phaetons, Pony and Basket Phaetons, four and six-seat Rockaways, Top and Road Wagons.
WM. H. GRAY, 20, 22, 24 and 28 Wooster street.

ASSORTMENT ROCKAWAYS, PARK PHAETONS, Victorias, Dog Carts, Road Wagons, Depot Wagons, Harness, &c., new and second hand; cheapest place in the city to buy reliable work. TAYLOR'S, 59 Cedar street.

A BRITED FROM JACKSON CITY, MICH., J. C. DEYO, with 32 head of the best double and single Horses ever landed in New York. For sale at A. S. CHAMBERLIN'S stable, Twenty-fifth street, between Third and Lexington avenues.

A FINE DOUBLE HARNESS FOR SALE—USED SIX times, cost $300; gold plated and made to order by Duncomb; price $200. Can be seen at 262 Broadway, in store. Also a shifting top Wagon, in good order.

A GOOD HORSE WANTED—ABOUT SEVEN YEARS old, 16 hands high, kind and free, in exchange for first class Toilet Soaps, Baking Powders, &c. Address PERRY, Herald Branch office, Brooklyn.

A.—EXPRESS, BUSINESS, TOP AND OPEN WAGONS, Rockaways, Phaetons, Depot and Jagger Wagons; also Harness, Blankets, &c., very low, at 1,401 Broadway, near Forty-first street. JAMES JENKINS.

BE SURE AND ATTEND THE SALE, THIS DAY, AT JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL'S, 112 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue, at 12 o'clock, and read catalogue above under this head. We never postpone a sale on account of the weather.

BUY YOUR CARRIAGES AND HARNESS AT WITTY'S, 638 Broadway, near Bleecker street, and save 25 per cent. Largest and best assortment in the city.

CLARENCE FOR SALE—A HANDSOME CLARENCE in perfect order, and best city make; for sale cheap. Apply at stable, 75 West Thirty-ninth street.

CARRIAGES, HARNESS, ROBES—REDUCED PRICES.—Coupes, Road Wagons, Phaetons, Dog Carts, Pony Phaetons, Coupe Rockaways, Buggies, &c., for city or country; all styles Harness. CALVIN WITTY, 638 Broadway.

EXPRESS WAGONS AT AUCTION THIS DAY.—TWO large double Express Wagons, first class build, entirely new, will be sold at auction this day at 12 o'clock, at JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL'S Mart, 112 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue. Sale positive for account of whom it may concern.

FOR SALE—AT THE NINTH WARD SALE STABLES, 352, 378 and 354 West Twelfth street, between Greenwich and Washington streets, 40 superior draft Horses just in from the West; also some fine drivers.

FOR SALE—A BAY HORSE, WITH LONG TAIL, 15 hands high, 8 years old; warranted sound, kind and a quick traveller; suitable for a coupe or the road. Any gentleman wanting a first class animal and willing to pay a fair price address E. T. H., box 903 Post office.

FOR SALE—A STYLISH BAY HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, 15¾ hands high; is a fast driver, and is sold as the owner is going abroad. Can be seen at any time at DOUGASS' stable, in Irving place, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets.

FOR SALE—FOR WANT OF USE, BAY MARE, SIX years old, 16 hands high, sound and kind; fit for truck, cart or express. Call at 312 West Tenth street. Price $200.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME BLACK HORSE, SOUND and a good traveller; rising 8 years old; just from the country. Apply at livery stable No. 4 East Twenty-eighth street.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOMEST PONY MARE IN THE State; 6 years old, black, 14 hands high; very stylish; warranted sound and kind and safe for a lady or child to ride or drive; can trot in 3 minutes single or double. Inquire at J. H. ARNOLD'S stable, Twenty-ninth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

FOR SALE—A VERY SUPERIOR BAY HORSE, WITH Coupe and Harness; the horse 8 years old, 16 hands high; a fine traveller and sound; the coupe made by Wood Bros., and in good order; also the coupe harness; the whole establishment will be sold cheap. Apply at private stable 126 West Seventeenth street, between 5 and 10 A. M. and 5 and 6 P. M.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF FINE BAY CARRIAGE Horses, 15¾ hands high, 8 years old, sound and kind. They will be sold very low if applied for soon. Call at stable, 153 Pacific street, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A BROWN HORSE, 8 YEARS OLD, 16 hands high; kind in all harness; a very fast walker; suitable for cart or express wagon. Inquire at the butcher shop corner of Market and Monroe streets, from 5 o'clock to 11.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, SIX WORK Horses; the owner has no use for them. Inquire at 211 Wooster street for GEORGE W. HALL.

FOR SALE—A VERY HANDSOME CURTAIN COACH, in first rate condition, built to order by Brewster, of Fifth avenue. Apply at private stable 149 West Twenty-ninth street.

FOR SALE—AT REDUCED PRICES, DOCTORS' Wagons and Buggies of every description; also Grocery, Express and light Business Wagons. 23 Third street, near Bowery.

FOR SALE—A TEAM, SORREL MARE AND BROWN Horse; very stylish and can trot in 3 minutes together; 6 and 7 years old; warranted sound and kind; a little under 15 hands. Address H. C., Herald office.

FOR SALE—A VERY SUPERIOR BLACK HORSE, 15½ hands high, 7 years old, sound and kind in single and double harness. Can be seen at Mr. Townsend's stable, 139 West Seventeenth street, rear stable, from 9 to 11 A. M.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF BLACK HORSES, 16 HANDS high, 8 years old; stylish drivers, either single or double, and sound and kind. Can be seen for one week at stable in rear of 147 East Fortieth street.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME DOG CART IN GOOD order, with pole and shafts, by Brewster; also a brown Mare, 6 years old, 15½ hands high; sound and kind in all harness and suitable for grocer or express business. Apply at stand 212 Fulton Market.

FOR SALE—A STYLISH SORREL HORSE, 16 HANDS high, sound and kind; suitable for a coupe. Apply at stable in rear of No. 59 East Forty-first street.

FOR SALE—A BRETT, NEARLY NEW, MADE BY John R. Lawrence & Co.; price $950. Call at 124 Clinton place.

FOR SALE—A FINE EXPRESS WAGON, ONLY SIX months in use. Inquire at 25 West street.
EDWD. O'CONNOR.

FOR SALE—TOGETHER OR SEPARATELY, AN ELEgant pair of light brown Horses, 16 hands. Washington Stables, Sixth avenue and Twenty-sixth street.

FOR SALE.—A TEAM, TRUCK AND WORK FOR sale cheap for cash. Inquire of H. C. PAYNE, No. 34 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWO LIGHT BAROUCHES, ONE MADE by Brewster & Co.; in good order; also light Hack Coach; all suitable for country or city use.
MOTT & BURR, 263 Mercer street.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF BAY HORSES, 16 HANDS high, stylish drivers; warranted sound and kind; to be sold cheap. Apply at 109 East Seventeenth street.

FOR SALE—A BLACK MARE, PERFECTLY SOUND, kind and gentle. Apply at 24 West Thirty-second street, or stable 165 West Thirty-first street.

FOR SALE—A FOUR SEAT COUPE ROCKAWAY—Wood Bros.—new last spring. Apply at 21 West Thirty-second street, or stable 168 West Thirty-first street.

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE—THE OWNER INTENDing to retire from business, viz.:—Five Stages, adapted for country or watering place use; Coaches, Carriages, Buggies, light Trucks, Lumber Wagons, large and small Sleighs, Horses, Harness, &c.; also an excellent Ice Route, including three wagons, &c., together or separately; furthermore, a Blacksmith Shop, with all the necessary tools, for sale or to let. Apply to Mr. PETER MECHLER, corner of Hackensack Plankroad and Hudson avenue, Union Hill, N. J.

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—NEW and second hand Harness, Saddles, &c.; Military Clothing, Wool and Rubber Blankets, Rubber Overcoats, Wagon and Horse Covers, &c. Send for circular. PITKIN & CO., No. 6 Park place and 71 North Second street, Philadelphia, Pa.

HARNESS FOR SALE.—SET OF DOUBLE AND single Road Harness, first class city maker, new and clean; also a set second hand light double.
BANKS, 104 East Thirty-third street.

HARNESS.—NO COMMON TRASH NOR OLD DRY stock made years ago, but all fresh, new goods, made of the best materials and workmanship, and styles beyond conception, at prices of any dimension, at MORSMAN'S extensive harness warerooms, the head of the trade, 148 Chambers street.

HARNESS.—GILT MOUNTED COUPE HARNESS FOR sale, cheap; heavy and light single and double Harness, at great bargains. Large assortment Carriages at reduced prices. CALVIN WITTY, 638 Broadway.

IN EXCHANGE—FOR A SIX SEAT MINER & STEVEN'S Westchester Rockaway, value $350, a horse 15½ hands high, sound, kind and gentle, to trot in about three minutes and to be driven by a lady; difference in value, if any, to be paid in cash. Address box 4,575 Post office, with full description.

LOT SLIGHTLY SOILED CARRIAGES AT GREAT bargains—Road Wagon, Coupe Rockaway, Pony Phaeton, Victoria, six-seat Passenger Wagon; also several second hand Carriages, cheap. WITTY, 638 Broadway.

PONY FOR SALE.—A VERY STYLISH PONY, OF rare beauty, perfectly broken to saddle and harness, kind and sound; suitable for a boy to ride or drive. Apply to MACKIN, 317 West Forty-first street.

PHAETON FOR SALE.—A SIX SEAT PHAETON, IN complete order, cheap; nearly new. At BRADLEY'S stables, Nos. 8 and 10 East Thirty-first street.

ROAD AND TOP WAGONS, JUMP SEATS, PONY AND Park Phaetons, Cabriolets, tour and six seat Rockaways, Coupes, Clarences, Landaus, Landauelets, &c., low, for the quality of work, at S. H. BATES', 1,395 Broadway.

SPEED, SPEED, SPEED.
Warranted.
Sorrel Trotting Horse, warranted to beat 2:30 day of sale.
Gray mare, Lady Kate; has record of 2:44 and 2:45 on St. James track last September, and can beat 2:30 day of sale.
Also thirteen other fine trotting, road and family Horses. For full descriptions look in catalogue above.
At Auction, this day, at 12 o'clock,
By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
at their Auction Mart, 112 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue.
We never postpone a sale on account of the weather.

SPLENDID BAY CARRIAGE TEAM—7 AND 8 YEARS old; sound, kind and stylish. Can be seen for two days at the Opera stables, corner of Fourth avenue and Thirty-second street. They are just in from the country, and will be sold at a bargain.

STABLE WANTED—BELOW

THE ANGLO-ERIE WAR.

The English Bondholders Enter the Arena Against Gould, Fisk and Lane.

How the Erie Triumvirate Got Control of the Company—Anticipated Utter Wreck of the Whole Concern—Petition of the Stockholders vs. the Directors.

A suit was yesterday commenced in the United States Circuit Court by the English shareholders of the Erie Railway, against Gould, Fisk and Lane, of the Erie direction.

THE COMPLAINT.

The complaint recites that defendants, with others, illegally obtained the control of the Erie Railway Company, and committed the company to engagements of a hazardous and speculative nature, and resolved to bind the company to a guarantee of bonds of the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railway Company to the amount of $5,000,000, which bonds were issued and put in circulation. That the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad Company has fallen into great pecuniary discredit. That defendants were enabled to obtain their election, and that of others, as directors of the Erie Railway Company by means of money furnished by the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad Company. The complaint then goes on to recite, in substance, all the main charges heretofore made against the Erie Railway direction by parties hitherto bringing suits against its present Board of Directors, and specially recites that the substantial results of one year's absolute and unchecked control of the said company by the said Gould, Fisk and Lane are shown by the report made by the said Jay Gould, as President, to the stockholders of the Erie Railway Company, bearing date January 17, 1870, and from the report of the Erie Railway Company to the State Engineer and Surveyor of the State of New York, made pursuant to the General Railroad act, for the year ending September 30, 1869, shows the following results for the year ending September 30, 1869, viz:—

During such year the income account of said company is shown to be as follows:—

Gross earnings	$16,721,590
Deduct—	
Current expenses	$13,718,085
Rents of leased roads	824,020
	14,542,105
Net earnings	$2,179,591
Being 13 3-100 per cent.	
Paid for interest on mortgage debt	1,703,773
	$475 621

—showing an apparent surplus applicable to dividends of $475,621, which sum, upon the showing of the said managers, ought to have been applied to pay a dividend or interest upon the preferred stock, and would be sufficient for such dividend at the rate of about five per cent; nevertheless, the said managers of the company's affairs have not paid such dividend or any cash dividend whatever upon the preferred stock, but have withheld the same upon the allegation that the surplus earnings had been applied to expenditures for permanent improvements.

A NET RESULT OF TWO YEARS' MANAGEMENT.

That thus it appears, from the statements of the said Gould, Fisk and Lane themselves, that, as the net result of their two years' management of the Erie Railway Company, from the time when said Fisk and Gould first acquired power and control therein, they have succeeded in reducing the net earnings of the said company to the extent of more than $500,000 a year, while they have increased the amount of its share capital and funded and floating debt from $51,065,945 to $101,935,710, or to an extent of more than $50,000,000, and that of this $50,000,000 of additional capital obtained from the public as for investment in said enterprise they do not pretend to show more than between six and seven millions actually expended in improvements of and additions to the property, and they have not paid any dividends whatever to the shareholders, except the single dividend on the preferred stock in January, 1868, which appears to have been substantially paid out of surplus earnings accruing prior to the time when said Gould and Fisk came into the management.

ASSETS VS. LIABILITIES—THE TRIUMVIRATE WORTH LESS THAN NOTHING.

That all the property possessed by Fisk, Gould and Lane is vastly less than their legal liabilities to the Erie Railway Company and its *bona fide* shareholders. That, to protect the rights of the *bona fide* shareholders, the defendants and others having the power should be enjoined from issuing any further convertible bonds of the company or any stock others use than upon surrender and cancellation of certificates of existing valid stock of said company upon transfer of such stock in the usual manner. That defendants are unfit to control the affairs of the company, and should at once be ousted and enjoined from interfering with the affairs of the company. That, on account of the great power and influence as defendants over the affairs of the company, it will be impossible to obtain any fair investigation of its affairs until they are ousted. That, until they are ousted, the rights of the *bona fide* stockholders will be constantly in peril, and that no other result can be reasonably looked for than the utter wreck and ruin of the whole interest of the holders of the common stock, and that the interest of the holders of the preferred stock will also therebe be put in great jeopardy. That the interest of the company will not be safe, even after the ousting of the defendants, on account of the other directors, and that it is essential that a receiver should be appointed to manage and carry on the affairs of the company, under the direction of the Court. That defendants shall be compelled to render a just, full and true account of the affairs of the company during the time it has been in their hands. That, pending the issue of this suit, defendants be temporarily enjoined from issuing any convertible bonds, or giving currency to any stock otherwise than upon the surrender and cancellation of genuine certificates of stock, and after transfer of such stock in the usual manner. That the officers of the company be enjoined from removing or concealing books, papers, securities or funds belonging to the company, and that plaintiffs have such further relief as the Court may deem necessary.

The defendants have until the first Monday in May to file their answer.

THE ERIE STOCKHOLDERS AGAINST THE DIRECTORS.

The following petition has been laid before the Legislature:—

TO THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK:—

We, the undersigned holders of preferred stock of the Erie Railway Company, respectfully state that we are dissatisfied with the present management of that company, and are desirous that the law of this State, passed 20th May, 1869, entitled "An act to amend chapter 276 of the laws of 1868, entitled 'An act in relation to the Erie, New York Central, Hudson River and Harlem Railroad Companies,'" under which the directors of the Erie Railway Company were authorized to classify themselves, so that one-fifth only shall go out of office each year, should be repealed, and that the stockholders may be authorized at the next annual election of directors of the said company to elect the whole board.

We therefore pray that the bill now before the Legislature to repeal said law may be passed.

Maitland, Phelps & Co., No. 45 Exchange place, New York; E. Pavenstedt & Co., No. 52 Exchange place, New York; E. H. Gillilan, by H. E. Gillilan, attorney, No. 52 Exchange place, New York; W. K. Vermilye, Nos. 18 and 20 Nassau street; T. E. Vermilye, by W. K. Vermilye; J. E. Alexander & Co., No. 19 Nassau street; Oelrichs & Co., No. 63 Broad street; Charles Francklyn, executor of E. Cunard, No 4 Bowling Green; Wm. Cunard, per Charles Francklyn, attorney; Robert Dinwiddie & Co., No. 115 Water street; William Agnew & Sons, 204 West street; John A. Parker, president Great Western Insurance Company; Charles P. Leverich, No. 48 Wall street; Geo. E. Phelps, No. 8 East Seventeenth street; I. N. Phelps No. 45 Wall street; Mary Tileston, by P. M. Bryson, No. 2 East Fourteenth street; E. T. Bryson, by P. M. Bryson, No. 11 West Thirty-sixth street; Gans Brothers, trustees, 52 Exchange place; Thomas Lord, executor of Rufus L. Lord, 35 Exchange place; Reuben Manley & Co., 61 Broadway; B. F. Wheelwright, 12 West Seventeenth street; William W. Ladd, 31 Broadway; Frank M. Smith, by James R. Smith, attorney, 77 William street; Orlando M. Cogart, No. 3 Nassau street; H. Amy & Co., as trustees, 21 Nassau street; John F. Moore, 124 Madison avenue; E. R. Livermore, 119 Broad street; John David Wolfe, 18 Madison avenue.

Dated MARCH 30, 1870.

THE PAPERS SERVED ON THE ERIE OFFICIALS.

Contrary to expectation, no difficulty was experienced in serving the Erie officials with notice of the suit instituted by Burt's bondholders. Learning that the papers were ready, Fisk despatched a member of his legal staff to the United States Marshal's office for the purpose of escorting the deputy to the Erie stronghold. Fisk and Gould received the bearer of Burt's challenge to legal combat with the utmost good humor and courtesy, and, the ceremony of serving over, the Colonel entertained the Deputy Marshal at lunch. His Erie-pressible amphibiousness, the admiral of the Narragansett navy and colonel of the Ninth, was advised to array himself in full militia uniform, as in that martial garb he could have defied the majesty of the civil law, but he magnanimously declined, saying:—"If these Britishers prefer that their share of the earnings of the road shall be eaten up in lawsuits instead of being distributed in dividends I can't help it."

SHOCKING SUICIDE IN NEWARK.

Yesterday morning between seven and eight o'clock August Wadman, a German resident of Newark, N. J., perpetrated self-murder in a shocking manner at his home in that city, No. 40 Catharine street. While his wife went to the grocery for three cents' worth of milk, leaving him seated at the breakfast table, he seized a razor and inflicted two terrible gashes across his throat, extending almost from ear to ear. Life was not quite gone when Mrs. Wadman returned. The bed, wall and floor of the room in which the tragic occurrence took place were covered with blood. Some three months ago a little girl, daughter of the Wadmans, was burned to death, its garments having caught fire during the temporary absence of its maternal parent. This, together with other troubles, seriously affected Wadman's mental organs, and at times he was quite foolish. He also became a slave to the bottle. Last week he stole away from home late one night, and was away until Saturday night. He took with him his remaining child. In a fit of delirium tremens yesterday he put a period to his existence. He was thirty-six years of age and a jeweller by trade.

THE COURTS.

A Custom House Case—Charge of Extortion—Detention of Letters at the Post Office—Charge of Malpractice—Sentences.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Action Against Two Cases of Silk Ribbons.

Before Judge Blatchford.

The case of the United States against two cases of silk ribbons, marked "L. & C., Nos. 5 & 6," consigned to Lorenz & Crott, and claimed by Freze & Co., of Switzerland, for alleged undervaluation, was decided for the claimants yesterday. District Attorney Pierrepont and Assistant District Attorney Stanley appeared for the government, and Kaufman, Frank and Wilcox for the claimants.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' COURT.

Discharge of Alleged Mutineers.

Before Commissioner Shields.

The United States vs. James R. Crowley and Agnus McIntyre.—The defendants, who were charged with mutiny on board the schooner Frank and Nellie, in Cardenas bay, on the 1st of March last, were yesterday discharged, no witnesses having appeared to testify against them.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

The Charges of Malpractices Against an Attorney—Report of the Referee.

Before Judges Ingraham and Cardozo.

In the Matter of the Charges Against Orson A. House, an Attorney of this Court.—It will be remembered that eight distinct charges had been preferred against the above named party, which were fully set forth in the HERALD. The General Term referred the investigation of the matter to Mr. Nicoll, to take proofs and to report to the court. The charges arose out of a divorce suit commenced by Mr. House, in which the decree was set aside by the defendant, upon the grounds of fraud and perjury.

Mr. Wallace, who had been appointed by the court to act in support of the application, presented the report of the referee, which set forth that although there is much that is unexplained in this mysterious case, the tendency of the proof is to establish that such frauds were committed without his knowledge or privity.

The Court announced that they would hear counsel on both sides before rendering any decision upon the report now presented.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Burglaries and Larcenies—A Host of Prisoners Sent to Sing Sing and Blackwell's Island by Judge Bedford.

Before Gunning S. Bedford, Jr., City Judge.

As soon as the court and jury in the McFarland case had vacated their seats the City Judge took his seat on the bench, and although no jury trials took place his Honor disposed of over a dozen cases in a short time.

Daniel Donavan pleaded guilty to grand larceny, having on the 28th of March stolen a gold watch valued at $65, the property of Henry G. Thompson. He was sent to the State Prison for four years and six months.

Michael Lemen, who, on the 10th of March, stole thirty-four dollars from Thomas S. Brennan, pleaded guilty to the charge and was sent to Sing Sing Prison for two years.

Paul Rickert was sent to the State Prison for one year, he having, on the 20 inst., stole seventy-eight dollars' worth of clothing from Belmont Kaufman.

William Murray, who was charged by an officer with being concealed in a hallway in Pel street, with burglarious tools in his possession, pleaded guilty to an attempt.

William Burke pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary, the charge being that on the night of the 26th of March he entered the premises of John Taney, 160 Grand street, and stole fifty dollars' worth of glass goblets.

These prisoners were each sent to the Penitentiary for one year.

John Kleiman, who, on the 29th of March stole a shawl worth thirty-five dollars from Michael D. Doyle, pleaded guilty to an attempt.

Ellen Hart, who pleaded guilty to the same grade of offence, the indictment charging that on the 24th of March she stole fifty dollars' worth of clothing, the property of Edward McMahon. These prisoners were sent to the Penitentiary for six months.

Frank Kelly, being charged with petty larceny in stealing a steam pump, valued at twenty-five dollars, the property of Charles Gregg.

James Murphy, who assaulted August Menken on the 2d inst., was sent to the City Prison for fifteen days.

John Sullivan, who pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary, and Robert Johnson and Charles Rice, who were guilty of larceny, were remanded till Friday for sentence.

The following is the calendar for to-day:—The People vs. Thomas Morton, robbery; Same vs. Thomas Smith, Isaac Hendrickson, John Fountain, George Williams, John Lloyd, Thomas Schmidt, Thomas Davis, Willis Brooks, Joseph Campbell, George Brown, Louis Deluth, Joshua Aldridge, Charles Bryant, Michael Darragh, Francisco Paolo Porcosi, Edward Mettnidps, Thomas Brennan, John Kenney, James Tripp, Elijah Dickerson, Clark Allen, burglary; Same vs. John Sullivan and Thomas Flood, felonious assault and battery; William Wilson, Thomas Smith, larceny from the person; Same vs. George G. Bell, Mary Reardon, Anna Baldwin, Charles De Mott, Elizabeth Melvin, Charles K. Koerner, James B. Yousil, grand larceny; Same vs. George Wilson, petit larceny.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Court opens half-past ten A. M. Enumerated motions—Nos. 1, 3, 7, 10, 14, 16, 18, 26, 31, 36, 37, 38, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Before Judge Brady.—Nos. 73, 89, 99, 103, 105, 106, 122, 135, 143, 144, 156, 157, 175, 195, 197, 198, 219. Call 230.

SUPERIOR COURT—Part 1—Before Judge Freedman.—Nos. 1417, 1431, 1533, 1541, 1063, 1547, 1649, 1555, 1569, 1323, 1015, 1575, 1579, 1581, 1583. Part 2—Be fore McCunn.—Nos. 960, 1350, 2056, 1482, 78, 2042, 1712, 1368, 1508, 1742, 2104, 1208, 1738, 1776, 1932.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.—Part 1—Before Judge Gross.—Nos. 724, 935, 620, 640, 728, 744, 738, 778, 781, 789, 801, 833, 900, 901. Part 2—Before Judge Curtis.—Calendar called at half-past ten A. M. Nos. 549, 805, 853, 858, 859, 935, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 2288, 952, 953.

DISASTERS IN THE HARBOR.

The Ferryboat Greenpoint Collides with a "Sound" Steamer—A Fishing Boat Run Into by a Ferryboat—No Lives Lost.

At half-past five o'clock yesterday morning the propeller New Haven, of the New York and New Haven line of packets, ran into the ferryboat Greenpoint on the East Tenth street and Greenpoint line, just as she was leaving her slip on this side, cutting through her cabin to her hull, causing her to sink in one and a half or two hours. Before she went down she was run into a slip between Tenth and Eleventh streets, where the water was shallow, and consequently went down with her forecastle above water and her aftercabins under. She is owned by G. Lee Knapp, was built in 1851, and is valued at $50,000. She was insured against fire, but not against collision, as the rates demanded amount to a refusal to take the risk.

The propeller was hugging the New York shore, in violation of the laws regulating the navigation of the East river, and struck the ferryboat just after she had cleared the slip. The ferryboat went out blowing her whistle, and the propeller only answered when right on the ferryboat, and a collision was inevitable. The tug John Fuller, used as a fireboat and wrecker, was taken alongside as soon as possible and commenced about twelve o'clock to pump her out. As she throws 3,000 gallons per minute, it is thought that the Greenpoint will soon be afloat. As this is not the first time the Sound steamers have run down the boats of this line, suit will be commenced for damages, unless a compromise is effected. The position of the slip of the Greenpoint company makes it a dangerous place for a ferry, even with the utmost caution exercised.

At ten o'clock yesterday morning, as the South Seventh street ferryboat Commodore Perry was on her trip down the river to Peck slip, she came in collision with a Gloucester fishing schooner. The result was the carrying away of all the forward stanchions of the ferryboat and one-half of the ladies' cabin. Several ladies who were in the cabin had a narrow escape of their lives. The fishing boat sustained no damage. The Commodore Perry was damaged to the extent of about $500.

On Sunday evening a rowboat containing three men, supposed to belong to Greenpoint, names unknown, was accidentally upset in Hell Gate by drifting across a schooner's bow. Two of the men were able to swim, thus being able to support the third man until assistance was given in the person of William Brown, ship news collector at Astoria. This is the second time Mr. Brown has given assistance to drowning people, being six within a week saved by him.

SERIOUS MACHINERY ACCIDENT IN NEWARK.

In Newark yesterday afternoon, while a bitmaker, named Broch, of No. 171 Academy street, was drilling holes in bits in the factory of Messrs. Wuesthoff, Wright & Kingholt, corner of Pennington street and Railroad avenue, his right arm was caught in the machinery belting and he was whirled round the circle three times. His life was saved by the intrepidity of a fellow workman, not, however, before the arm was broken and lacerated so that a surgeon had to be called in and the limb removed with the knife. The operation was performed by Dr. James B. Cutler, who is of opinion that should there be no internal injury sustained the man's life is safe. Broch was removed to his home.

THE WESTCHESTER TAX WAR.

The Case of the Commissioners of Berrian Avenue—Order of Judge F. Barnard Superseding Writ of Certiorari Reversed—Important Decision.

The case of the People ex rel. John B. Haskin vs. the Board of Supervisors of Westchester county and others came up in General Term of the Supreme Court of Westchester county on appeal from an order made by Judge F. Barnard. The following decision was delivered by Judge Pratt, concurred in by Judge Gilbert.

This is an appeal from an order made at Special Term, superseding a common law writ of certiorari allowed to review and correct certain items alleged to have been illegally included in the tax levy, and warrant to be issued against the town of West Farms, in the county of Westchester.

The relator is simply a resident and taxpayer in the town of West Farms. It is claimed from this fact that the people have no standing in court, and the following cases are cited as sustaining such view:—Gale vs. Bostman, 6 Met., 427; Doolittle vs. Supervisors of Broome Co., 18 N. Y., 155; Boswell vs. Drager, 28 N. Y., 318. It is apparent, from the slightest examination of these cases, that they sustain no such doctrine, but are based upon an entirely different principle, that has no application here. Each of these cases were bills in equity, filed by a private person in his own name, to enjoin public officers from doing certain acts or, in other words, the result sought was to compel public officers to litigate with them questions in which the plaintiffs had no interest which was not common to the whole community. The bills were all dismissed upon the ground that the plaintiffs did not make out a case under some acknowledged head of equity jurisdiction. They sought to litigate a question on the equity side of the court, which was purely of legal cognizance. It has always been held in the English courts and in this country, with some improper exceptions, that the corrections of errors and the proceedings and determinations of inferior political jurisdictions is matter of legal and not equitable cognizance. The Courts hold there is a wide and radical distinction between bringing the record of the proceedings of an inferior body before the Court for the purpose of having them reviewed and passed upon directly by the Courts and either reversed or affirmed, and bringing an original action founded on some alleged error in the proceedings of such body and demanding judgment not upon errors in the record but upon the allegations of error in the complaint. In the former case the judgment is final and conclusive and inures to the benefit of the whole community; in the latter the judgment only settles the rights of the particular plaintiff and opens the door to excessive litigation, and hence the rule that the Courts will not extend equitable jurisdiction over the acts of inferior bodies and allow every one to come in and litigate. There are some exceptions to this rule, but it is not necessary to discuss them in this connection. I acknowledge not only the binding force of the rule but the sound reasons upon which it is based. (25 N. Y., 312; 14 do., 540.) Mr. Haskin was a proper person for relator; the office which a relator performs is merely institution a proceeding for and in behalf of the people. The distinction between a taxpayer who acts as relator in a legal proceeding in which all the inhabitants of a political division of the State have a common interest, and a suit by a private individual to redress a wrong personal to himself is clearly recognized in the case of People vs. Halsey (37 New York, 344). The Court there says:—"The difference between a case where an individual acts as relator or representative of the people to redress a public wrong by mandamus, and one where it is sought to accomplish the same result by an individual in an action in his own name is strikingly apparent." In such as the people themselves are the plaintiffs in a proceeding by mandamus, it is not of vital importance who the relator should be, so long as he does not officiously intermeddle in a matter with which he has no concern. The reason applies with equal force to the question as to who is a proper relator in a writ of certiorari. It is conceded that if a tax is erroneous as to one individual he has his remedy by writ of error or certiorari. (37 N. Y., 311; 40 N. Y., 154.) Yet if all the people of a town or other political division are erroneously taxed, no one can have a remedy except the Attorney General sees fit to institute proceedings to correct such error; in other words, if public officers attempt to rob one person by an illegal tax, it can be prevented by the Courts, but if they include a whole community in the scheme, they thereby secure immunity from investigation. That there is no such rule of law is apparent. If the people's writ of certiorari can be brought in requisition to correct an error where the interest of one individual is injuriously affected, there can be no sound reason why it cannot be invoked when the rights of a community are invaded. The public have the same interest that a tax shall be proper as to a town or aggregation of individuals as it has that it shall be right as to one person. It may also be said that the public have the same interest that a public act like the laying of a tax shall be properly performed as they have that a public officer shall do his duty; and if a mandamus can be sued out on the relation of a taxpayer to compel assessors to levy a tax, the same reasoning will sustain a writ of certiorari to correct an erroneous tax. (15 Barb., 255; 4 Barb., 9; 20 Johns., 277; 1 Salk, 146; 24 Wend., 248; 5 Den., 206; 8 Pick., 218; 1 Met., 123; 2 Met., 225; 15 Pick., 243; 5 Gray, 44; 6 Cush., 306; 14 Pick., 298; 12 Com., 351.)

In my judgment the proceeding is correct in form and the proper remedy. The second objection is that the writ removes the records of more than one road opened by the Legislature under different laws and by different commissions, and passed at different times; the parties are different, the subject is different, the errors assigned are different, the judgment may be different. It is a sufficient answer to this point to state that there is but one warrant and one assessment upon which such warrant is based sought to be reviewed. It is the record of the tax assessment for the town of West Farms alone that is sought to be brought before the court for review. It is the tax record that is alleged to be erroneous, and the fact that there is more than one error or that more than one statute is invoked is immaterial provided the proper parties are commanded so that the alleged erroneous record is produced before the Court. But suppose the relator has made more assignments of error than the facts warrant or that some improper parties are made defendants, it is proper for the Court to quash or correct such part of the proceedings sought to be reviewed as are illegal and affirm such as are legal, provided one is independent of the other. (13 Mass., 454; 15 Pick., 195; 5 Mass., 420, 424.) The order superseding the writ was appealable from Special to General Term. (Wells vs. Johns, 2 Abb., p. 21.) The case referred to in 19 N. Y., 521, has no application, as that case simply holds that the order of affirmance in ule at General Term was not appealable to the Court of Appeals.

The question now is whether this Court, in the exercise of a sound discretion, will review the proceedings to be brought up by the writ or give judgment quashing the writ. Inasmuch as this proceeding rests in the sound discretion of the Court, we should grant or refuse the process as the ends of justice and the public interest may require. I think the public interest will be subserved by considering the case upon its merits. The error complained of in the tax is independent and unconnected with the other items making up the assessment. No part of the alleged erroneous tax has been collected, while the other taxes, or in other words, the proper taxes, less the items alleged to be erroneous, are in the course of collection. No injury can ensue from a judgment for the relator from the fact the erroneous items will be expunged. On the other hand, if the writ is quashed, each party who denies the tax illegal can and will resist its collection. I cannot see that the defendants or the people of the town can be injured, but I do think they will be benefited by a decision upon the whole merits, upon the ground, therefore, that the relator has a status in court and that there should be a return by the respondent to the writ as to Berrian avenue, and in order that the case may be considered upon its merits, the order at Special Term superseding the writ should be reversed. The limits in which this court will exercise its power in reviewing the proceedings and determination of inferior tribunals has been the subject of much discussion and some contrariety of opinion; but the rule as best settled by the Court of Appeals, seems to be "that it is proper for the Supreme Court to review all questions of jurisdiction, power and authority of the inferior tribunal to do the acts complained of, and all questions of regularity in the proceedings, that is all questions whether the inferior tribunal has kept within the boundaries prescribed for it by the express terms of the statute law as well settled principles of the common law." (39 N. Y., 88.) The language above quoted might seem to limit the inquiry of this court to the question whether the inferior tribunal had jurisdiction of the subject matter and whether its proceedings and judgment were within that jurisdiction; yet in another case, decided in September, 1868, the Court of Appeals holds that it is proper to examine a case brought before the court by the common law writ of certiorari upon the whole evidence to ascertain whether any error had been committed in the proceedings before such inferior tribunal. (Peop. vs. Board of Police, 39 N. Y., 505.) The Supreme Court of this district, in the case of People vs. Board of Assessors of Brooklyn, examined alleged errors in the mode and principle of assessments for taxes, and ordered a correction in particulars, not going to the entire assessment, but making an abatement therefrom. (People vs. Board of Assessors of Brooklyn, 39 N. Y., 80). It appearing, therefore, that the relator has a standing in court, and that the Commissioners of Berrian Avenue have made no return, the order made at special term suspending the writ must be reversed and the respondents required to make a complete return.

Order of Justice F. Barnard superseding writ of certiorari reversed, with ten dollars costs to the appellant.

A JERSEY ROMANCE.

An Orange Elopement—A Young Lady of Sixteen Runs Off With and Marries Her Father's ex-Coachman.

That "love levels all ranks," would seem to be true as holy writ, at all events in some instances, and in none more so than in a case the results of which have considerably agitated for weeks past certain circles in the pleasant town of Orange, N. J. About two years ago, in the employ of Mr. Elijah D. Burnet, a highly respectable merchant, was a young man of rather pleasing exterior and address named William Culbert. His occupation was that of coachman.

A daughter of his employer, Miss Annie V. Burnet, then about in her fourteenth or fifteenth year, but large and womanly for her age, took a decided liking for the good looking coachman, which penchant, after some time, ripened into genuine affection. William was of course delighted with the state of affairs, though some considerable time elapsed before he realized the exact state of the damsel's feelings towards him. This discovered, on the principle, doubtless, that love begets love, a full reciprocity of the tender feeling followed. In the meanwhile the attachment was jealously guarded by the lovers, so that the parents of the girl never dreamed of the matter. Some business reverses necessitated the partial breaking up of Mr. Burnet's domestic establishment, and young Culbert left, as his employer thought, for parts unknown. By means only known to lovers under similar circumstances, Miss Burnett and young Culbert managed to keep up their intimacy and to meet occasionally. Finally, the young lady found it difficult to conceal the affair, and between anxiety on the one hand and true love on the other, she managed to work herself into a severe illness. After some time she imparted the secret to her physician who in turn informed the parents, who, as might be expected, tried to disabuse the girl of her notion, but to no purpose. As to a marriage with Culbert they would not listen to such a thing. The upshot was that within a few weeks since Miss Annie surreptitiously left home, and in company with her lover, drove off to Montclair, where they were indissolubly tied in the bonds of holy matrimony by the Rev. Mr. I. L. Maxwell.

The sequel to this romance in real life is the best of all. The indignant parents were at first disposed to give the young people the cold shoulder, but finding that William was really far above his former position and about to take a responsible situation in a Newark dry goods house they relented, and now perfect harmony reigns in the Burnet and Culbert domestic circles.

A MAN INJURED ON THE ERIE RAILWAY.

Yesterday afternoon a deaf and dumb man was walking along the track of the Erie Railway, between Hohokus and Ridgewood, when he was struck by locomotive 245 of an eastward bound freight train and had one of his legs mashed by the wheels running over it. He was taken to the New York Hospital on train No. 6.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WALL STREET,
MONDAY, April 11—6 P. M.

The week opened on fair activity in Wall street, but as the day progressed the storm checked operations, while a disposition was manifested to wait further developments in and test the extent and sincerity of

THE MOVEMENT IN GOLD.

The impression is quite general that the movement was, auxiliary and subsidiary to a movement to enable the stock cliques to unload the burdens which they have so patiently carried ever since New Year's. When, a month back, it became evident that some stratagem was necessary to enable this transfer, attention was directed to the fact that one of the leading banking houses making exchange a specialty were quietly absorbing whatever commercial bills were thrown on the market in the exportation of produce. At the time it was supposed that the firm were simply protecting themselves and transacting an ordinary and legitimate business. It seems now, however, that they were then in league with some of the cliques desirous of unloading stocks, and that they lent material and valuable assistance—the result being the movement which was discovered on Friday last, and which today put gold up to 114¼. The combination have purchased an immense quantity of the precious metal, and the advance has been but trifling in contrast to the magnitude of their operations. The clearances to-day were close on to a hundred millions. It is to be doubted whether the gold movement can succeed in the face of the many obstacles which it is sure to encounter, commercially and politically. There is a vast quantity of produce in store at our Atlantic ports and in the Western elevators ready to go aboard ship the instant gold advances one or two per cent, while it may be set down for a certain fact that the present administration at Washington will act in hostility to any combination who may conspire to impeach the public credit. Fisk's "phantom gold" will not be suffered to stride the political stage again. Something of these reasons seemed to influence heavy sales toward the close of the day, under which the price declined to 113¾. The course of the market is shown in the table:—

10 A. M.	113¾	2 P. M.	113¾
10:12 A. M.	114	3 P. M.	113¾
10:37 A. M.	113¾	3:16 P. M.	113¾
11 A. M.	114	4 P. M.	113¾
11:59 A. M.	114¾	4:45 P. M.	113¾
12 M.	114	5 P. M.	113¾
1 P. M.	113¾	5:30 P. M.	133¾ a 113¾

Holders of gold paid three to seven per cent on extreme quotations to have their balances carried. The average business was at five to five and a half per cent. The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank were as follows:—

Gold cleared	$96,222,000
Gold balances	1,652,323
Currency balances	1,940,447

FOREIGN EXCHANGE ADVANCED.

The speculative movement in the foreign exchange market was still more evident to-day in a sudden advance of a quarter per cent in rates for sterling. These quotations were maintained in the business for to-morrow's steamer, but the market closed weak at the advanced quotations, the range of which is shown in the following table:—Sterling, sixty days, commercial, 108¾ a 108⅞; good to prime bankers', 109 a 109¼; short sight, 109⅝ a 109⅞; Paris, sixty days, 5.21¼ a 5.17½; short sight, 5.16¼ a 5.15; Antwerp, 5.21¼ a 5.17½; Switzerland, 5.21¼ a 5.17½; Hamburg, 35½ a 35⅞; Amsterdam, 40½ a 40⅞; Frankfort, 40½ a 40⅞; Bremen, 77¾ a 78⅜; Prussian thalers, 70⅝ a 71⅛.

GOVERNMENTS IRREGULAR.

The higher range of the gold market induced a higher and moderately active market for the government list, the foreign bankers being purchasers on account of the better facilities for placing exchange, the advance in which and the higher price for gold left a margin of profit on shipments of bonds to Europe despite the lower quotation of five-twenties abroad to-day. The foreign markets were reported dull and lower. Their dullness is attributable to the fact that the present is Holy Week—a season observed with special ceremonies in Europe, the interval to Easter being almost a holiday. With the subsequent decline in gold to 113¾ the market yielded to the lowest point of the day, and closed steady with the following street quotations:—United States currency sixes, 111¾ a 111⅝; do., 1881, registered, 114 a 114½; do. do., coupon, 114¼ a 114½; do. five-twenties, registered, May and November, 107 a 107½; do., 1862, coupon, do., 111¼ a 111¾; do. do., 1864, do. do., 110¼ a 110⅝; do. do., 1865, do. do., 110¾ a 111; do. do., coupon, January and July, 109¾ a 109⅞; do. do., 1867, do. do., 109¾ a 109⅞; do. do., 1868, do. do., 109¾ a 110; do. ten-forties, registered, 106 a 106¼; do. do., coupon, 106¼ a 106¾.

STOCKS ACTIVE AND STRONG.

The gold movement has been much more successful in the stock market if, as suspected, such was really the objective field of its initiation. The whole share list was with few exceptions strongly active, particularly at and just after the early board, after which the market became dull, but closed strong, particularly for the Northwest stocks, which advanced to 74¾ for the common and 86 for the preferred. Rock Island was more active than usual of late and was suffered to decline to 115 to tempt in a "short" interest on which to base a "twist," as the stock is wholly cliqued. St. Paul was steady despite the official announcement of an increase of stock—a fact already fully discounted. Indeed the "ring" who run St. Paul bought the Western Union road simply to break St. Paul. The Western Union road is no more an adjunct of St. Paul than would be a road in the moon. The "ring" were secretly "short" of the stock, and sold it down from 68 (ex dividend) to 58. They now announce the extra issue of shares to induce the public to go short that they may cover their speculative sales and go "long" again. It was "ring" purchases which put St. Paul to 60 to-day despite the official announcement of a new issue of stock. New Jersey Central rose to 105 on the news that the directors had decided to register the stock at the Bank of Commerce. Wabash rose to 49¾ which induced realization and a reaction to 48¾. The Express shares were active in Adams. The miscellaneous list was strong in Pacific Mail.

THE HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES.

The extreme fluctuations in the leading speculative stocks are shown in the following table of the highest and lowest prices of the day:—

	Highest.	Lowest.
New York Cen. & Hud. consolidated	93¾	92¾
New York Central & Hudson scrip	90¼	89⅞
Harlem	143⅝	143
Erie	25¾	25
Reading	99½	99⅛
Lake Shore	87¾	87½
Wabash	49¾	48¾
Pittsburg	100⅞	100¼
Northwestern	74¾	73
Northwestern preferred	86	85¾
Rock Island	116½	115
Fort Wayne	93⅝	93¼
Milwaukee and St. Paul	60	59¼
Milwaukee and St. Paul preferred	73⅞	73¼
Ohio and Mississippi	29⅝	29¼
New Jersey Central	105	104
Boston, Hartford and Erie	4½	4
Western Union Telegraph	32⅞	32¼
Canton	68⅝	67
Quicksilver	10	9¾
Pacific Mail	37⅛	36⅞

THE NEW ISSUE OF ST. PAUL STOCK.

The following is the official notification of the new issue of St. Paul shares:—

MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY CO.,
NEW YORK, April 9, 1870.

WILLIAM H. NEILSON, Esq., President New York Stock Exchange:—

The New York Stock Exchange will please take notice that the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company intend to increase their preferred capital stock 1,760 shares and their common capital stock 1,760 shares—3,520 shares, or $352,000 in all—for the purchase of the railroad extending from Austin to the State line, now owned by the Minnesota Central Railway Company, a distance of eleven miles. This increase is made in pursuance of an act of the Legislature of Wisconsin, passed April, 1867, and of a vote of the shareholders at their annual meeting held June, 1867.

You will also please to take notice that the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company have agreed to purchase a majority interest in the capital stock of the Western Union Railroad Company, and for this purpose will increase their capital stock and issue 15,075 shares of their common stock. This increase is made in pursuance of an act of the Legislature of Wisconsin entitled: "An act to authorize the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company to own stock in or consolidate with the Western Union Railroad Company," approved March 9, 1870.

Respectfully your obedient servants, the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company, by

RUSSELL SAGE, Vice-President.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES DULL.

The only feature in the Southern market was an advance to 54 for the new Tennessees—a price not sustained in late dealings. The improved quotation for the new bonds seemed to induce sales of the old, the price of which touched 59 on the downward turn. The Louisianas were strong. Advices from Berlin report great speculative curiosity concerning the bonds of our Southern States. The final street prices were as follows:—Tennessee, ex coupon, 59 a 59½; do., new, 53¾ a 53⅞; do., five per cent, 45 a 47; Virginia, ex coupon, 70½ a 71; do., new, 69¾ a 70½; do. registered stock, 67½ a 68; do. do., 1869, 66 a 68; do. do., 1867, 61 a 63; Georgia sixes, 86 a 88; do. sevens, 92¾ a 93½; do. do., interest payable in Georgia, 87 a 90; North Carolina, ex coupon, 43½ a 46¾; do., new, 22¼ a 22½; Missouri sixes, 93 a 93½; do., Hannibal and St. Joseph, 93 a 94; Louisiana sixes, 75 a 76; do. sevens, 79 a 81; do. eights, 85 a 87; do. levee sixes, 76½ a 78; do. do. eights, 92½ a 93; Alabama, eights, 97 a 98; do. fives, 74 a 77; do. sixes, sterling, 85 a 90; South Carolina sixes, 87 a 90; do. new, 81 a 82; do. registered stock, 79 a 81; City Memphis sixes, 51 a 52; City Atlanta eights, 82 a 85; City Savannah sevens, 87 a 90; City New Orleans consols, 75 a 76; do. issued to railroads, 72 a 74; Mobile and Ohio sterling, 75 a 76; do. eights, 70 a 71; Mississippi Central, first mortgage, 76 a 78; do., second mortgage, 62 a 65; Memphis and Charleston, first mortgage, 87 a 88; do., second mortgage, 76 a 79; do

NEW YORK HERALD

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
PROPRIETOR.

Volume XXXV.....No. 102

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—JEW OF SOUTHWARK—SINGING, DANCING, &C.—LA JOCHESSE.

THE TAMMANY, Fourteenth street.—GRAND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

BOOTH'S THEATRE, 23d st., between 5th and 6th ave.—MACBETH.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway and 13th street.—MEN AND ACRES.

OLYMPIC THEATRE, Broadway.—NEW VERSION OF HAMLET.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE, Twenty-fourth st.—FROU FROU.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, corner of Eighth avenue and 23d st.—THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE, Broadway, corner Thirtieth st.—Matinee daily. Performance every evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN, Broadway.—PIPPIN; OR, THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES.

NEW YORK STADT THEATRE, Nos. 45 and 47 Bowery.—OPERA BUFFO—GRAND DUCHESS DE GEROLSTEIN.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, 201 Bowery.—COMIC VOCALISM, NEGRO MINSTRELSY, &C.

THEATRE COMIQUE, 514 Broadway.—COMIC VOCALISM, NEGRO ACTS, &C.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE, Tammany Building, 14th st.—BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS, 585 Broadway.—ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY, &C.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS, 729 Broadway.—CHING-CHOW-HI.

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE, Brooklyn.—HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS—MASKS AND FACES.

NEW YORK CIRCUS, Fourteenth street.—EQUESTRIAN AND GYMNASTIC PERFORMANCES, &C.

HIPPODROME PARISIEN, corner 3d av. and 64th st.—EQUESTRIAN FETES. Afternoon and evening.

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New York, Tuesday, April 12, 1870.

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4—The McFarland Trial: Continuation of Testimony for the Defence; Interviews and Conversation with Richardson; The "Luscious Woman" and the Intercepted Letter; McFarland Tempted with a Consulship and Ten Thousand a Year to Forego His Marital Rights: "Could Not Be Tempted by a Consulship to the Court of Heaven"—Continuation of the Examination of Teddy O'Ryan—Liquor Dealers in Council—Perry's Third Trial: Desperate Efforts of Prisoner's Counsel to Obtain Another Postponement—News from Japan—Brooklyn Intelligence.

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12—Advertisements.

"FROM GRAVE TO GAY"—The parties who went from the obsequies of General Thomas, in Troy, and attended the reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac in Philadelphia on Saturday.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT IN BROOKLYN.—Senator Revels, Henry Ward Beecher and the radical and colored element of our neighboring city had a grand jubilee in honor of the "day of jubilo" at the Academy last evening.

THE THIRD TRIAL OF EDWIN PERRY for the murder of Thomas Hayes, a night watchman in Brooklyn, was commenced yesterday. As the testimony will probably be the same as on the other trials, it is merely a matter of juries, in which heretofore Perry, to say the least, has been exceedingly lucky.

A SHREWD FINANCIER—The financier familiarly known as Dick Schell. He gave, for instance a nice breakfast at the Union Club House the other morning to the delegation from Congress, on their return trip *en route* to Washington from the funeral of General Thomas at Troy. And why this breakfast? Perhaps it was contrived by Schell to learn something about the Funding bill, and perhaps he did learn something. Anyhow, that breakfast was a good idea.

THE ENGLISH BUDGET OF NATIONAL FINANCE was presented to Parliament yesterday by the Chancellor of the Exchequer. In this important exhibit the Gladstone Ministry makes a creditable show. The revenue receipts of the fiscal year exceeded the estimates by £1,819,000. Taxes which press the most heavily on the masses of the people will be remitted and the "sinews of war" maintained for the Crown at the same time. This result will render the home policy of Mr. Gladstone on other important subjects more acceptable to the millions. John Bull will become tractable on the Irish Church and land subjects under the influence of cheap soap, cheaper tea and plenty of newspapers.

The Situation in France—The New Government Experiment.

The Emperor's letter to Prime Minister Ollivier has, as we expected, given France a new sensation. France is again before the world as prominently as she has been any time this last half century, and France is, perhaps, more occupied with herself than she has been during the same period. No one in or out of France of any note has a thought for Prince Pierre Bonaparte or for Henri Rochefort, or, indeed, for any of the names so recently so prominent. Our minds are filled, not with thoughts of *coups d'état* or of centralization or of the one man form of government, but with thoughts of great changes, of large concessions, of peaceful revolutions, of mysterious self-abnegation and the probable results of the same. Fifteen, ten, even five years ago, who would have dreamed that Louis Napoleon, the worshipper, the historian, nay, the incarnation of Cæsarism, would one day by a single act proclaim that all his past had been a failure, that he had been wrong, and that, after all, Cæsarism was not for France? Has Napoleon done all this? Some say he has. Some say he has not. In any case it must be admitted that the reform which the Emperor has initiated is a big sensation for France and the world generally.

Our news from day to day shows that in the Senate, in the Corps Législatif, and, indeed, among all ranks and classes of the French people, the proposed experiment of the Emperor is occupying men's minds to the exclusion of almost every other subject. It is so novel, so unexpected and so revolutionary that it is not much to be wondered at that the country should be divided between those who think it an imperial dodge and those who think it an imperial blessing. We are not of those who think that there is any insincerity in the Emperor's conduct or that there is any mischief in his designs. His language to Ollivier is plain and frank in the extreme. "Lay before me a *Senatus Consultum*," he says, "which shall firmly fix the fundamental dispositions derived from the *plebiscite* of 1852, and which shall divide the legislative power between the two chambers and restore to the nation that portion of constitutional power which it had delegated to me." In such terms he resigns the mighty power which he has wielded for eighteen years. His resignation is not more frank than his reasons for so doing are clear. The constitution of 1852 "had above all things to provide the government with the means of establishing authority and order. Now that successive changes have gradually created a constitutional system in harmony with the basis of the *plebiscite*, it is important to replace all that refers to the preservation of legislative order within the domain of law." Therefore it is that "that grand body which contains so many brilliant men" is invited to lend an "efficacious concurrence" to the new order of things. We may question the wisdom of the course which the Emperor has resolved to follow; but we cannot discover in his language any evidence of insincerity or any indication of a dark after-purpose. The Emperor resigns his share of the constituent power; and if his expressed wishes are carried out the Senate will become a House of Life Peers, the legislative body will have the right, not only to discuss, but, in co-operation with the Senate, to change, the constitution, and the empire will be transformed into a parliamentary monarchy. The Emperor's programme carried out, he will be less powerful than his Prime Minister, nor will anything short of a *coup d'état* restore to him the power which he has voluntarily resigned.

At the same time, taking into consideration the peculiar condition of France, the past policy of the Emperor and the strange materials on which he has to depend for the carrying out of his reforms, it is not easy to regard the present movement in any other light than that of an experiment which may or may not be a success. It is not our opinion that much difficulty will be experienced by the Emperor at the hands of the Senate; for, of all legislative bodies, the French upper chamber, since the days of the Council of the Ancients, downward, has been at once the least active and the most obsequious. In the meantime the Senate is a body of the Emperor's own creation; there is, therefore, but little likelihood that it will oppose his plans. The real difficulty in the case is the reconciliation of the empire with universal suffrage and with paid deputies. From the moment that the new constitution becomes law the lower house in the French Parliament will be all-powerful. The young blood of France—those who are swift with the pen and glib of tongue—will rush into it. Intellectually France will and a new life, and the new life will develop itself in the Corps Législatif. It will be a necessity for the Prime Minister to belong to that body. No House of Lords, as in England, staid, sober, interested; no Senate, fired with ambition and patriotism, as in the United States, will check the ardor of the young democracy of France. Still, whatever the result, no one can deny that Frenchmen, if they can, have a perfect right to govern themselves, and that the Emperor has done well in yielding up to France what France originally gave him. We await the action of the Corps Législatif on the *Senatus Consultum* and the Emperor's proclamation with some interest. The immediate future is big with the fate of Napoleon and of France.

BOO-HOO!—The Atlantic cable conveys the startling news that a leading London newspaper urges the British government to despatch immediately a frigate to the fisheries near the North American colonies for the purpose of watching the American man-of-war ordered there. Of course this is intended to frighten the Yankees. We doubt if it will have that effect. By a little aid from our government the American fishermen would be able to take possession of the fisheries, and, if necessary, to annex the colonies, the frigate and all that Great Britain claims in that part of the American Continent. John Bull would be wise to keep his frigate at home if he wants peace and to hold on to his North American possessions.

THE RISE IN GOLD.—Another speculative combination seems to have been organized among the Wall street gamblers to put up the price of gold. The whole sentiment of the country and the policy of the government are against any new disturbance of values, and the clique will find it a difficult undertaking to "bull" gold in the face of such obstacles.

Religion and the Rich.

We believe it a fortunate thing that there are no sects in heaven. A witty lecturer once pictured a Methodist preacher standing on one of the battlements of the celestial abode arguing doctrinal points with a sturdy Presbyterian standing on another battlement. The idea of such a discussion, in such a place, is irresistibly comical; but, unfortunately, there are good grounds for it. If we ignore or regret the picture, it must be admitted that, supposing there are sects in the home beyond the grave, heaven must be a somewhat lugubrious place, although certainly not dull.

But all religious denominations are united in declaring that in the divine land there are no sects, and how, in the face of this belief, they can insist upon theirs being the only true mode of worshipping God passes our comprehension. Matters of ceremony and mode of worship do not, however, comprise the only differences. The ideas promulgated are so opposed, the one to the other, that people are rather puzzled to know what is right and what is wrong. Not long ago we had Mr. Beecher declaring that it was proper to amass wealth; yesterday Mr. Hepworth discoursed so as to leave the impression that the possession of much money was the cause of much irreligion. We think that he colored his picture too highly. If "a poor man, paying honestly his small rent," is "without respect," then must the clergymen of our churches be directly responsible for his contemptuous treatment. Is Mr. Hepworth prepared to admit that his influence over his congregation is next to nothing? Why is wealth the idol before which all bow down and worship, while worthy poverty is ignominiously thrust aside? Perhaps the question will be sufficiently answered by referring to the fact that clergymen have a weakness for brown stone front houses not less than secular mortals.

On the whole it is our opinion that the rich are neither so selfish nor so influential as Mr. Hepworth would have us believe. At the same time we admit the force of his argument against an absorbing greed of gain. It is not, however, that men desire to amass riches so much as that they aim to possess enough money to spend freely. And the temptation to spend as the evil one dictates, the indulgence in frivolities which occupy the mind to the neglect of God, and the gradual extinction of religious sentiment which so frequently follows a life of luxury, are the great dangers which beset them. Wealth is by no means inconsistent with Christianity. Indeed, without it many souls would have been lost which have been saved. There is hardly a religious mission which is not mainly supported by the wealthy. True, it was different in the early ages. St. Patrick received no salary for converting the heathen Irish, and we do not remember reading that, at an earlier period, St. Paul was supported by a board of missions. But times have changed since the Christian Fathers spread the truths of the Gospel throughout the world. A Christian hotel keeper exacts pay for the bed and board furnished the missionary, which the pagan gave gratis, and, to do them justice, the wealthy contribute their quota towards defraying expenses.

There is no more favorite subject than that of money, its use and abuse, with our clergymen, excepting the prolific topic of the Papacy. And it is noteworthy that those who declaim most against riches are the very ministers whose congregations comprise the wealth of the country. Are we to conclude from this that they speak by authority? Are their sermons founded on personal experience with their flocks? If they be, then we have nothing more to say. We can only lament widespread infidelity in high places, and pray, for the sake of Christianity, that there may be many more cases in the bankrupt courts than there now are.

CHARGES WHICH SHOULD NOT HAVE BEEN MADE.—We understand that the remains of General Thomas, over all the roads from San Francisco to Buffalo, were brought, not only free of charge, but with special honors from the several railway companies along the line, in view of the great services and glorious name of the dead hero; but we further understand that from Buffalo to Albany those honored remains were charged by the railroad company as for so much freight, and the attendants as so many everyday passengers. The same rule, it is said, was applied to General Grant and his official attendants for their fare over the Hudson River road, *en route* to the funeral at Troy. It strikes us that in both these cases a great mistake was made, and that a special train for the remains of General Thomas and the company attending them, over the Central road, and a special train from New York to Troy for the President and company, free of charge, would have been the proper thing, even as a stroke of business, and we say this from some practical experience in business affairs.

LOPEZ TURNED UP AGAIN.—That brave Paraguayan dictator, General Lopez, is irrepressible. According to Brazilian accounts he has been defeated, crushed or driven from the country twenty times. But he always turns up again. The news just received from South America, by way of Lisbon, shows that he is alive and active. The despatch says "President Lopez had suddenly turned upon and surprised his pursuers, winning quite a victory. It was thought at Rio Janeiro that this advantage would result in the indefinite prolongation of the war." The mendacious reports we have received generally about Lopez through Brazilian sources are like those Spanish despatches we receive from Havana relative to Cuban affairs—utterly unreliable and cooked up for effect abroad.

THE BRITISH BONDHOLDERS have entered fiercely into the war against Erie. They have commenced suit against Fisk and Gould in the United States Circuit Court, and demand that a receiver be appointed. The battle so fiercely begun does not appear, however, to frighten the bold Fisk. He seems rather to like it. It may be that he has already tired of the militia and proposes taking to law suits for amusement.

THE NEW REGIME.—The new city commissions organized yesterday. We publish elsewhere a full list of the additional appointments. Superintendent Kennedy's resignation has been accepted and Captain John Jourdan succeeds him.

Congress—Philanthropy in the Senate and a Sad Joke on the Democrats in the House.

The Senate yesterday fell into a philanthropic notion, and, being short of wards and beneficiaries since the passage of the fifteenth amendment, commenced legislating for the better treatment of the four-footed animals. It will make Mr. Bergh's heart leap with joy, no doubt, to hear that the great champion of the rights of man—by whom we mean Sumner—has turned his powerful hand in favor of the rights of quadrupeds. Yet such is the case, and his first effort at legislation in that direction yesterday—a motion in reference to the more comfortable transportation of cattle—proved a success. Another instance of the philanthropic spirit of the Senate was evinced in an attempt to give land to the Northern Pacific railroads—a species of philanthropy which is so much of a jobbing character that we cannot commend it. It appears from Mr. Thurman's statement that four hundred million acres of the public lands are liable to be given away by the bills now pending before the Senate. If this is the case we may in a few years find ourselves entirely deprived of our landed property. The whole West could be easily disposed of if we give away this much almost without knowing it, and in time we will have no cheap lands to tempt foreign immigration or to form separate States.

The House seldom fails to get up something racy or amusing. The democrats, who are in too great a minority to think of serious business, usually take a leading part in these comedies, and thus enliven the dulness of their official existence. Butler generally conducts the ceremonies on the other side; but yesterday he was left entirely out of the play, although his friend "Shoo, fly" Cox, who sadly missed him, bore a leading part, and asked for a little minstrelsy from the longed-for Butler. It happened that the negroes asked for the use of the hall to celebrate the fifteenth amendment in, and a committee of the House was appointed to make arrangements to participate in the jollification with the negroes. On this committee the Speaker solemnly placed Cox and Eldridge. Both of them declined to serve, Cox saying he liked the niggers pretty well but he did not like some white men in the arrangement, and Eldridge giving no better reason than that he did not consider it a Congressional duty. The House, however, declined to accept their excuses, and thus the whole democratic party, in the persons of these two representative democrats, had the fifteenth amendment and the "nigger" himself rubbed into them. The full committee immediately on appointment went off and *met the* "whole boundless continent" of Africa so far as Washington could represent it in a committee room, where the whole matter was settled. In the meantime the House, for some reason or other, rescinded the resolution altogether, even while the committee was at work, and thus left the unconscious Eldridge and Cox being dosed involuntarily with the essence of negro equality, while they might just as conscientiously have been enjoying their rose-tinted white democracy in the exclusive halls of the House. It was worse than Butler's "Shoo, fly," on Cox and made Eldridge awfully mad.

THE WORK OF THE NEW DOMINION.—Canada is unduly excited over the prospects of a Fenian raid, and has more volunteers and regulars under arms. In the meantime Riel's delegates, Scott and Richart, are on their way along our northern frontier to Ottawa, and such indignation is expressed in Canada at the murder of Scott by the Fort Garry insurgents that the government has been called upon not to receive them, while a brother of the murdered man has charged them before a police magistrate with being accomplices in the killing. In the Nova Scotia Assembly numerous petitions were read asking for release from the Confederation, and a debate ensued in which the tariff policy of the New Dominion and an American market for Nova Scotia were urged. For all these evils there is one remedy, and that is annexation. Can we present a stronger argument than simply to present these facts as they reach us?

THE TIARA AND THE LAY CROWNS.—The Papal infallibility question is approaching an issue rapidly. French and English advices by the cable state that the Council in Rome will adopt the dogma of infallibility by acclamation on Easter Monday. To Roman Catholic churchmen it will be a very proper occasion indeed for such a work—the resurrection of the tiara. To the lay crowns of Europe it will be a serious, most eventful, moment. We are not surprised, therefore, to hear that the representatives of the different thrones now serving in Rome have resolved not to be present at the public session of the Council on that day. Can the keys and sword be reconciled as in the time of Peter? We shall soon see. The issue is quite momentous.

THE LAWYERS AT THE CHARTER.—One of the evening journals has made a discovery in the constitution which leads to what it calls "a nice question for the courts" as to the ineligibility of some of the Mayor's appointees under the new Charter. The State constitution forbids members of the Legislature receiving "any civil appointment within this State or to the Senate of the United States" at the hands of "the Governor, the Governor and Senate or the Legislature." Therefore it argues that members of the Legislature cannot be appointed to office by the Mayor.

THE REV. HORACE COOKE resigned his ministry in the Methodist Church yesterday, and the New York East Conference, now in session, accepted it at once and without much debate, in order to disappoint the crowd that was assembled to hear all the scandal. That Conference shows a spirit of charity that ought to be an example to Christians generally. "It covereth a multitude of sins."

PARTISAN MEANNESS.—The latest specimen of partisan meanness was that exhibited by twenty-one democrats in Ohio who voted against a resolution of respect to the memory of the late General George H. Thomas. But this was not much worse than the hissing at the dinner of the Society of the Army of the Potomac in Philadelphia at the mention of the name of General McClellan.

The Great Baltic Ship Canal.

Another of the imposing projects for the benefit of commerce which have so remarkably distinguished our day and generation has just been revived. In 1860 the Danish statistical writer, Hansen, demonstrated, in a very able and convincing pamphlet, the pressing necessity of a direct passage for trading vessels from the Baltic Sea to the German Ocean. His facts and figures made a decided impression on the Danish government, and measures were initiated to survey and open the route of the proposed canal, but the increasing difficulties of the Schleswig-Holstein question intervened to prevent a further prosecution of the enterprise. Mr. Hansen gave a mass of valuable statistics and among them the official reports of the commerce passing through the Sound and the Eider until the year 1856. But subsequently the abrogation of the old Danish control of the Sound tolls at Elsinore rendered exact data impracticable. However, experts estimate the number of craft, great and small, passing annually between the Baltic and the North Sea at fully forty thousand, as we learn by the German and Danish commercial papers. The *Berlingske Tidende* of Copenhagen puts the computation still higher, and Hansen gives the list of vessels cast away on the Jutland coast in 1859 at one hundred and seventeen, of which seventy-three were totally lost. Moreover, these casualties occur at all seasons of the year, and the navigation of the Belts and the Sound, involving the passage around the Skaw or northernmost spit of Jutland is regarded as so dangerous that the insurance rates in England for vessels bound to the Baltic ports are much higher than for Hamburg.

With these facts in view the Boards of Trade of the Baltic and North Sea maritime cities have conjointly invited the attention of the Prussian government to the subject, which had already been so prominent at Berlin that the Austrian Cabinet, then considered to be in joint occupancy of the duchies, were consulted about it as early as 1866. The matter is, therefore, likely to come into the foreground again at once, and will work a revolution in the whole northeastern maritime trade of Europe. The line of the canal that seems to win most favor is from the flourishing port of Kiel directly across to Tonningen, at the head of the inlet of the Eider, on the North Sea side. It will have the important town of Rendsburg for a half-way station, and thus attract the trade of both Schleswig and Holstein, which partly concentres there. The distance will be less than seventy miles, the construction through a level country comparatively easy, and the first cost of the work not above twenty-three millions of dollars—a sum which the saving in time, risk, &c., would reimburse fully within the first ten, perhaps in the first five years. The subject is a most suggestive one, and we have merely to consider for a moment the value of the immense trade that pours from England, Scandinavia, Russia, Northern Germany, Holland, Belgium and the Hanseatic cities upon those historic water highways that stretch between the British Channel and the Gulf of Finland in order to see how important to the common progress of mankind is this new enterprise. A score of ancient maritime cities and half a dozen trading nations are directly interested in its completion.

AN OMINOUS DEMOCRATIC BREAK.—There was an election the other day in the Tenth Ohio district to fill a vacancy in Congress. The district at the last preceding election gave some nine hundred democratic majority; but in this last election the republican candidate was chosen by two thousand seven hundred majority. How? The democratic delegation from Williams county insisted, in the district party convention, on a resolution flatly repudiating the bonded national debt; and the resolution being lost by one or two votes the Williams county democracy refused to support their party candidate, and hence the heavy and unexpected majority for the republican. And what does this signify? It signifies that there is a repudiation faction in the democratic camp which has resolved to make repudiation hereafter a plank in the party platform or to bolt against the party nominations. A very ominous movement this; for it will probably result, first, in breaking up the democracy, and next, in reuniting them on the platform of repudiation.

A FRENCH ELECTORAL TWO TO ONE.—M. Ulric de Fonvielle, who escaped from being shot by Prince Pierre Bonaparte at the moment when Victor Noir met his death, has been a candidate for a seat in the French Legislature for the city of Lyons. He opposed M. Mangini, the nominee of the Left Centre. M. Mangini obtained 15,348 votes and M. de Fonvielle 7,827—a radical defeat by about two to one. M. de Fonvielle did very well, however, on the old Irish issue of. "I'm the man who didn't get kill."

CABINET RUMORS.—We have rumors from Washington that some changes in the Cabinet, including Attorney General Hoar and Secretary Fish, are impending; we have rumors that no changes are thought of for the present, and that none are likely to occur. We cannot tell which of these rumors are true; but we do most truly believe that the time has come when a reconstruction of the Cabinet, embracing two or three, or even half a dozen, of the members, would be very acceptable to the country, and simply upon the principle that when the government seems to be doing nothing when there is so much to do anything would be acceptable as a change.

THE NEW CITY GOVERNMENT appears to give very general satisfaction. The great body of the democrats are satisfied with it, so far the republicans are satisfied, the people generally are satisfied, and only the unfortunate leaders of the defeated faction are dissatisfied with the situation of things and the prospect before them. It is believed, however, that the machine can be run without them; but we shall see.

APRIL SHOWERS.—This year they seem to have been enlarged to regular nor'easters of one, two or three days' duration; but they will probably operate in preparing the fields, woods and gardens for an extra quantity and a superior quality of May flowers. Moreover, abundant spring rains lay a good foundation for abundant summer harvests, and so let them come.

Official Spanish News from Cuba.

We publish to-day a sensation despatch from Havana. It is characteristic in the highest degree. The news furnished speaks in the most eulogistic terms of the Spaniards. The Spanish troops fought nobly. Immense numbers of the rebels are reported to have been captured; vast quantities are also said to have given themselves up trustingly to the well known clemency of the Spaniards; nearly all the prominent insurgent leaders have voluntarily surrendered; General Jordan has left the country; Cespedes is preparing to follow his example; dissensions have broken out among the insurgents and the greatest anarchy and confusion prevail. The foregoing are some of the most prominent points of the latest telegram received from Puerto Principe in Havana, and from the latter city forwarded here. It may, we are told, be "justly regarded as official." We are well aware of the capabilities of the Spaniards to magnify molehills to the proportions of mountains, but in this instance we think they protest too much. It fairly takes away our breath. From time to time during the present revolution in Cuba we have heard glowing accounts of Spanish victories which subsequently proved ignominious failures. The names of nearly a dozen Spanish generals might be mentioned whose wordy proclamations nearly frightened the isle from its propriety in descriptive particulars of what they were going to accomplish, and yet they accomplished nothing and for their pains were rewarded by being removed from their commands. General Puello is the latest example. It is well known that grievous dissensions exist among the Spanish leaders. Valmaseda is ambitious to fill De Rodas' place. The Captain General recognizes the necessities of his situation and wants to make a show. The winter campaign has turned out a failure. Something must be done to counteract its effects. The Captain General knows this and possibly adopts this mode of buoying up the drooping spirits of those in the island who yet desire to perpetuate Spanish power in the "Gem of the Antilles."

A NEW "YANKEE NOTION."—A disease called the "clam cholera" has made its appearance with fatal effect in Connecticut. The matter is very properly to be officially investigated. The result of the examination may prove interesting and important to our new Board of Health. The "clam question" would prove a very curious element in some municipal campaign.

A SMALL POTATO TREATY—General Butler's proposed reciprocity treaty with Prince Edward Island, the exports of which are principally small potatoes.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Prominent Arrivals in This City Yesterday.

General Humphries, General Parke and Colonel Crosby, of the United States Army, are at the Hoffman House.

General Sheridan and General Forsyth, of the United States Army; Colonel J. B. Eades and J. H. Brittain, of St. Louis; Judge Scoville of Buffalo; General L. T. Smith, of Kansas; E. M. Dennie and A. A. Ramsay, of Boston; Judge Nelson, of Poughkeepsie; Samuel Bates, of Boston, and General Burnside, of Rhode Island, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

S. T. Cozzens, of West Point, and J. J. Fellows, of St. Johns, N. B., are at the Everett House.

Colonel J. G. Callahan, of Wisconsin; Professor W. Sharp, of Danbury, and Professor Risely, of Washington, are at the St. Charles Hotel.

Professor Basseler, of Paris; J. D. Sturtevant, of Boston, and Captain Alexander Wilson, of the British Army, are at the St. Elmo Hotel.

Colonel E. Lee and Dr. E. L. Sweet, of Chicago; Judge J. Somerville, of Illinois; Judge B. Thackery, of Philadelphia; Captain S. B. Thomson, of Boston, and M. E. Parrott, of New York, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

General H. J. Hunt, of the United States Army; General G. R. R. Wilson, Secretary G. S. Boutwell, F. M. Boutwell, James M. Carlile, and C. E. Cook, of Washington; Colonel W. H. Schock, of Baltimore; Colonel T. A. Tomlinson, of Keyseville; Governor H. Austin, of Minnesota; H. A. Maury and R. A. Maury, of Virginia, and Senator Thayer, of Nebraska, are at the Astor House.

General Jackson, of Savannah, Ga.; E. Kelsey, of Toledo; General Webb, of Cleveland, and W. Billaud, of New Orleans, are at the Coleman House.

Prominent Departures.

General Martindale, for Rochester; Colonel Bradley, for Syracuse; S. H. Hammond, for Albany; Senator Wilson, General Logan, Senator Trumbull, General Starring, Senator Fenton and Sergeant-at-Arms Ordway, for Washington; C. O. Chapin, for Springfield; Cadet Sim. Leland and Cadet Fred. Leland, for Wooster, Mass.; Colonel R. McCarty, for Syracuse; Dr. Haigis, for Texas; Colonel E. K. Moses and Major Noah, for Charleston, S. C.

SPECIAL POLITICAL NOTES.

A fat man's ticket was "tried" in Ohio lately, but it fizzled out.

The colored Senator Revel is bound to become immortalized. The following is one of the latest epigrams about him:—

Revel, but lately born to fame,
He is his race's great retriever,
Reverse the letters in his name
And 'gainst oppression he's the lever.

J. H. Lowry, of Todd, is announced as the republican candidate for Congress from the Third Kentucky district. The Louisville *Commercial* suggests that his friends give a "strong pull and a pull altogether" for old Todd. The invitation is scarcely necessary, for it is very rarely you see a true Kentuckian—a real Bourbon—who is not ready to take a pull at his "tod."

The German and negro voters are having a rough-and-tumble fight of it in Cincinnati, growing out of the Bible question. The negroes go for the Bible in schools; the Germans oppose its introduction.

T. A. R. Nelson is a candidate for the Supreme bench in Tennessee. The Knoxville *Whig* intends to stick to him.

OBITUARY.

Edward J. Kuntze.

This well-known sculptor died on Sunday evening last at his residence in this city, after a few days' illness. He was born in Germany in 1825, but came to this country many years ago. As an artist he possessed considerable ability, and had won reputation in his profession. Besides many statuettes and portraits of prominent men Mr. Kuntze executed a number of works which have been favorably received by the press and public. His life size "Statue of Psyche," "Puck on his War Horse" and numerous other works bear the impress of true genius. Mr. Kuntze was a member of the Century Club and an associate of the National Academy of Design. He was much esteemed by all who knew him, and especially by his brother artists, who yesterday held a meeting and adopted resolutions of regret at his death. The cause of his death was inflammation of the lungs. The funeral will take place this day at two o'clock in the afternoon, from the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Mrs. Eliza V. Porter.

The death is announced of this lady, at an advanced age. She was a native of this city and was descended from one of our oldest Knickerbocker families—the Vredenburghs. Mrs. Porter was the wife of the late Mr. James Porter, member of Congress from this State in 1817-19, and subsequently Register of the Court of Chancery at Albany, which office he held at the time of his death. His widow was a most estimable lady, whose many accomplishments and amiable traits of character had gained for her a large circle of warm friends, upon whom her taking away from their midst has cast a deep gloom.

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS
FROM
ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Papal Infallibility and the Old World Lay Crowns.

The Ecumenical Council About to Proclaim Infallibility Unanimously.

The French Cabinet Crisis and Rumors of the Ministry.

The English Budget Presented by the Gladstone Ministry.

THE PARAGUAYAN WAR.

The Allies Surprised and Defeated by Lopez.

Spanish Reports of Victories in Cuba.

Another Fenian Raid Anticipated on the Canadian Border.

ROME.

The Council and Infallibility—Church and State.

LONDON, April 11, 1870.

The *Memorial Diplomatique* of Paris is assured that it is the intention of the Ecumenical Council to adopt the dogma of Papal infallibility by acclamation on Easter Monday, and that the representatives of the foreign Powers in Rome have resolved not to be present at the public session of that day.

FRANCE.

The Cabinet Crisis—Ministerial Changes Not Fully Developed.

PARIS, April 11—Noon.

It is probable that Count Daru will resign the Foreign Office.

While it is true that changes are imminent in the Ministry, and rumor has associated the names of several gentlemen with positions in the new Cabinet, up to this hour but one withdrawal has actually occurred—that of M. Buffet, of the Bureau of Finance.

What is Said of the Succession.

PARIS, April 11, 1870.

The resignation of Count Daru is imminent. Should he withdraw other ministers will follow him.

The report gains credence that the Emperor is acting under the influence of M. Rouher.

Ministerial Control on the "One Man" Power?

LONDON, April 11, 1870.

A despatch from Paris states that the Ministerial crisis is due to the objections of a portion of the Cabinet to the continuance of the plebiscitary power in the hands of the Executive.

The Cabinet Question in Parliament.

PARIS, April 11, 1870.

In the Corps Législatif to-day Jules Favre expressed regret at the resignation of M. Buffet, who, he said, had shown a disposition to stand up for the prerogatives of the Chamber, and who was a defender of order and liberty.

M. Segris, replying to M. Favre, described him as a "defender of the republic, but an adversary of liberty."

This produced much excitement, and called forth exclamations from all sides.

M. Ollivier addressed the Chamber, and while reviewing the events of the past week was interrupted with cries of "You made promises!" In the course of his speech he expressed the opinion that one day would be sufficient for taking the vote of the nation on the *plebiscitum*.

The Emperor held a review of troops at the Place du Carrousel to-day.

Order Maintained in Paris.

PARIS, April 11, 1870.

Unusual precautions were taken by the police yesterday to guard against the threatened disorders, but the city was as quiet as usual.

Radical "Reds" Effort at the Polls.

LYONS, April 11, 1870.

M. Mangini has been elected Deputy to the Corps Législatif from Lyons, over Ulric de Fonvielle.

The friends of the latter made extraordinary efforts to secure his election; but the vote stood 15,348 for Mangini and 7,827 for Fonvielle.

M. Mangini was the candidate of the left centre.

The Trade Strike in Paris.

PARIS, April 11, 1870.

The workmen of the immense manufactory of M. Cail, in this city, have struck work.

The Turf—Vincennes Meeting.

PARIS, April 11, 1870.

At the Vincennes races yesterday Fine Champagne won the Polygone stake, Persana took the prize of of Paris, Mon Amie the prize of Joinville and Jenny the prize of Dumesnil.

SPAIN.

The Duke de Montpensier for Trial.

MADRID, April 11, 1870.

It is announced that the trial of the Duke de Montpensier for killing Prince Henri de Bourbon in the recent duel will begin to-morrow.

The Police and the Revolutionists.

MADRID, April 11, 1870.

A large number of arrests have been made in Barcelona since the revolt, and the police are actively hunting up all the prominent actors in the affair. A council of war is now in session there.

IRELAND.

An American Trouble Nearly Ended.

CORK, April 11, 1870.

The Court is about to discharge Phillips, who was recently arrested here as an alleged embezzler of federal bonds, because the American depositions are not forthcoming.

SCOTLAND.

Fatal Mining Disaster.

EDINBURG, April 11, 1870.

The wood work in both shafts of the Bathgate Colliery took fire to-day while the miners were at work.

Seven men were suffocated and forty-nine have been rescued.

RUSSIA.

The Chinese Ambassadors Preparing for Pekin.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 11, 1870.

The members of the Chinese diplomatic (Burlingame) mission will take their departure from the Russian capital during the present week and proceed on their journey homeward to Pekin.

VIRGINIA.

The Richmond Mayoralty Imbroglio.

RICHMOND, April 11, 1870.

The two Mayors of this city had a compromise to-day, and agreed, in view of the long delay before Chief Justice Chase can hear their case, to submit it, with the consent of the Chief Justice, to the Virginia Court of Appeals, which meets to-morrow.

ENGLAND.

The Chancellor's Budget—Financial Exhibit of the Nation.

LONDON, April 11, 1870.

The House of Commons had a special sitting to-day, when Mr. Lowe, Chancellor of the Exchequer, submitted the annual budget.

Mr. Lowe makes a most satisfactory exhibit of the financial condition of the government. His budget shows that the total amount of revenue received from all sources during the last fiscal year ending March 31, 1870, was £75,324,000, and exceeded the estimate made early in the year by £1,819,000. Of the total receipts the customs produced £21,529,000, against £21,650,000 estimated. Excise, £21,763,000, against £20,900,000, estimated; stamps, £9,248,000, against £8,550,000, estimated; taxes, £4,500,000, the amount estimated, and income tax, £10,044,000, against £9,360,000 estimated. The new method of collecting taxes yielded £1,134,000 more than was anticipated.

The total amount of the expenditures for the last fiscal year was £67,564,000, against an estimate of £68,408,000. The estimate for the payment of interest on the debt fell £350,000 short of the amount required. The expenses of the army and navy underran the estimates.

The surplus realized last year was $7,870,000, of which $4,300,000 have been expended in the payment of the debt resulting from the Abyssinian expedition.

The expenditures for the current fiscal year, ending March 31, 1871, are estimated by Mr. Lowe at £67,713,000, which he says falls £11,720,000 below the total amount of the grants for the past year.

Mr. Lowe said the budget proposed to abolish game licenses and impose a pound duty on firearms. This change is expected to result in doubling the revenue from this source, which amounted last year to £150,000. It is also proposed that savings bank stock be turned into terminable annuities. The malt tax is introduced, and beer is left tax free. Farmers are to be allowed to steep their own barley.

A decline in the revenue from sugar is noticed, also in the revenues on foreign liquors and wines. The increase of revenue on tobacco is £121,000, and on tea £55,000. Mr. Lowe remarked that a free breakfast was still impossible in view of the size of the debt. He was prepared to remit the tax on soap and paper makers, to equalize the duties on English and foreign bills, to abolish newspaper stamps, and to reduce newspaper postage to half a penny for six ounces. He suggests that the income tax be reduced to four pence, and sugar relieved of half the duty now imposed on it. These, with some minor remissions in favor of the agricultural interest mainly, will make a reduction in the surplus of £3,960,000.

Mr. Lowe closed his explanation of the budget, with a motion that the duty on sugar be reduced one-half.

Messrs. Baring and Crawford and others spoke briefly on the budget, taking different views.

Mr. White complained of the retention of any duty on sugar.

Mr. G. W. Hunt, former Chancellor of the Exchequer, congratulated Mr. Lowe on the fact that he had followed him in a happy time and under auspicious circumstances when the Abyssinian war was ended, and the expenditures for military and naval improvements were greatly reduced.

Mr. Smith, member from Stockport, eulogized the efforts of America to reduce her debt, and urged the imitation of her example.

General debate followed, in which Messrs. Read and Fowler, Lord Bury and Mr. Booth were the principal speakers.

Mr. Lowe replied briefly, and the Budget was passed.

After a brief discussion upon the question of the purity of elections, the House adjourned.

American Securities on 'Change.

LONDON, April 11, 1870.

Erie sixes have been admitted to the Stock Board here.

Thinking of Old Times—"Bob, Line and Sinker."

LONDON, April 11, 1870.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* urges the instant despatch of a British frigate to the North American fishing grounds to watch the United States war steamer on service there.

On With Reform.

LONDON, April 11, 1870.

The Edinburg *Scotsman* says Mr. Gladstone has received a letter signed by 200 members of the House of Commons, urging the adoption of the ballot.

The Policy Towards Ireland.

LONDON, April 11, 1870.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* censures Mr. Gladstone's shuffling policy on Irish matters, and predicts the defeat of the Irish Land bill, on account of the obscurity, complication and ambiguity of its provisions.

An American Banker Homeward.

LONDON, April 11, 1870.

Mr. J. S. Morgan left England in the Cunard steamship Russia, which sailed from Liverpool last Saturday for New York to visit his home in America.

The Turf—Betting on the Derby.

LONDON, April 11, 1870.

The favorite in the betting at present for the Derby and Two Thousand Guineas races is Lord Falmouth's Kingcraft. Macgregor, Sunshine, Sunlight, Camel and Astolf are also strongly backed to win.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The Paraguayan War—A Victory for Lopez.

LISBON, April 11, 1870.

Later advices from Paraguay state that President Lopez had suddenly turned upon and surprised his pursuers, winning quite a victory. It was thought at Rio Janeiro that this advantage would result in an indefinite prolongation of the war.

CUBA.

Spanish Reports—Great Accomplishments—The Revolution Again Ended—Cespedes Going to Leave—Jordan Nowhere—A Remarkable Despatch.

HAVANA, April 9, 1870.

A telegram from Captain General de Rodas, dated Puerto Principe, April 8, is published in the *Gaceta* to-day. He states that two columns of Spanish troops had returned without meeting the enemy. The forces were then provisioned for two months and sent to occupy Gaunac and Najaza.

Two men and one woman, spies, were caught. The men were executed and the woman was pardoned.

A great amount of important correspondence was captured and much property of the rebels destroyed.

The insurgents' advanced guard surrendered voluntarily. They report that Enrique, Agramonte, Francisco, Castillo, Gaspar, Betancourt, Diego, Aguero and an American named Magnet were the chief leaders of the insurgents, and some of them had embarked and fled from the country, after having fought among themselves.

Some of the insurgents had issued an order punishing with death whoever reads De Rodas' amnesty proclamation.

Cespedes intends to leave the country. He will be actively pursued.

Anarchy, panics and desertions prevail everywhere among the rebels. Some have raised the standard of revolt against Agramonte, owing to his tyrannical behavior. Yesterday the leaders of this revolt assassinated fourteen of their own men for the purpose of robbery.

This favorable news, which is justly regarded as official, has caused great rejoicing here.

THE REDSKINS.

Another Indian Murder in Wyoming.

CHEYENNE, Wyoming, April 11, 1870.

A party of five Indians this morning came to within half a mile of Sidney station and shot and dangerously wounded John Moran, a herder, who was tending stock. The citizens and soldiers drove the Indians away, but a large number were seen on the Bluffs all around the station. From the peculiar shape of the arrows scattered around it is thought they were Cheyennes.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Excitement in Montreal Over an Expected Fenian Raid—Troops Preparing to Repel the Invaders—Ice Moving in the St. Lawrence.

MONTREAL, April 11, 1870.

The First cavalry regiment received orders on Saturday to hold themselves in readiness for active service. It is understood they will proceed either to St. Armand or to Huntingdon.

Volunteers have been called out all along the Eastern frontier and have been under arms since Saturday. Probably all the city corps will be ordered out at once.

The government received information on Thursday and Friday of the time appointed for a raid.

A general move of the ice took place yesterday, leaving the river nearly open in front of the city. The water rose suddenly and flooded Commission street and the lower part of Griffintown.

Excitement Along the Frontiers—4,000 Militia Called Out.

OTTAWA, April 11, 1870.

In addition to the troops already called out and billeted at their headquarters on the frontier, it was decided to-day to call out 4,000 men of the active militia in the Province of Quebec. These men will hold themselves in readiness and will probably be concentrated at Montreal. There is considerable excitement along the frontier in the counties of Chateauguay and Missisquoi, and if a raid takes place it is conjectured it will be at the same point at which it took place in 1866—between St. Armand and Freleighsburg. As a measure of precaution the government has called out the Mooretown Volunteer company, near Sarnia, to do duty as mounted infantry only along the Detroit river, below Sarnia.

Indignation Meetings Over the Killing of Scott by the Red River Insurgents—Proposal to Arrest the Delegates from Fort Garry.

TORONTO, April 11, 1870.

Meetings are being held in almost every city and town of Ontario, for the purpose of expressing indignation at the murder of Scott at Fort Garry, and calling upon the government not to receive Riel's delegates, now on their way to Ottawa. Thomas Scott, of this city, has laid information before the police magistrate, charging Father Richat and Riel with being accessories to the murder of his brother.

It is understood the delegates have determined not to pass through Ontario by the most direct route, but proceed from Detroit to Ogdensburg and thence to Ottawa, thus avoiding arrest.

Resolutions in the Nova Scotia Legislature Asking to be Released from the Canadian Confederacy—Necessity for Reciprocity With the United States.

HALIFAX, April 11, 1870.

In the Legislative Assembly to-day Mr. Landers, of Annapolis, and Mr. Kidson, of Victoria, presented numerously signed petitions praying that steps be taken to ask the British government to release from the Confederation or absolve Nova Scotia from allegiance.

Mr. Dickie moved his resolutions against the Dominion national policy, and urged the importance of an American market for Nova Scotia, and quoted statistics to show the decrease of trade since the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty, and declared that the people were dissatisfied with the confederation, and that unless reciprocity is effected the dissatisfaction will increase. He charged the Dominion with neglecting to make efforts for reciprocity. Now it proposed retaliation just as the United States Congress were about reducing the duty on Nova Scotia staples. The new tariff, he said, would take more from Nova Scotia than was given by the home government.

Attorney General Wilkins said this tariff added another to the many barriers Canada had raised against reciprocity.

Mr. Dickie again spoke, urging the disastrous effects of the duty on flour upon the vessels engaged in the American coal trade, as it would prevent them taking return cargo.

Mr. Desbrisay supported the resolutions, and especially condemned the flour duty.

Mr. Murray said a duty of fifty cents on coal was no protection, and would increase the quantity raised in Nova Scotia by the honorable member.

The debate was adjourned.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Registration of Negro Voters in California Acceded To—Fire in a Gold Mine—Treasure Shipments.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 11, 1870.

A number of the county clerks who refused to register negroes now make no objection. The Registry Clerk of this county declines to register them until the receipt of a certified copy of the fifteenth amendment.

Reports have been received here of a fire in Haywards mine, on Sutter creek, Amador county, in this State. No particulars have yet been received.

The shipments of treasure overland to New York the past week were $408,000, including $327,000 in coin.

ILLINOIS.

Chicago National Banks Contesting the Imposition of State Taxes—Meeting of the Fenian Congress.

CHICAGO, April 11, 1870.

The national banks of this city have employed counsel and will contest the assessment of their stock for State and county taxes, on the ground that they are unequal and excessive, being more than three times as large as other personal property.

The Fenian Congress assembled in this city to-day. About 100 delegates were present. The meetings were private.

AMUSEMENTS.

WOOD'S MUSEUM—THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.—A burlesque on Balfe's celebrated opera was produced at this house last night for the first time before a crowded audience, which, considering the inclement weather, evinced the popularity of Mr. Wood's blondes. The burlesque, as may be supposed, does not by any means follow the opera closely, but there are a few scenes from the latter in it. There is plenty of fun, dancing and comic songs in it, however, and what else is needed for a burlesque? The music is in shreds and patches, and bears and monkeys are introduced in the fair scene. Of all the characters in the cast Miss Ada Harland and Miss Emily Pitt bore off the palm by their vivacity and brilliancy. Miss Lizzie Wilmore is a clever little soubrette, but her sister Jennie has neither voice, comic humor nor the slightest quality to recommend her as a burlesque actress. Mr. Felix Rogers made a comic Devilshoof, only he should avoid Irish songs, which he sings with a Comanche dialect. Louis Meatayer made a hit as the Count, and the remaining blondes and brunettes were as fair and funny as might be expected. "The White Cat," one of the best burlesques of the season, is given at the matinées each day. The charming Rand Sisters are the principal attractions in it.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, April 11—5 P. M.—Consols closed at 93¾ for money and 93¾ for the account. American securities closed quiet. United States five-twenty bonds, 1862, 90¾; 1865, old, 90½; 1867, 88½; ten-forties, 86¾. Stocks quiet. Erie railway shares, 20¾; Illinois Centrals flat at 111¾; Atlantic and Great Western, 28.

PARIS BOURSE.—PARIS, April 11.—The Bourse closed dull. Rentes, 73f. 50c.

FRANKFORT BOURSE.—FRANKFORT, April 11.—United States five-twenty bonds closed excited, at 94½ for the issue of 1862.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, April 11—5 P. M.—The cotton market closed quiet and steady. Middling uplands, 11¼d.; middling Orleans, 11¼d. The sales of the day have been 12,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—HAVRE, April 11.—Cotton closed quiet both on spot and afloat.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, April 11—P. M.—Wheat, 7s. 9d. per central for No. 2 red Western.

LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, April 11—5 P. M.—Lard is buoyant and has advanced to 68s. 6d. per cwt.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, April 11—P. M.—Fine rosin, 13s. per cwt. Spirits petroleum, 1s. 1d. per gallon. Tallow, 44s. per cwt.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, April 11—5 P. M.—Tallow, 43s. per cwt.

PETROLEUM MARKET.—ANTWERP, April 11.—Petroleum closed flat at 52¼f. for standard white.

HAVANA WEELY MARKET.

HAVANA, April 9, 1870.

Sugar—Exports during the week from Havana and Matanzas, 53,000 boxes, of which 10,000 were for the United States, and 5,500 hhds.; stock in warehouse at Havana and Matanzas, 441,000 boxes and 21,000 hhds. Many estates have finished grinding. It is believed the present crop will be from fifteen to twenty per cent less than the last. The business was small, but prices were firm; holders demand an advance; Nos. 10 to 12, Dutch standard firm at 7½ a 8¼ reals per arroba; Nos. 15 to 20, 9 a 11½ reals; molasses sugar steady; Nos. 7 to 10, 7¼ a 7½ reals. Bacon active, at 19¾c. Coal oil active, 4½ reals per gallon. Flour steady at $9 75 a $10 50. Hams easier, 21¾c. for salted and 25c. for sugar cured. Lard steady at 19¾c. for kegs and 22½c. for tins. Lumber dull. Potatoes dull at $3. Box shooks firm at 10 a 11 reals. Empty hogsheads in demand at $3 75. Honey firm at 4½ a 5 reals. Freights dull; shippers refuse to charter, owing to the unsettled state of the market. There is a surplus of tonnage for all ports.

THE NEW REGIME.

Organization of the Executive Departments of the City Government.

FULL LIST OF APPOINTMENTS.

Resignation of Police Superintendent Kennedy—Captain Jourdan Appointed to Succeed Him.

THE ARMY OF OFFICE-SEEKERS.

The Boards of Health and Police Organized.

The formal inauguration of the principal officers of the city government yesterday made it a lively day among the politicians, who swarmed in immense numbers about all the city departments, as if there was to be a universal rotation among office-holders. The City Hall and New Court House were densely crowded by all classes, from the elegant democratic wirepuller down to the brawny street laborer, and streams of water, mud and tobacco juice flowed together into offensive pools upon the floors. The halls and corridors of the above mentioned buildings resounded with a babel of loud talking, swearing and laughter, and the private apartments of officials were besieged by applicants for positions with a pertinacity that almost

DROVE THE USHERS TO MADNESS.

There was a great deal of discussion of the merits of the great Tammany fight, which had resulted so disastrously to the Young Democracy, but the latter seemed to have lost all its friends, and was referred to very much in the same manner as people now talk of the Southern confederacy. Everybody was full of enthusiasm for "Big Six" and his colleagues, and there was not a voice to be heard in vindication of the slaughtered Tuscaroras whose scalps were so ruthlessly pulled off at Albany last week. So general has been the revulsion of sentiment among the late democratic factions that

A PEACE MEASURE

in the shape of a petition for the Council of Sachems of Tammany to reorganize the General Committee has been circulated in every ward of the city, and has already been signed by three-fifths of the committee. The petition is as follows:—

TO THE COUNCIL OF SACHEMS OF THE TAMMANY SOCIETY:—

Referring to the recent action of the Council of Sachems appointing a committee to consider the existing condition of the General Committee of Tammany Hall, the undersigned members of such General Committee do hereby invite and request, as a matter of party necessity, that the Council of Sachems, as they have repeatedly and wisely done on former occasions, will decide upon such course of reorganization of the General Committee as shall in their judgment secure union and harmony and a just representation to the democracy of this city, agreeing to abide in all respects by such decision as the Council shall make.

THE MAYOR'S OFFICE

yesterday was the centre of attraction to the democratic hosts, and the corridor leading thereto was packed with anxious aspirants to place from early office hours until late in the afternoon. Several officials of the executive departments called during the day and were sworn in, but beyond these formalities nothing of interest occurred.

THE CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE

was visited by a large number of gentlemen early in the forenoon, but the absence of the new Chamberlain, Mr. Bradley, and of Mr. Sweeny, both of whom left for Albany on the morning train, becoming known the aristocratic halls of finance were left to peace and quiet. Mr. Bradley was sworn into office before his departure, and will return to New York to enter upon his duties towards the last of the week. It is understood that there will be no changes in the clerical force of his office.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Mr. Tweed having been sworn in on Friday night he was in attendance at the Department of Public Works, No. 237 Broadway, at an early hour and despatched business with a celerity which showed how familiar he was with the duties of his new office.

A CURIOUS INCIDENT ATTENDING

the administering of his official oath is worthy of notice. There were present at the time both the old and the new Chamberlain, and the Bible, which was lying open on the Mayor's table, was accidentally discovered to be opened at the Book of Esther, and the following verses were wonderfully appropriate for the occasion. In the seventh chapter, ninth and tenth verses, it is stated:—"And Harbonah, one of the chamberlains, said before the King: Behold, also, the gallows, fifty cubits high, which Haman had made for Mordecai, who had spoken good for the king, standeth in the house of Haman. Then the king said: Hang him thereon. So they hanged Haman on the gallows that he had prepared for Mordecai. Then was the king's wrath pacified." If for Harbonah Sweeny is read, and for Mordecai Tweed, and for Haman McLean, and for the king Mayor Hall the parallelism of the passage will be complete.

THE NEW DEPARTMENT OFFICERS

were appointed by Mr. Tweed during the day, and are as follows:—

William E. King, Deputy Commissioner, vice John A. Rodgers.
R. H. Clifford, Chief Clerk, reappointed.
Charles T. McClenachen, First Bookkeeper, reappointed.
John Lyons, Second Bookkeeper, reappointed.
Otto Sackersdorf, Night Clerk, reappointed.
Ambrose S. Cassidy, Third Journal Clerk, reappointed.
Charles M. Clancey, Fifth Journal Clerk, vice F. J. O'Shaughnessy.
James Horsen, Messenger, reappointed.
Emile Bottiger, First Assistant Messenger, reappointed.
Jethro Thomas, Second Assistant Messenger, reappointed.
W. H. Cooke, Superintendent of Street Improvements, vice James Hayes.
M. W. Odell, Second Clerk to same, vice Charles Moore.
Victor Costello, Fourth Clerk to same, reappointed.
Edward A. Moore, Superintendent of Streets, vice Isaac Edwards.
J. J. Dimond, clerk to Superintendent, vice J. Kennedy.
William G. Bergen, Superintendent of Lamps and Gas, vice William H. Cherlock.
Stephen McCormick, clerk to Superintendent, reappointed.
J. J. Gumberton, Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies, vice H. A. Childs.
Thomas Quinn, Assistant Superintendent, reappointed.
Morgan Doheny, first clerk to Superintendent, reappointed.
J. C. Halberger, second clerk to Superintendent, vice Richard Clark.
Wilson Small, Deputy Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies, vice C. A. Deulke.
Theodore Fromect, first clerk to same, vice R. C. McGill.
Peter O'Keefe, third clerk to same, reappointed.
George W. Roome, Keeper of City Hall, reappointed.
Isaac Williams, Regulator of Public Clocks, reappointed.
Henry Acker, Superintendent of Incumbrances, reappointed.
Thomas Cassin, Inspector of Incumbrances, reappointed.
F. W. Dayton, Inspector of Sidewalks, reappointed.
T. C. Dunn, Inspector of Small Repairs, reappointed.
J. J. Jones, Inspector of Lamps, reappointed.
John McGoey, Inspector of Lamps, reappointed.

CROTON BUREAU.

Charles E. Cornell, Water Register, vice William H. McKinny.
Noah A. Childs, Water Purveyor, vice Hanford Horton.
Gilbert W. Ridge, Sewer Permit Clerk.
Francis J. Sigerson, Fourth Clerk to Water Register.

All the other officers of this bureau were reappointed temporarily.

Mr. Tweed left for Albany by the afternoon train.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

About eleven o'clock yesterday Mayor Hall appeared at the Central Office and was at once closeted with the Commissioners. A short conference was held and the new Board was at once organized by the members qualifying before the Mayor.

THE NEW BOARD'S FIRST MEETING.

A preliminary meeting of the new board was immediately convened. Commissioner Manierre acting as chairman and Seth C. Hawley as secretary.

BOSWORTH PRESIDENT.

J. S. Bosworth, by unanimous vote, was chosen President of the Board of Police of the Police Department of the city of New York.

BRENNAN TREASURER.

By resolution Matthew T. Brennan was chosen Treasurer of the said department.

SETH C. HAWLEY CHIEF CLERK.

Seth C. Hawley, the present Chief Clerk, was chosen Chief Clerk, by resolution of the Board.

A HINT TO MR. KENNEDY.

A resolution was passed notifying the Superintendent of the organization of the new Board, and inviting him to communicate with it if he deemed it necessary.

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS.

The Board then resolved to make no new appointments of men for the force except on new blanks and papers according to the rules and regulations of this new Board, hereafter to be adopted. The orders, rules and regulations now in force, it was resolved, shall be the rules for the new Board so far as they are applicable to the new department and the police force, officers and employes thereof. The chief clerk was ordered to prepare and submit forms for blanks, books and papers to be adopted for the use of this Board.

RESIGNATION OF MR. KENNEDY.

Mr. Kennedy tendered his resignation in the following words, and, on motion, it was accepted, to take effect on the 16th instant:—

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF METROPOLITAN POLICE, NEW YORK, April 11, 1870.

To the COMMISSIONERS OF METROPOLITAN POLICE:—

GENTLEMEN—In view of the change to be effected under recent legislation in the unity and government of the police organization within the Metropolitan district, I deem it proper to anticipate a final dissolution of the said district by tendering to your honorable Board my resignation of the office of Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police of the State of New York, to take effect on the 16th inst.; also my resignation of the office of Superintendent of the Police Department of the city of New York, devolved on me by the act creating that department, passed April 5, 1870, to take effect at the time above specified.

Allow me, gentlemen, to make acknowledgments to you for the generous support I have received from you in the discharge of the duties of my office and for the many acts of kindness each of you has extended to me personally during the period of our official connection.

Hoping your new relations to the public may prove as successful as the old one in enforcing the laws, protecting persons and property and preserving good order, I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent.

CAPTAIN JOHN JOURDAN APPOINTED SUPERINTENDENT.

The Board unanimously appointed Captain John Jourdan, of the Sixth precinct, Superintendent of Police, to take effect on the 16th inst. Captain Jourdan was immediately summoned to appear at headquarters, which summons he obeyed and accepted the position.

SUPERINTENDENT JOURDAN'S BIOGRAPHY.

The officer thus unanimously placed at the head of the Police Department was born in the Sixth ward of this city in January, 1831. He received an excellent common school education in old Public School No. 5, located in Mott street. Leaving his classes in 1842 he entered the service of the proprietor of this journal, in the mailing department, where he continued for some time. Subsequently Mr. Jourdan held a similar position on the *Sun*, and in 1853 was in charge of the mailing department of the *Tribune*. In all those positions he gave complete satisfaction; but by the advice of friends he was induced to accept an appointment on the police force. He entered the Sixth precinct in 1853 and performed post duty under Captain (now Commissioner) Brennan for some time, and also detailed duty in charge of the Tombs Police Court. It was here that he first attained a familiarity with the countenances of criminals that in after years assisted him in working up some of the best detective jobs. When the trouble occurred between the municipal police and Mayor Wood's forces Jourdan, who did not wish to desert the democratic cause, resigned and retired to private life. But his talents had drawn him towards that calling and he could not long remain out. After Mayor Tieman assumed control of municipal affairs Jourdan was tendered an appointment on the new force. Two months after he accepted and was assigned to his old ward as detective, under Captain Joseph Dowling.

His career in the Sixth as detective made him many friends, and his energy and faithfulness in the performance of every duty were quickly appreciated. In April, 1860, he was, much to his surprise—for he had not asked for it—promoted to sergeant of his precinct, where he has ever since done duty. In 1865, when Captain Dowling received the appointment of Police Justice, the Commissioners believed that Jourdan was the fittest man available to govern what at that time was considered rather a turbulent ward, and he was made captain. He has worked his way up rapidly from one position of trust to another, until he is now at the head of the command.

As a detective officer Mr. Jourdan stands at the head of the profession, and has recovered more property, arrested more robbers and murderers than any officer now on the force, perhaps. Among the detective cases where he particularly distinguished himself, was the burglary of the Concord (N. H.) Bank, in 1867, where $310,000 was secured. After eight months of laborious work he recovered $254,000 of the money and arrested the thieves—Moore, Kean and Howard. The robbery of the Bowdoinham Bank, a few years ago, where $75,000 was secured by forcing the cashier to give up the keys and open the safe, gave Jourdan an opportunity to display his abilities. He secured the sentence for twenty years of Rosey Syms, David Bartlett and Edward, alias Fairy, McGuire. The stolen funds, however, were never recovered. Some eight years ago one Gladding saw a man named Smith deposit $204,000 in railway bonds with the clerk of the Metropolitan Hotel. Next morning Gladding palmed himself off as Smith and secured the bonds. A few weeks later Jourdan arrested the thief and nearly the entire amount stolen. Some of his best cases were the working up of robberies committed by clerks and porters in stores. In 1865 or 1866 he secured the arrest of eighteen employes of Claflin & Mellen who had systematically robbed their employers, convicted seventeen and recovered $25,000 worth of property. Among other representative cases was the unearthing of the robbers of Mr. Jennings' silk house, in Broadway, where he arrested a clerk and another party and recovered a vast amount of property; and the fathoming of systematic robberies perpetrated upon Ball & Black. In the last instance he recovered about $20,000 worth of property.

As an officer Mr. Jourdan has always displayed all the qualities requisite to command. Combined with vast experience, intelligence and shrewdness, he possesses the scope of mind so necessary to form hasty and correct decisions, and the firmness to execute. All who are familiar with his services on the force will unite in the generally conceded opinion that a better selection for the office of Superintendent of Police could not have been made.

JOURDAN'S SUCCESSOR.

Sergeant Thomas J. Kennedy, of the Sixth precinct, was unanimously appointed Acting Captain of the Sixth precinct.

THE EXCITEMENT AT THE CENTRAL OFFICE.

The appearance at the Central Office of Mayor Hall created quite a commotion in the building, and for some time business was almost entirely suspended by some of the anxious clerks who anticipated decapitation. When the proceedings of the Board were made public satisfaction was expressed by all hands, and the machinery of the office was put in motion again.

The reappointment of Seth C. Hawley as Chief Clerk creates some comment. It will be remembered that two weeks ago he was confirmed by the Senate as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Eighth district, and it was expected that he would retire. It seems that the Board wished to retain Mr. Hawley's services, and as the salary is nearly equal to the income of the collector of that district, he accepted. Mr. Hawley is a native of Erie county, N. Y. He was admitted to the bar in Buffalo, and practiced law in that city for some years. Previous to his appointment as Chief Clerk of the Police Department he held various positions of public trust, and is a great favorite with democrats as well as republicans who have been brought in contact with him officially.

KENNEDY'S FAREWELL TO THE BLUES.

Late in the afternoon Mr. Kennedy issued the following order to the force. It is the last order issued under the old *régime*:—

GENERAL ORDER—NO. 605.
OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT METROPOLITAN POLICE, No. 300 MULBERRY STREET, NEW YORK, April 12, 1870.

The Legislature having by recent enactments provided for the disbandment of the "Metropolitan Police Department of the State of New York" as a united police organization, and thereby devolved the powers and duties thereof on the respective local municipalities within the district, the Superintendent deems it proper to anticipate the 25th of the present month, when the functions of the Metropolitan Board will terminate in Brooklyn as well as New York, by tendering forthwith to the Metropolitan Police Commissioners his resignation of the office he has held since June 1, 1857.

His resignation has been accepted by the Board, to take effect on 16th instant.

During the period the Superintendent has been in command of the force the officers and members generally have discharged duties of the most delicate and arduous character with a zeal and faithfulness worthy of the highest commendation. The Superintendent cannot suffer a separation to take place between himself and you without giving expression to the feeling of regard and confidence he has entertained towards you, individually and collectively. You have suffered, with him, the hostility and censure manifested by those classes of persons which police regulations and criminal laws are intended to restrain; but you may be consoled with the reflection that "their praise is censure and their censure praise;" and that you are entitled to share equally with him whatever of commendation good citizens have awarded to the department for its influence in enforcing the law, protecting persons and property, and preserving the public peace.

The earnest desire of the Superintendent will ever be that the several detached parts of the Metropolitan organization shall hereafter exhibit equal ability to render good service to the public in its divided as it has rendered in its united condition.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent of Metropolitan Police.

GEORGE W. DILLS, Inspector.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

At four o'clock the members of the new Board of Health, with the exception of Dr. Carnochan, convened in the rooms of President Bosworth, of the Board of Police. They had previously qualified before Mayor Hall.

Mr. Manierre was appointed chairman and Emerson Clarke secretary *pro tem.*

The Board proceeded to effect an organization. Commissioner Manierre was chosen permanent President of the Board and Colonel E. Clarke, the late clerk, Secretary, with the understanding that a ballot is to be taken on their appointments when a full Board is present.

A resolution was passed transferring all the officials of the old Board to the new with the exception of president, secretary, attorney, counsel, chemist and engineer.

Edward A. Farrington was appointed a clerk in the department until further orders, his salary not to exceed $1,800 per year. The Board adjourned until Wednesday, the 20th inst., when a more perfect organization will be effected. There are a number of candidates for the office of Sanitary Inspector, but rumor has it that Dr. Harris, the late Assistant Sanitary Superintendent, is likely to be appointed.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Early yesterday morning the Mayor attended at the Headquarters of the Fire Department, in Mercer street. By arrangement with the new Commissioners all were present, except Speaker Hitchman, who had been compelled to go on to Albany. The Mayor administered the oaths of office, and the Board organized. General Shaler was elected president *pro tem.* and Mr. Galway treasurer *pro tem.*, pending the return of Mr. Hitchman from Albany. The next regular meeting of the Board will take place on Wednesday.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.

Mr. William Wood and Mr. Richard M. Henry were sworn in as Commissioners of Docks. Mr. Wood brings large experience to bear, derived from his knowledge of the workings of the Dock Board at Liverpool. It was rather singular that the last time Mr. Wood was in the Mayor's office it was to call upon Mayor Hoffman to ask his attention for something in reference to the docks; yesterday, the next time he was there, it was to be appointed Commissioner of Docks. The duties of this commission will not commence until the new tax levy is issued.

PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

This commission did not meet because it cannot organize under the law until the 21st of this month.

THE EXCISE APPOINTMENTS.

The Mayor did not send in the above appointments to the Board of Aldermen, having been informed from Albany by a telegram that the Excise bill had been omitted to be attested by the Lieutenant Governor, who is out of town, but the names will be sent in on Thursday. Some speculation was afloat in the hall whether the Aldermen would approve of the names, but we understand that when published they will be found to be quite satisfactory to each wing of the democracy.

THE NEW PARK COMMISSION

does not become operative until the 21st, and, consequently, did nothing yesterday. Everything was quiet about the offices of the Central Park, and the impression prevailed among the clerks that all of them would be retained by the new Board of Public Parks, which swallows up the Central Park Commission.

THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS

also remains unchanged in its clerical force. Mr. Macgregor entered upon his duties yesterday morning as chief of this department, and remained at the office during the day.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The First Effect of the Charter—No More Appropriations of Public Money to be Made by the Present Board.

The passage of the Charter bill into law and the consequent revolution in the politics of this city has demoralized the rougher element of the local democracy. The crowd of swaggering buffers who usually attend the Sessions of the city fathers were present in force yesterday at the meeting of the Board, but they were less impudent in appearance and better behaved in their conduct than is their wont on such occasions. They seemed to feel that their opportunities for plunder were taken from them and that henceforth they would have to find diamond studs and gorgeous apparel in other ways than by plunging their greedy hands into the public treasury. The provision of the new Charter which forbids the Board of Aldermen from

THAT "DEADHEAD" CANARD.

The Slanderers Nailed to the Deck—Nobody "on the Make," but the Tickets All Paid For—Who Blundered?

There has been considerable talk for the last three days over what was announced as an attempt by President Grant and party to "deadhead it" over the Hudson River Railroad on their way to attend the obsequies of General Thomas at Troy. A meaner or more scurrilous report could not have been invented. The facts of the case are as follows:—

On Wednesday of last week Superintendent J. M. Toucey, of the Hudson River Railroad, received an official telegram from Washington saying that the President and Cabinet and committees from both Houses of Congress would reach New York city at a late hour Thursday night *en route* to Troy, and requesting that the Montreal train which leaves New York at 12 P. M. might be held till they arrived, in order that

THE PARTY MIGHT TAKE PASSAGE

on it. Mr. Toucey instructed the train to wait as was desired. The distinguished party arrived at Thirtieth street nearly half an hour late, and at once had a sleeping car assigned them, into which they entered and retired, leaving an aid-de-camp, Colonel Jones, in charge. Soon after leaving the city Harry Stevens, conductor of the train, applied to the aid-de-camp for the tickets for the party, but was informed they had none; that there was undoubtedly

A MISUNDERSTANDING SOMEWHERE.

Thus matters rested till the train reached Poughkeepsie at three o'clock in the morning, when conductor Stevens and one or two others entered the telegraph office for the purpose of sending a despatch to Superintendent Toucey, who resided at Poughkeepsie, for instructions. The despatch was sent by a messenger. In the meantime considerable talk occurred in the telegraph office relative to the matter, a sleeping car conductor urging Stevens to cut the car off. This conversation was caught up by some person outside of the telegraph office, and in the afternoon edition of the Poughkeepsie *Daily Press* it was greatly magnified, and by it President Grant and party were placed before the public in a humiliating position.

Harry Stevens, the conductor, says that he did not state that, or in any way intimate to the aid-de-camp that he

WOULD CUT THE CAR OFF,

nor did he address the aid-de-camp in a discourteous or ungentlemanly manner. He states, further, that his train reached Poughkeepsie on time and left on time, and no member of the Presidential party was disturbed in any way, shape, or manner, but the affair was amicably and satisfactorily arranged throughout.

Samuel J. Farnum, who occupies a position in the Appraiser's office in this city, states that the Deputy Collector in New York or some person attached to his office had received instructions to

PURCHASE THE TICKETS

for the party, and that a boy was sent to perform that duty. In some way, however, "some one had blundered," and as soon as the matter was placed before President Grant he immediately ordered everything paid. The attacks made upon the President and party are everywhere commented upon with severity, and no one regrets the occurrence more than Harry Stevens, the conductor, and it is but justice to that gentleman to so state.

The instructions sent Mr. Stevens by Mr. Toucey were of a courteous character, and were, in effect, to take the Presidential party to their destination.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Married.

HARTNAGLE—ALLEN.—On Wednesday, April 6, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. Dr. Gallaudet, AUGUST HARTNAGLE, of this city, to ELLA L., youngest daughter of the late Albert Allen, of Providence, R. I.

PLUM—BARRY.—On Thursday, April 7, by the Rev. S. D. Burlsel, RICHARD F. PLUM to ELLEN C. BARRY, all of this city.

SAGEMAN—BURTON.—On Tuesday, April 5, at the residence of the bride, Mr. WILLIAM J. SAGEMAN to ANNY W., daughter of Jacob Burton, Esq., of Johnstown.

Birth.

LAMOREUX.—In this city, on Monday, April 4, the wife of Isaac P. Lamoreux, of a son and heir.

Died.

BALLAM.—On Sunday, April 10, JOHN BALLAM, youngest son of Alexander and Eliza Ballam.

The friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 404 West Sixteenth street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

BARTHOLOMEW.—At New Haven, on Saturday, April 9, HENRIETTA L., wife of C. A. Bartholomew, and daughter of the late Daniel Morgan, of New Rochelle.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from St. Paul's church, East Chester, on Wednesday, at twelve o'clock noon. Carriages in waiting at the arrival on the nine o'clock A. M. train from Twenty-seventh street via New Haven railroad at Mount Vernon depot.

BARTHOLOMEW.—At his father's residence, in Bloomfield, N. J., on Monday, April 11, after a short illness, JAMES C. BARTHOLOMEW, aged 23 years.

Funeral services on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past three o'clock. Interment at Greenwood on Thursday morning.

BUIGAS.—On Monday, April 11, DOLORES DE LA CALLE Y BUIGAS, aged 2 years, 5 months and 24 days.

Funeral this (Tuesday) morning, at nine o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 128 East Thirteenth street. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

BURK.—On Monday, April 11, after a short illness, JAMES, son of Sally and the late John Burk, aged 40 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the Church of the Epiphany, Stanton street, near Norfolk, on Wednesday morning, at eleven o'clock. The remains will be taken to Westchester.

BURKE.—LIZZIE, only child of John and Jane Burke, aged 1 year and 21 days.

The funeral will take place, from No. 159 West Twenty-seventh street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

CAMPBELL.—On Saturday, April 9, at his residence, 315 West Twenty-first street, New York, WILLIAM CAMPBELL, aged 37 years.

Friends of the family will please attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) morning, at nine o'clock.

CARTER.—On Sunday evening, April 10, CHARLES CARTER, aged 40 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the butchers of Washington and Croton markets, are invited to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, No. 629 Third avenue.

CULANAN.—On Monday, April 11, MARY CULANAN, a native of county Kilkenny, Ireland, aged 67 years.

The funeral will take place from No. 457 West Twenty-third street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock. The remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

DENT.—On Sunday afternoon, April 10, PATRICK DENT, of Galway, Ireland, aged 40 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of his brother-in-law, John O'Connor, No. 204 Hester street.

Galway papers please copy.

DEPEW.—On Monday, April 11, FRANKLIN DEPEW, aged 28 years and 8 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, April 13, from his late residence, No. 44 South Sixth street, Williamsburg, L. I., without further notice.

California papers please copy.

DEWITT.—At Harrisburg, Pa., on Friday, April 8, MARY WALLACE, youngest daughter of Mary E. and the late Rev. Dr. William B. DeWitt.

DOWLING.—On Monday, April 11, DENNIS DOWLING, a native of Kilrush, county Clare, Ireland, aged 19 years and 11 months.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of his mother and brothers, 414 Greenwich street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

DREW.—At New Lots, on Monday, April 11, MARIA, wife of John Drew, aged 84 years, 6 months and 1 day.

Funeral from her late residence, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

GROGAN.—On Saturday, April 9, JOHN C. GROGAN, aged 26 years, 9 months and 17 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 336 East Thirteen street this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

HARDCASTLE.—On Sunday, April 10, JOHN R., eldest son of Coles D. and Mary A. Hardcastle, aged 22 years, 1 month and 16 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 172 Allen street, on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past one o'clock.

HARRISON.—Suddenly, at his home, in Ford county, Ill., on Wednesday, April 6, LAWSON H., son of Stephen D. and M. R. Harrison, aged 24 years.

Funeral from residence of his father, Bergen, N. J., on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past two o'clock. Carriages in waiting at Bergen avenue station, Newark and New York Railroad, from 1:12 till 2:23 o'clock.

HARTMAN.—On Sunday, April 10, ELIZABETH, beloved wife of Hon. Anthony Hartman, aged 31 years.

The remains will be taken from her late residence, No. 100 First street, to the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer, Third street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock, and from thence to Calvary Cemetery for interment. The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral without further notice.

HAYES.—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, April 11, of consumption, after a long and painful illness, Mrs. MARY L. HAYES, wife of George W. Hayes and daughter of George T. and Lucy Gilbert, aged 29 years, 7 months and 2 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of her parents, 190 Belleville avenue, Newark, N. J. The remains will be taken to Rose Hill Cemetery, Chicago, Ill., for interment.

Chicago and Aurora (Ill.) and Winona (Minn.) papers please copy.

HEAFE.—On Monday morning, April 11, at five o'clock, of dropsy, ELIZABETH, wife of John William Heape, late of Dublin, Ireland.

The funeral will leave the residence of her mother-in-law, Kosciusko street, between Marcy and Tompkins avenues, Brooklyn, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

Dublin (Ireland) papers please copy.

HERMAN.—On Sunday morning, April 10, MATHILDA, daughter of Abraham S. and Fanny Herman, aged 13 years and 2 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 306 West Thirtieth street, this (Tuesday) morning, at nine o'clock.

HOUSTON.—In Bridgeport, Conn., on Saturday, April 9, A. P. HOUSTON, Esq., in the 71st year of his age.

Funeral from St. John's church, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at three o'clock.

HOYT.—At South Norwalk, Conn., on Sunday, April 10, CORNELIA A., wife of Edgar B. Hoyt.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the residence of her father, Rev. Benjamin Sherwood, No. 8 Devoe street, Brooklyn, E. D., this (Tuesday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

HUNT.—At Rome, on Thursday, March 24, of typhoid fever, ROBERT HENRY HUNT, son of the late Washington Hunt.

LEE.—On Sunday morning, April 10, ISABELLA, widow of Hon. Gideon Lee, and daughter of the late Rev. David Williamson, aged 70 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St. George's church, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at five o'clock. The remains will be taken to Geneva, New York, for interment.

LEAVY.—On Sunday, April 10, MARY LEAVY, relict of William Leavy, a native of the county Longford, Ireland, in the 79th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family; also those of her sons, Thomas, James, John, Alexander and Michael Leavy, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, 187 Laurens street.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

LELAND.—At Waltham, Mass., on Saturday, April 9, of pneumonia, OLIVER S. LELAND, aged 37 years.

The funeral will take place at Waltham, Mass., this Tuesday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

KASMIRE—At Morrisania, N. Y., on Sunday, April 10, MARY, relict of the late George O. Kasmire, in 68th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, Edw. W. Stillman, Fourth street, Morrisania, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at three o'clock, without further notice.

KIERNAN.—On Monday, April 11, THOMAS KIERNAN, aged 46 years.

His remains will be taken from his late residence, 319 West Thirteenth street, on Wednesday morning, at ten o'clock, to the Church of St. Francis Xavier, Sixteenth street, from there to Calvary Cemetery. The friends of the family and those of his brother, James, are invited to attend the funeral.

KINGSLEY.—At Greenwich, Conn., on Monday, April 11, Mrs. ANN ELIZA KINGSLEY, in the 67th year of her age.

The friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at Christ's church, Greenwich, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock. Carriages will be waiting at Greenwich on the arrival of the nine and half-past eleven A. M. trains from New York.

MINEY.—On Monday, April 11, JULIA MINEY, aged 55 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 237 East Twenty-sixth street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock. No carriages allowed.

M'CONVILL.—At Rochester, Sunday, April 10, CARRIE, wife of Hon. John M'Convill, of Rochester, and eldest daughter of A. T. Stout, of this city.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her father, 260 Madison avenue, Wednesday, one o'clock.

PORTER.—In this city, on Monday, April 11, ELIZA VREDENBURGH PORTER, widow of the Hon. James Porter.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 208 West Fourteenth street, on Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock.

SCHERMERHORN.—On Monday afternoon, April 11, LUCIA N., SCHERMERHORN, daughter of James S. Schermerhorn, of this city.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

SCHUCHARDT.—On Monday, April 11, J. W. L. SCHUCHARDT, youngest son of G. W. Schuchardt, of Frankfort, Ohio.

The relatives and friends, and those of his uncles, Frederick and Ferdinand Schuchardt, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at St. Mark's church, on Wednesday morning, at ten o'clock, without further notice.

SPECK.—At Morrisania, Westchester county, on Monday, April 11, EVALINA, daughter of Adolph and Evalina Speck, aged 4 years, 11 months and 24 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the Potts Presbyterian church, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock. The remains will be taken to Woodlawn Cemetery.

TINDALL.—In Putnam county, near Peekskill, on Friday, April 8, EMMA, daughter of Henry Tindall, of Hastings, England.

Funeral services will be held at the house on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock. Train leaves Thirtieth street at 10:30; returning leaves Peekskill at 3:38.

TRUMAN.—On Saturday, April 9, Captain DANIEL H. TRUMAN, in the 65th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock, or from Christ's church, Greenwich, Conn., at two o'clock, without further notice. The New Haven cars leave the depot at half-past eleven A. M. Carriages will be in attendance on the arrival of the train.

New Haven papers please copy.

TYRRELL.—On Monday, April 11, SARAH TYRRELL, in the 54th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her husband, Peter Tyrrell, 115 Laurens street, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

Dublin papers please copy.

VAN VORST.—On Sunday, April 10, ELIZABETH VAN VORST, only sister of George, Andrew and James Van Vorst, aged 20 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her uncle, Charles McIlhargy, at No. 457 Hudson street, thence to St. Joseph's church, this (Tuesday) morning, at ten o'clock, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated for the repose of her soul, and thence to Calvary Cemetery.

WARD.—On Monday, April 11, from injuries received in his shop, beloved husband of Lydia Ward and son of Patrick and Bridget Ward, in the 29th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 154 West Eighteenth street, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock.

FURNITURE.

AT GREAT SACRIFICE FOR CASH—MAGNIFICENT Satin Brocatel Parlor Suit, richly carved, latest style, made to order, cost $475, for $175; one do., $160; two walnut-striped rep Suits for $65; two plain rep Suits for $55; rosewood, four-round corner, 7¼ octave Pianoforte, cost $800, for $325. Parlor, Chamber, Dining and Library Furniture at half cost. Private residence, 13 East Tenth street, one block west of Broadway, between University place and Fifth avenue.

A RICH PARLOR SUIT, IN FRENCH BROCATEL, cost $900, for $180; one, cost $300, for $150; two Suits, in reps, for $75; eight Bedroom Suits, $25 to $200. Call this day at 112 West Twenty-seventh street, near Sixth avenue.

A NEW FURNITURE STORE.—DEGRAFF & TAYLOR have opened an entire new stock of fine FURNITURE AND BEDDING, CORNICES AND MIRRORS AT NO. 81 FOURTH AVENUE, expressly for the retail trade. Quality guaranteed in every respect. Prices defy competition.

A LADY HAVING A QUANTITY OF FURNITURE stored will rent it on favorable terms to a small responsible family. Address, for one week, B. Q., box 113 Herald office.

A PLAIN OUTFIT FOR BEDROOM AND KITCHEN for $35; also Brussels Carpet for sale. Apply at 19 St. Mark's place.

A.—FURNITURE FOR SALE, PROPERTY FAMILY leaving city. Magnificent Drawing Room Suit, covered brocatel, cost $450, for $165; one do., $80; Pianoforte, $230; Etagere, Bookcase, Paintings, Bronzes, marqueterie bois de rose Cabinets, Tables; Velvet, Medallion Carpets; Silverware, Chamber and Dining Furniture, sacrifice. 57 West Fifteenth street, near Sixth avenue.

CARPETS, FURNITURE AND BEDDING.
Housekeepers supplied with the above on easy terms.
Payments weekly or monthly.
KELLY & CO.,
Corner Twenty-fifth street and Sixth avenue.

CARPETS, FURNITURE, &C.—AT REDUCED PRICES; housekeepers supplied and can pay by the week or month, at O'FARRELL & GREENE'S, 203 Eighth avenue, corner Twentieth street.

DEGRAAF & COCHRANE,
Furniture Manufacturers,
Entrance 458 Canal street, near Hudson.
Walnut Chamber Suits, $65;
walnut Parlor Suits, all wool reps, $60.

FURNITURE, MIRRORS AND PIER GLASS FOR sale. Apply to W. N. HAZLET, 115 Waverley place.

FURNITURE FOR SEVEN ROOMS, INCLUDING PIANO, complete for housekeeping, to let for the use of one room to a respectable party. Reference. Address H. H. B., Herald office.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE, BEDDING, CROCKERY, everything complete for a house of sixteen rooms; all in good order. Small amount of cash only required; balance in instalments. Apply at 55 Greenwich avenue, between 10 and 4 o'clock. No dealers need call.

GREAT BARGAINS FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS in Furniture.—KINGMAN & MURPHY, 87 Bleecker street, New York, one block west of Broadway, second store from corner.

SOFA BEDS.—NEEDHAM'S NEW PATENT SOFA BED contains spring and hair mattress entirely separate from the sofa; simplest and best in the country. Call and see it. W. S. HUMPHREYS' Furniture Warerooms, 634 Broadway.

TO RENT OR SELL—FURNITURE, CARPETS, MIRrors, Bedding, Linen, Crockery, &c., everything complete for a house of twenty rooms to be, rented for the board of three persons or sold cheap for cash. Apply at No. 5 Brevoort place (56 East Tenth street), between the hours of 12 and 2 Tuesday and Wednesday, or after 7 in the evening.

WARREN WARD & CO.,
75 and 77 Spring street, corner of
Crosby street,
manufacturers of every variety of Furniture for city and county residences.

$40,000 WORTH OF FURNITURE TO BE SOLD at auction, by ROBERT SOMERVILLE. A rare opportunity for dealers and housekeepers. See Auction column.

BILLIARDS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN BILLIARD TABLES, BALLS, Cues, Cloths, Cue Tips. Now is your time to buy and have your Tables cut down and repaired, at W. H. GRIFFITH'S Factory, 40 Vesey street.

SALES AT AUCTION.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.—AUCTION SALES. By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER. We shall give especial attention, as usual for 22 years past, to sales of Household Furniture at the residence of families breaking up housekeeping; we also hold regular weekly sales at our spacious Salesrooms, No. 55 Chambers street and No. 77 Reade street, for those desiring this medium of sale.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
Salesrooms 55 Chambers and 77 Reade streets. Art Galleries 817 and 819 Broadway, southwest corner of Twelfth street.

THE SALE OF THE SEASON.

Messrs LEEDS & MINER beg to inform the public that on MONDAY, APRIL 18, AND THE SUCCEEDING DAYS, they will offer for sale the Household Furniture, rare Curiosities and entire

PRIVATE COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS OF
J. P. BEAUMONT,

constituting the last sale of Pictures or objects of Vertu that will ever be organized by this gentleman, and being, relatively to its extent, the

MOST VALUABLE SALE OF WORKS OF ART

ever advertised in this city.

The greater portion of these paintings have never been on exhibition since their purchase by Mr. Beaumont, at periods varying from thirty-eight to five years, and are

ADMIRABLY FINE SPECIMENS

of our own American artists and the modern European schools, including a few undoubted

GEMS BY THE OLD MASTERS.

Among the former may be mentioned paintings by GILBERT STUART, CHURCH, EASTMAN JOHNSON, COLE, ST. LEK, LEUTZE, HUNTINGTON, MOUNT, while among others are works by CARL HUENER, CHIEM, VERBOECKHOVEN, MADOU, CHAVET, ROBBE, GUILLEMIN, TSCHAGGENY, DE BYLANDT, FAUVELET, OTTO ERDMANN, CALISCH, HERRING, PERCY, HILL, ARMFIELD, PASSMORE, GENTZ, CARL BECKER, DE BLOCK, FLORENT WILLEMS, PLATEEL, VAN HOVE, WALRAVEN, VAN SCHENDEL, CIGNANI, DOMINICHINO, L. CARACCI, VELASQUEZ, J. CUYP, TINTORETTO, ZUCHARELLI, VAN DER MEULEN, SNYDERS, ROSA DA TIVOLI, GONZALES, COYPEL and others of a similar or greater celebrity in the

ART CIRCLES OF MODERN EUROPE.

This superb and very extensive collection will be sold WITHOUT RESERVE, and will be on exhibition on and after TUESDAY, APRIL 5, at the LEEDS ART GALLERIES, where Catalogues and additional information may be obtained upon application. Price of Catalogue, 25 cents.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, on FRIDAY, April 15 and 22, at 11 o'clock,
AT OUR SPACIOUS CARRIAGE REPOSITORY SALESROOMS, NO. 701 BROADWAY (ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL BLOCK) BETWEEN BROOME AND SPRING STREETS.
GREAT TRADE SALE OF ELEGANT CARRIAGES, FIRST CLASS MAKERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF THIS CITY, and comprising all the newest styles and varieties of vehicles now in use, of the very best workmanship and elaboration,
comprising
CLARENCES, LANDAUS, LANDAULETS, COUPES, COUPELETS, BAROUCHES, SUMMER COACHES, PARK PHAETONS, DOS CARS, VICTORIAS, CABRIOLETS, SIX-SEAT FAMILY ROCKAWAYS, SUNDOWNS, COUPE ROCKAWAYS, LIGHT FOUR-PASSENGER ROCKAWAYS, BASKET PHAETONS, DEPOT AND JAGGER WAGONS, LIGHT TOP AND NO TOP BUGGIES, to include several ROAD WAGONS AND TROTTING WAGONS.
Made by Messrs. Brewster, Miner & Stevens, Baldwin, Adams, Marsh, Armstrong, Manville, Kean & Lines, and other well known makers; also a Line of Basket Pony Phaetons, just manufactured by a well known firm as a specialty.
All of which will be SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE, and will be on exhibition as above on and from Monday, 11th inst.
The sale of FRIDAY, 15TH inst., will comprise about one-half of the stock, ABOUT SIXTY VEHICLES, to be followed on the next FRIDAY, 22D inst., with the balance of the stock, ABOUT 75 LOTS.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER,
On Thursday, April 14, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 132 West Eleventh street,
Handsome Household Furniture, &c.
Full particulars hereafter.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On TUESDAY, April 19, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence 338 West Thirty-first street,
Handsome Household Furniture; used but a few months, and made to order for present owner, consisting of royal velvet Carpets, Brussels and ingrain ditto, carved rosewood Furniture, covered in green and orange silk; Curtains, in reps and lace; Centre Tables and carved Reception Chairs, Pier Mirrors, Cornices and Bases, Bedrooms, in black walnut and mahogany; Dining Room, in oak; Extension Table, Buffet and Chairs; very elegant Porcelain, cut glass and engraved; silver plated Ware, Oilcloths and Matting, Bedding of superior quality, Mattresses, Bolsters, Pillows, &c.; also Kitchen Ware, with which the sale will commence.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On Thursday, April 14, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 235 West Thirty-fourth street,
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.
Full particulars hereafter.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER,
Salesrooms, 55 Chambers and 77 Reade streets; Art Galleries, 817 and 819 Broadway.
On Wednesday, April 13, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 305 Second avenue,
He new and Household Furniture, rosewood Piano, &c., consisting of Velvet and Brussels Carpets, nearly new; rosewood Double Suit in crimson figured brocatel; rosewood Centre Tables, gilt Clocks, under Glass Shades; black walnut gilt frame Engravings, Music Rack, Wardrobe, Library Table, black walnut and mahogany Suits in green reps and hair cloth; rosewood, black walnut and mahogany Bedroom Furniture; Cottage Suits, Mattresses, Pillows and Bolsters, Lace Window Curtains and Cornices, Sewing Machine by Grover & Baker, black walnut Extension Table, China, Crockery, &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
Salesrooms 55 Chambers and 77 Reade street.
Household Furniture.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, will sell at auction, on Saturday, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at our salesrooms, 55 Chambers street and 77 Reade street, Household Furniture, rosewood Suits, rosewood and black walnut Bedroom Furniture; Mirrors, rosewood Pianos, china Crockery and Glass Ware, Kitchen Furniture.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, on Thursday, April 14, at 10½ o'clock, at 253 West Thirty-fourth street, near Eighth avenue, a general assortment of Household Furniture consisting of Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets; rosewood Suits, rosewood Piano, rosewood and mahogany Bedroom Furniture, &c. Particulars to-morrow.

AUCTION. AUCTION. AUCTION.
Over $15,000 worth and over 500 lots
Magnificent Household Furniture, Pianoforte, Carpets, at public auction, the property of a private family, at the elegant residence, 118 West Twenty-sixth street, one block west of Broadway, near Sixth avenue.
Brilliant and powerful toned 7¼ octave Pianoforte, Magnificent Parlor Suits, covered with satin brocatel and reps; Bronzes, Statuary, Paintings, Mirrors, Curtains and Parlor Ornaments,
ON THIS DAY (TUESDAY) APRIL 12,
commencing at 10½ o'clock precisely.
Velvet, Brussels Carpets, five rich Parlor Suits, covered with satin brocatel, striped and plain reps; Etageres, Tables, Corner and Book Stands, Bookcases, Turkish Chairs, Loungers, Rockers, Bronzes, Clocks, Statuary, Vases, rosewood and walnut Chamber Suits, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Commodes, spring and hair Mattresses, Bolsters, Pillows, Blankets, Quilts, Bedding, walnut Suits, covered with hair-cloth and reps; Buffet, Dining Table and Chairs, China Tea and Dinner Sets, Glass, Crockery and Silver Ware, Cutlery, Velvet, Brussels, Ingrain Carpets, &c. Sale positive. Parties wishing to attend this sale take Broadway stages or cars or Sixth avenue cars and stop at Twenty-seventh street, near the house. E. NICHOLS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—EDWIN NICHOLS, AUCTIONEER.
A rare opportunity for Housekeepers.
Large mortgage sale of over $35,000 worth of Handsome and genteel Household Furniture, at the five story dwelling residence, 12 East Tenth street, between Broadway and Fifth avenue, this (TUESDAY) morning, April 12, commencing at 10½ o'clock precisely.
Eight magnificent Parlor suits, all styles and all colors, French satin brocatel, silk, striped reps and plain reps; Velvet, Brussels, Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets; Brocatel, Reps and Lace Curtains, Mirrors, Bronzes, Clocks, Vases, fine collection Oil Paintings, French Cabinets, bois de rose, rosewood and walnut Etageres, Tables, Library Bookcase, Turkish Easy Chairs and Lounges, covered with striped and plain green reps; Jardinieres, Corner Etageres, Statuary, Figures,
Magnificent four round corner 7¼ octave Pianoforte, made to order, cost $800; Stool and Cover;
has warrantee for five years; has box for shipping; twelve rosewood and walnut Chamber Suits, style of Louis XIV.; Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Commodes, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Bedding, Blankets, Quilts, Sofas, Chairs, Rockers, Lounges, 2 walnut Sideboards, 2 Extension Tables, 24 Dining Chairs, Glass, China and Silver Ware, Cutlery; also all the Furniture of the servants' apartments. Sale positive, rain or shine. Responsible men in attendance to cart or pack goods for purchasers.

AUCTION NOTICE.—LARGE SALE.
THIS DAY (TUESDAY), April 12, at
118 West Twenty-seventh street,
commencing at 11 o'clock.
LUKE FITZGERALD, Auctioneer, will sell to the highest bidder all the elegant and costly Household Furniture contained in the four story private residence of Brizell Ronsen Martin, Esq., consisting of one rich rosewood Pianoforte, made to order; cost $700; four magnificent Parlor Suits, Centre Table, Bookcase, Etageres, style Louis XIV.; two French Pier Mirrors, Oil Paintings, rich bronze Figures, rich Bedroom Suits, in rosewood and walnut; Hair and Spring Beds, Feather Beds, Pillows, Sheets, Quilts, Blankets, Bed Linen, fine Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture, &c. All goods must be removed twenty-four hours after sale. Cash deposits required from all purchasers. Goods boxed and shipped for purchasers. N. B.—This is a large and genuine sale. Will be sold to highest bidder.

AUCTION SALE—THIS (TUESDAY) AFTERNOON, commencing at 1½ o'clock precisely.
Elegant Household Furniture, at the four story mansion 12 Brevoort place, West Tenth street, near University place; rich Bronzes, Paintings, Vases, Curtains, rosewood Pianoforte, elegant Parlor Suits, covered with satin brocatel and reps; Tables, Etageres, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Mattresses, Bedding, Sofas, Chairs, Lounges, Mirrors, Clocks; also over 300 lots Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, &c. Sale positive.

AUCTION SALE.—JAMES M. TAYLOR, AUCTIONEER.
ON THIS DAY (TUESDAY), April 12,
at the elegant brown stone residence,
57 West Fifteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues,
Sale commencing at 10½ o'clock,
Magnificent Household Furniture,
Drawing Room Suits, Paintings, Bronzes, Pianoforte, Statuary, Silverware and many rare, costly Works of Art,
at public auction.
The house furnished less than six months at a cost of $20,000.
A rare chance for housekeepers and the trade.
Drawing Room Furniture, covered crimson gold, blue gold satin brocade; Window Curtains to match; secretaire Bookcase, Etagere, marqueterie bois de rose Cabinet, Encoignures, Jardinieres, Canterbury, Music Box, velvet, medallion Carpets; bronze Ormulu Chandeliers; Paintings, by eminent artists, artistic Bronze and Marble Statuary, lace Curtains, bronze Ormulu Clock, runs one month; magnificent rosewood Pianoforte, made order; Stool, Cover, Music Books. Dining Room—Extension Table, Sideboard, crystal Glassware, Silver Castors, Tureens, Salvers, Dinner, Tea Service; Chinaware, Sheffield Cutlery, Linen, Lounges, Turkish Reclining Chairs. Chambers—Rosewood, walnut Bureaus, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Commodes, hair, spring Mattresses, Blankets, Counterpanes. Also Furniture servants' apartments. Catalogues at house. Every facility for packing, shipping goods. Parties wishing to attend this sale take Fifth avenue stages or Sixth avenue cars.

AUCTION AND FURNITURE NOTICE.—PARTIES WHO intend to dispose of their Furniture and wish to avoid the trouble and annoyance of an auction sale and often the delay of getting the return of their sales, will find a cash purchaser by addressing CASH BUYER, box 127 Herald office.

AMERICAN OIL PAINTINGS, PASTEL PICTURES and Crystal Medallions by auction.—J. RODOLPH LEVISON, Auctioneer, will sell the entire collection belonging to the American Art Gallery, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings, April 13, 14 and 15, in the store 521 Broadway, under the St. Nicholas Hotel, where they are now on free exhibition.

AUCTION SALE.—WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION OR private sale, one rosewood four-pull Pump and one three-pull Pump, complete, at 139 Madison street.

SALES AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, AUCTIONEER.—AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE CHURCH PROPERTY ON EAST TWELFTH STREET, BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE CONGREGATION OF MISHKAN ISRAEL. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on Thursday, April 14, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the Lease of the three lots of Land, together with the Church Edifice thereon, situate on the south side of Twelfth street, between Third and Fourth avenues. The lease is from the Stuyvesant estate, 21 years, to run from March 1, 1867, at a 1,200 per annum ground rent, covenants of renewal or improvements to be paid for; lots together 75x106.6. The edifice is of stone, well and substantially built, and is well adapted for a church, public institution, factory or warehouse. Maps and full particulars at the office of the auctioneers, No. 7 Pine street, or of N. SOLOMON, Esq., No. 223 Broadway.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, AUCTIONEER.—EXECUTOR'S sale. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on Tuesday, April 12, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, 111 Broadway, by order of S. M. Valentine, executor, 44 acres of Land, beautifully located on the road leading from Kingsbridge to the Woodlawn depot, Harlem Railroad. Map at the office of the auctioneer, No. 7 Pine street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
GEORGE S. WRIGHT, ADMINISTRATOR.
GEORGE BRIGGS, Auctioneer, will sell at public auction, on Tuesday and Wednesday, April 12 and 13, commencing each day at 11 o'clock prompt, at the residence of Captain John T. Wright, deceased, Throg's Neck, near Fort Schuyler, Westchester county, N. Y., magnificent Household Furniture, Piano, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, marble top Buffet, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Bedding, Bookcases, Extension Table, Crockery and Glassware, Silver and Silver Plated Ware. Also Horses, Carriages, Farm Wagons, single and double light Carriage and Work Harness; also fine Cows, Pigs, sheep, Fowls, Geese, Ducks, Farming Tools, &c., &c. Sale positive, rain or shine. Those wishing to attend the sale, residing in New York city, take stage at Harlem bridge or Harlem railroad to Williamsbridge. N. B.—Catalogues now ready at JAMES JENKINS' office, 1,401 Broadway, near Forty-first street.

AUCTION NOTICE.—R. T. HAZELL, AUCTIONEER.
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, APRIL 12,
at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, 118 Chambers street,
Hardware, Cutlery, &c.,
in lots to suit city and country trade.
Also
Truck and Wagon Wheels.—16 sets assorted Wheels for wagons, trucks and carts.
Rat Traps.—1 case, 99½ dozen Rat Traps.
Shovels and Spades.—50 dozen D. & L. H. Shovels and Spades, &c., &c., &c.
Catalogues on morning of sale.
R. T. HAZELL & Co., Auctioneers,
118 Chambers street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—ALFRED WINANS, Auctioneer.—At Waverley, N. J., between Newark and Elizabeth, on Wednesday, April 13, at 2 P. M., on the premises, 8½ acres of Land, suitable for laying out building lots for immediate improvement. The land fronts on two streets, and is near the Newark and Elizabeth Boulevard and has horse railroad track past the property, on which the cars will run in a few weeks to Elizabeth, Newark and Waverley depots; also a plank walk from Waverley depot past the property, affording good facilities for getting to and from New York, Newark and Elizabeth, and within ten min

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

A.—TO LET, FIRST OR SECOND LOFT OF 43 EAST Fourteenth street; moderate terms. Best business location in the city. Apply on the premises.

A FINE CORNER STORE TO LET—IN BLEECKER street, corner of Perry street, with or without Basement. Possession immediately.
E. L. A B. T. BURNHAM, 639 Hudson street.

A FINE WAREHOUSE TO LET—NO. 505 WASHINGton street; possession May 1; size 20x60; six stories and cellar, with patent hoistways.
E. S. & B. T. BURNHAM, 639 Hudson street.

A.—TWO FINE STORES, WITH BASEMENTS, TO LET, together or separately, 25x75; terms low. 14 and 16 Fourth avenue.

A NUMBER OF VACANT LOTS TO LET—AT THE foot of Third street, East river; also a four story and cellar brick Building, well lighted, with or without steam power, in Tenth street.
D. A. YOUNGS, 20 and 22 Worth street.

A BASEMENT, 25X80, PARTLY FURNISHED, IN PINE street, between Broadway and Nassau, to let, very reasonably; suitable for oysters, stationery or any other genteel business; possession at once. Apply to F. T. MURRAY, No. 1 Pine street.

A LARGE BASEMENT IN NASSAU STREET TO LET—Suitable for a restaurant or liquor store; has been so used for ten years; also Offices to let. Apply to JOSEPH PRICE, 116 Nassau street.

A PARTMENTS AND ROOMS TO LET—IN THE BEST location in the city, suitable for private families or light business purposes. No. 66 Ninth street, second door west of Broadway.

A LARGE STORE, ON THE NORTHEAST CORNER of Broadway and Forty-second street, now a drug store, and the splendid Hall, 50x70 feet, over same; possession immediately; grand business location.
A. P. SMITH & BROTHER, 1,304 Broadway.

A STORE TO LET—ELEGANTLY FITTED UP AND adapted for a sample or much room, in a prominent location; rent low. 232 Pearl street.

A LARGE BASEMENT—HAVING BEEN OCCUPIED as a restaurant and lager beer saloon before, to let, at low rent. No. 43 West Thirteenth a reet, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

A FIRST FLOOR—SUITABLE FOR A DRESSMAKER, dentist or doctor, to let, at low rent. No. 43 West Thirteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

A STORE WELL ADAPTED FOR FURNITURE OR upholstery business to let at No. 45 West Thirteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

A NUMBER OF STORES ON SECOND AND THIRD avenues to rent—Very low to good parties.
JOHN FETTRETCH, 454 Third avenue.

A RARE CHANCE FOR RESTAURANT OR WHOLEsale business.—A splendid basement on Liberty, near Broadway, to let. Apply to owner, GEO. C. TITUS, 19 Nassau street.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED LAGER BEER SALOON TO let and Fixtures for sale, on the southeast corner of Forty-ninth street and Seventh avenue; rent $1,250.

BOWERY STORE TO LET.—THE LARGE AND ELEgant Store and Building 346 Bowery; well located for any kind of a large business; size of building 25.4x107. Apply on the premises.

BROADWAY.—TO LEASE, THE SECOND AND Third Stories of 707 Broadway, 13x27; also two three story brick Houses 240 and 24 Mercer street, rear of 707 Broadway; rent low.

BROADWAY STORE.—TO RENT, THE ENTIRE BUILDing, 473 Broadway, 25x100; best location in town for wholesale trade. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 290 Hudson street, or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 1 Pine street.

BROADWAY, 310, BETWEEN DUANE AND PEARL streets—Lofts to let, well lighted; rent low. Apply to AMERICAN STAIR ROD CO., 310 Broadway.

BROADWAY STORE TO LET.—THE HANDSOME Store No. 1,127 (west side), between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets; fine occasion; plate glass windows. Apply to C. L. JONES, 845 Broadway.

BROADWAY.—CORNER ROOMS TO LET, AT 819 Broadway, corner of Twelfth street; rent low; immediate possession. JANITOR, room No. 1, fourth floor.

BOWERY STORES TO LET.—THE LARGE NEW Store and Basement 262 and 264 Bowery, will be divided if required. Apply to L. C. SANFORD, 153 Bowery, under the bank.

CORNER STORE TO LEASE—FOR JEWELRY, DRUGS or any first class retail business. Address BROADWAY, Herald office.

CORNER STORE AND DWELLING NO. 502 CANAL street—Rent very low; direct thoroughfare to People's Line and Pacific Mail boats, foot of street. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 290 Hudson street.

FINE LARGE AND AIRY ROOMS TO LET—WITH steam power, at 839 West Twenty-fifth street. Apply to the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company, Nos. 9 and 11 Park place, New York.

FIVE LARGE LOFTS, SUITABLE FOR STORAGE OF furniture or other light manufacturing purposes, to let at 43 and 45 West Fifteenth street between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

LOFTS TO LET.—FOUR FINE LOFTS, IN BUILDING 182 Fulton street, corner new church; fine north light; office and water close in hallway; will lease for four years to desirable parties. Apply on the premises, or at LLOYD'S, No. 7 Warren street.

MANUFACTORY TO LET—A LARGE, NEW BUILDing, well lighted on all sides, suitable for any respectable manufacturing purposes. Apply on the premises, 320 West Twenty-second street before 12 M.

OFFICES TO LET—ON BROADWAY, NEAR LEONARD street. Apply to M. THALMESSINGER & CO., stationers, 308 Broadway. Rent moderate.

STEAM POWER, $100 PER YEAR.—HORSE POWER. Rooms of every description to let, with steam power. Apply to H. W. GREENE, 141 Plymouth street, Brooklyn.

STEAM POWER AND SPLENDID ROOM, 40X60, TO let, with every convenience for manufacturing. Inquire at 213 West Twenty-sixth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

STEAM POWER TO LET—WITH ROOMS, LARGE AND small, well lighted and ventilated, with every convenience for manufacturing purposes. Apply to PEEK & BOGART, 163 Bank street, corner of West.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—A SIX STORY NEW BUILDing, well lighted; 44x80, entire or in doors; also Rooms, 44x80. Inquire on premises, 165 West Twenty-seventh street.

STEAM POWER.—TO LET, A FINE LOFT, 50X100, IN new building Nos. 35 and 37 Wooster street, with or without steam power. Apply to J. & W. LYALL.

STEAM POWER, WITH SPLENDIDLY LIGHTED Floors, 35x105 and 25x85, to let. Best power and finest rooms in the city. Apply to the engineer, Nos. 9, 11 and 13 Baxter street.

STEAM POWER AND FINE SHOP ROOMS TO LET—REmarkably well lighted; rent low. Inquire at 222 East Twenty-eighth street, near Third avenue.

STORE TO RENT—THE ELEGANT AND SUBSTANTIAL Store No. 26 Beekman street, a few doors from Nassau street; 20 feet deep; centre and side light; moderate rent. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 290 Hudson street.

STORE—12 VESEY, FIRST FROM BROADWAY; 47 DEY; Lofts, 65 Warren, 144 Chambers, 74 Reade, with many others; also Offices 132 Nassau.
N. C. BISHOP, 242 Broadway.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1, THE FINE STORE, CORNER of Broadway and Broome street, now occupied by E. V. Haughwout & Co., 63 feet front by 100 feet deep; five stories high, besides basement and sub-basement. Apply on premises, or to A. L. ELY, 22 Pine street.

TO LET—AT 533 AND 535 FOURTH AVENUE, Rooms for storage and light manufacturing business. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—TWO LOTS, WITH BRICK BUILDING AND other improvements; suitable for factory or large stables; on West Thirty-ninth street. Inquire of H. JULIAN, 339 West Thirty-ninth street.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER, 3-5 HORSE, A WELL lighted Floor, 25x70, corner Fifteenth street and Tenth avenue.

TO LET—49 BLEECKER STREET, LARGE STORE, with show windows, with a union of three Rooms if desired. Lowest rent in the city. Apply at 95 Elizabeth street.

TO LET—COAL OFFICE, WITH FIXTURES COMplete, good location; established 10 years. Address COAL, Herald office.

TO LET—PLATE GLASS FRONT STORES, WELL LOcated on Third avenue, foot of Murray Hill; very desirable location.
KIDNEY FARLESS & CO., 559 Third avenue.

TO LET—HANDSOME CORNER STORE AND BASEment; plate glass windows; fine location.
KIDNEY, FARLESS & CO., 559 Third avenue.

TO LET—LARGE FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN stone House; two thirds taken in board by family of grown persons. Apply at 315 West Fourteenth street, from 12 to 2.

TO LET—NO. 11 PARK ROW, ENTRANCE NO. 5 ANN street, the Third Floor, 20x40; steam power can be had; rent $400; for a light business.
WESTON, 42 John st.

TO LET—21 AND 23 ANN STREET, THE LARGE Room, on second floor, occupied by the National News Company. Apply on premises to S. C. DOUGLASS.

TO LET—STORE OR ENTIRE BUILDING, 884 BROADway, opposite Arnold, Constable & Co.'s, suitable for any business; very cheap. D. D. ORRELL, 291 Broadway.

TO LET WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM POWER—LOFTS in the new building 114 Fulton street, from 1st May. Apply to TAYLOR & STEARNS, No. 1½ Pine street.

TO LET—A SPLENDID THIRD LOFT, WITH PART OF Fourth; size 50 by 80; in the very best location; 360 Broadway, near Franklin street; well suited for wholesale or manufacturing business; will be let for $1,500 per annum. Inquire on second floor.

TO LET—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, 56 FRONT street, also 36 South street.
CALLENDER & LAURENCE, 30 Pine street.

TO LET—A PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE ON PARLOR floor; has been occupied as such the last five years. 67 West Ninth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR OF 87 THIRD AVENUE, corner of Twelfth street, well lighted, for business. Inquire in store.

TO LET—PREMISES 54 PARK STREET, SUITABLE for manufacturing purposes or storage; lot from 60 to 73 feet wide by 114 feet deep, on long or short lease. Inquire at Astor House carriage office.

TO LET OR LEASE—FIRST FLOOR AND BASEMENT of No. 20 East Eighteenth street, one door from Broadway, suitable for dressmaker, physician, or any genteel business. Use of Ginbrede's window if desired. Apply to OSCAR SMITH, 82 Fifth avenue, corner of Fourteenth street.

TO LEASE—THE OLD ESTABLISHED FRENCH PUBlic House, No. 5 North Moore street, at $1,000 a year. Inquire at C. G. LEVISON, 111 Broadway, room 86, after 11 o'clock.

TO LEASE—13 LOTS, IN WILLIAMSBURG, ON KENT avenue, near ferries, formerly occupied as stove yard, with valuable water front and good bulkhead. ICE CO., 452 Canal street.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

TO LEASE—PLOT OF GROUND 60X100, WITH BRICK Factory 40x60, and brick extension, on Kent avenue, Williamsburg, near ferries. ICE CO., 452 Canal street.

TO RENT—A FOUR STORY BRICK BUILDING, 25X70, in We. Sixteenth street, suitable for manufacturing purposes; hoisting gear complete. Apply to B. WALLACE, 73 Barclay street.

TO RENT—VERY LOW, THE FINEST LOCATION FOR a merchant tailor on Union square. Address S. O. J., Jr., Herald office.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished.

A SMALL FAMILY WILL RENT THEIR HOUSE, furnished, to a desirable tenant who will board owner's family; house is large and new, four story, finely located, near Fifth avenue and Central Park. Address HUDSON, box 2,228 Post office.

ANOTHER REDUCTION IN RENTS FOR FURNISHED and unfurnished Houses, in genteel localities, for private or boarding occupancy. Revised printed list ready.
WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner Seventeenth street.

A.—TO LET, FURNISHED, A BROWN STONE Gothic Cottage, in complete order for housekeeping, including Bed and Table Linen; convenient to Broadway and Eighth avenue cars. Rent from $80 to $100 per month. Apply at 247 West Fifty-fourth street.

AN ELEGANT FOUR STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE and furniture to rent, in West Fifty-sixth street. If desired the largest portion of rent in board.
H. M. DUDLEY, 538 Broadway.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FOUR STORY BROWN stone House, centrally located up town, near Broadway cars, to let, for six months; one floor reserved and part of rent taken in board, by a party making no trouble. To an acceptable tenant terms reasonable. References exchanged. Addre s C. G. O., Herald office.

AT 111 BROADWAY—FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET; call for list; send for permits; examine property; compare rates; submit offers. Enclose stamp for circular.
STANLEY DAY.

A NICE, COMPLETELY FURNISHED THREE STORY high stoop House in East Tenth street, near Broadway, will be rented low for one or two years to a desirable tenant.
E. G. LOCKE, 141 Eighth street, between Broadway and Fourth avenue.

A WELL FURNISHED HOUSE, 19 ROOMS, AT REduced rent. Also an unfurnished House, 440 West Thirty-fourth street, 16 rooms; rent $1,400. Apply to owner, 45 Lexington avenue.

AN ELEGANTLY AND FULLY FURNISHED DESIRAble private Dwelling on Murray Hill, Fifth avenue, to let reasonably to approved party.
V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine street.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED HOUSE, IN THIRTYseventh street, close to Fifth avenue; also in Twenty-third, Nineteenth, Tenth and other streets.
EUGENE CHEVALLIER, 81 Cedar street.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—IN FOURTEENTH street, near Fifth avenue; 21 rooms; full of boarders; desirable opportunity for somebody.
WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner Seventeenth street.

A NUMBER OF FURNISHED HOUSES IN CITY AND country to let; several very desirable. Printed lists for distribution.
HASTINGS, COLVIN & SALMON, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine st.

A FURNISHED HOUSE AND STABLE TO LET—ON 125th street, Audubon Park; gas, bath, furnace and Beebe's range; river view; twenty minutes from Thirteenth street depot. C. A. KIRTLAND, No. 8 Reade street.

AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED FOUR STORY HIGH stoop brown stone House to let—25 feet front, on Forty-eighth street, near Fifth avenue. Address G. W. H., box 598 Post office.

A THREE STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE, 45 WEST Twenty-sixth street, to let—Partially furnished. Apply from 2 to 4 P. M.

AT HARNESS WAREROOMS, 10 COLLEGE PLACE.—Harness for farming, teaming, carting, expressing, livery stables, contractors, coach, coupe, buggy and all other purposes.
Single Harness, complete, $8 to $175 per set.
Double Harness, complete, $20 to $250 per set.
THE TRADES MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—AT YONKERS, FOR one year, to an unexceptionable family; rent $1,200. Address R. T., Post office.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—FROM MAY 1; FOUR story, handsomely and thoroughly furnished; Thirty-third street, near Madison avenue. Apply to owner, W. S. HUMPHREY, 634 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET—IN THE AVENUES and most of the up town cross streets. Apply to ANTON HUBBELL, late S. W. Benedict, 559 Sixth avenue.

TO LET—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED EXTRA sized high stoop brown stone front House, No. 255 West Twenty-third street, with large coach house and stable on rear, fronting on Twenty-fourth street, together with garden attached covering six lots of ground. To a desirable tenant the rent will be reasonable. Apply to E. H. CUSHMAN, No. 5 Wall street.

TO LET—DOUBLE THREE STORY HOUSE, FURnished or unfurnished, 26 rooms; suitable for private mansion or large boarding house. JOHN H. DEAN, 52 William street, New York, room 14.

TO LET—IN NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN, HOUSES, from $600 to $2,500, with all improvements; some furnished, in choice locations, very cheap.
E. M. EASON, No. 1 Centre street.

TO LET—A FOUR STORY BROWN STONE ENGLISH basement House, furnished or unfurnished, immediate possession if desired. Inquire at 114 East Thirtieth street, between 11 and 2.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE ON WEST TWENTYfirst street, three story high stoop brick, in elegant order, to a private family only. Apply to WILLIAM KENNELLY, 32 Pine street.

TO LET—COMFORTABLY FURNISHED THREE STORY stucco House, 11 rooms; every convenience; will be rented very cheap to a desirable tenant. No. 3 Garden street, Brooklyn Heights.

TO LET—THE HOUSE NO. 148 WEST ELEVENTH street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues. These premises are in a good neighborhood and in good order. Parlors furnished with pier and mantel mirrors. Apply at the office 246 Greenwich street, near Robinson.

TO LET—FURNISHED, THE HOUSE NO. 16 WASHington square, third door west of Fifth avenue. These premises are very commodious, handsomely furnished, and will be let on reasonable terms to a private family. Apply to THOMAS PATTEN, 246 Greenwich street, near Robinson.

TO LET—A FINE HOUSE, FURNISHED, ON SIXteenth street, near the Fifth avenue; it is admirably adapted for a physician, dentist, or for business purposes.
J. P. PIERSON, No. 11 Wall street.

TO LET FURNISHED—FROM 1ST MAY TO 1ST November, a small three story high stoop House, near Central Park; to a small, careful family, the rent will be reasonable. Address B., box 163 Herald office.

TO LET—FURNISHED, DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED in best part of Flushing, near depot; 15 rooms, gas, modern improvements, good garden, well stocked, stable, carriage house; commutation $51; rent $1,500. Inquire of DICK & FITZGERALD, 18 Ann street.

TO LET—TO A PRIVATE FAMILY, FOUR STORY brown stone, partially furnished; good location; $100 monthly and board for three. Apply in person. 453 Seventh avenue, above Thirty-fourth street.

TO LET CHEAP OR SELL—THE NEW FOUR STORY brown stone House, high stoop, with all modern improvements and elegantly furnished, handsome hay window, &c.; seventh house west of Ninth avenue and Sixty-first street; high ground, commanding a beautiful view of the Central Park and of the Hudson river for miles. Inquire of the owner, P. M. CLARKE, corner of Fifty-ninth street and Ninth avenue.

TO LET OR LEASE—A VERY HANDSOMELY FURnished brown stone high stoop House, on Park avenue, in fine condition, to a party who would take good care of it; would be rented at a moderate rent. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 8 Pine street.

TO RENT.—A THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, 24x45, IN East Thirty-ninth street; partly furnished; good neighborhood; rent $1,300. Apply to JAMES R. GIBSON, Jr., 77 Cedar street.

TO RENT—FOR ONE YEAR FROM MAY 1 NEXT, A handsomely furnished high stoop brown stone three story and attic. Rent $250 per month. Apply on premises, 235 West Twentieth street.

$125 PER MONTH ONLY—FOR MOST DESIRABLE House, richly and thoroughly furnished; Chickering Piano; stable; good location, 30 minutes from Fulton ferry, Brooklyn. J. ANDREW, 194 Broadway.

$40,000 WORTH OF FURNITURE TO BE SOLD at auction, by ROBERT SOMERVILLE. A rare opportunity for dealers and housekeepers. See Auction column.

Unfurnished.

AT 111 BROADWAY, UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO let.—Call for list, send for permits, examine property, compare rates, submit offers. Enclose stamp for circular.
STANLEY DAY.

A THREE STORY AND EASEMENT BRICK HOUSE, West Nineteenth street; has all the modern conveniences and in good order; rent $1,300.
SMITH & MEAD, 422 Eighth avenue.

A GOOD TENANT CAN HAVE A CHEAP RENT.—The three story high stoop brown stone House, put in the best of order, 339 West Forty-eighth street. Permit apply at 338 West Fiftieth street.

A PHYSICIAN WISHES TO RENT HIS HOUSE TO A small private family of adults, reserving his office, and desires to board with the family. Apply at 12 West Thirty-fifth street, from 11 to 1 only.

A LARGE AND ELEGANT MANSION AND GROUNDS on Washington Heights, suitable for gentleman's residence, public institution or hotel, to let or lease.
G. LESPINASSE, No. 5 Pine street.

A PHYSICIAN IN HARLEM WILL LET HIS HOUSE, reserving office and bedroom, and take Board as part payment. Address M. D., Herald office.

A VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE TO LET—NO. 189 LEXington avenue, with Furniture complete for sale at a sacrifice; house will be rented only to party buying the furniture. Call from 12 M. to 6 P. M.

AN UNFURNISHED FIVE STORY BROWN STONE House to let—In Twenty-first street, near Broadway; very desirable for a physician. WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner seventeenth street.

A.—OVER 100 DESIRABLE HOUSES, VARIOUSLY located, at rents from $300 to $4,000. Printed lists furnished upon application.
HASTINGS, COLVIN & SALMON Nos. 4 and 6 Pine st.

A LARGE FOUR STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE (high stoop) in Forty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, 17 rooms, to rent cheap or for sale on easy terms; lot 20x105, complete order.
ROBERT T. MEEKS, 80 Cedar street.

AN ELEGANT TWO STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE, in good order, with all improvements, in Forty-seventh street, near Sixth avenue, to let; first class location. Possession April 20. PRICE BROTHERS, 650 Eighth avenue.

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF SUBSTANTIAL FURNIture, suitable to the wants of the season, will be sold at auction by R. SOMERVILLE, at his Art Gallery. A rare chance for dealers and others. See auction head.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Unfurnished.

HOUSE TO LET.—A THREE STORY HIGH STOOP brown stone House, with basement and sub-cellar; all modern improvements; 12 well lighted rooms; rent moderate. Inquire of Mrs. H. HIRSCH, 234 Third avenue.

HOUSES TO LET—EIGHTH, NINTH WARDS AND Country Seats for sale in Westchester county and New Jersey. J. C. LEWIS, 527 Greenwich street.

ONE OF THOSE THREE STORY AND BASEMENT cottage brick Houses, 179 East 109th street, near Third avenue.
JOHN SHIRLEY & SON,
65 Wall street or 175 109th street.

TO LET—THE NEW BROWN STONE HOUSE, FOUR story, medium size, No. 23 East Forty-eighth street, near Madison avenue. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—TO ONE OR TWO FAMILIES, THE HOUSE No. 451 West Fifteenth street, containing all modern improvements; size of house 20.1x56.

TO LET—IN WILLIAMSBURG, L. I., A THREE story and basement House in good order; also a Stable on adjoining lot, stalls for nine horses, and large carriage house, three blocks from South Seventh street ferry. Apply on the premises, 36 First street, between South Ninth and South Tenth streets, Williamsburg.

TO LET—THREE FIRST CLASS FOUR STORY Houses, with all modern improvements, on Madison avenue, between Eighty-third and Eighty-fourth streets; rent $2,000. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—THE LARGE AND DESIRABLE DWELLING House, No. 57 Seventh street, with all the improvements, in complete order. Inquire at 13 Barclay street, second loft.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, THREE STORY BROWN stone high stoop House, 130 Hewes, opposite Lee avenue church; all improvements and in perfect order. This is about the most select neighborhood in Brooklyn; rent low. Apply to THOMAS CAHILL, 242 Bowery, New York, or to JAMES C. BADIE, 29 Broadway, Brooklyn, E. D.

TO LET—A THREE STORY AND BASEMENT HOUSE, with all modern improvements; 14 rooms. Rent $660. Apply to J. E. HOLLINGSWORTH, Builder, Astoria.

TO LET—NOS. 686 AND 688 LEXINGTON AVENUE, TWO first class four story brown stone Houses, between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh streets, having all the modern improvements and in complete order; can be seen by applying at No. 688 from 10 till 4. For terms apply to B. BLANCO, 13 South William street.

TO LET—A BROWN STONE FOUR STORY ENGLISH basement House, in excellent order, in West Twelfth street, near Fifth avenue; house 20 by about 60. Terms low. Apply at 115 West Twenty-eighth street.

TO LET—THE FINE 3½ STORY AND BASEMENT HIGH stoop brown stone front House 209 West Thirty-eighth street; rent reduced to $2,200. Inquire of WM. T. THROOP, 240 East Thirty-third street.

TO LET—BROWN STONE FRONT HOUSE 112 PIERREpont street, Brooklyn, in first class order; rent $2,500. Inquire of WILLIAM T. THROOP, 240 East Thirty-third street, New York.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, AT WASHington Heights, a large, fine Dwelling House on 153d street; situation very fine; overlooking the river, being convenient to the depot and steamboat landings, within one hour from City Hall. A. B. MILLS, 156th street and Tenth avenue; 121 Nassau street, room 10.

TO LET—A THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE IN BROOKlyn; modern improvements; good location; convenient to ferries. Carpets and Shades for sale at a sacrifice. To a person buying them house will be rented low. Apply at 10 Fulton street, up stairs, New York.

TO LET—THE BEST HOUSE AROUND ST. JOHN'S Park, on Hudson street, with Mirrors in parlors; all in first class order. Inquire of T. RICE, 149 Hudson street.

TO LET—HOUSE 363 LEXINGTON AVENUE; HOUSE newly painted and in perfect order; will be rented low. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 223 WEST TWENTY-SECOND street, near Seventh avenue, north side of street; all modern improvements. Apply to C. KNOX, 213 Broadway.

TO LET—IN WEST 52D ST., COTTAGE HOUSE..... $900
East 29th st., near Lexington av., b. s. h. s..... 3,000
East 30th st., near 5th av., 4 story b. s..... 3,000
East 28th st., near Madison av., 3 story, per month..... 150
East 11th st., near 4th av., 3 story b. s., furnished, $1,200; or unfurnished $950; high stoop, sub-cellar, &c. Several Houses eligibly situated in Harlem. For particulars and permits apply to GEORGE F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street, Union square.

TO LET—THE MODERN THREE STORY DWELLING House 55 Amity street. For permit apply to T. J. GIBBONS, 109 Bleecker street.

TO LET—THE TWO STORY AND ATTIC DWELLING House 67 Amity street. For permit apply to T. J. GIBBONS, 109 Bleecker street.

TO LET—VERY DESIRABLE THREE STORY AND basement brick House, three rooms deep; 76 West Fourteenth street, near Sixth avenue, with mirrors; all modern improvements. R. MACLAY, 422 Canal street.

TO LET—AT A BARGAIN, A THREE STORY HIGH stoop brown stone House in Eighty-fourth street, near the Park, at the rate of $1,000 a year. Inquire at 334 East Ninety-third street. D. FRANK.

TO LET—THE THREE STORY AND BASEMENT HOUSE 229 West Thirty-third street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; has all modern conveniences; extension and laundry. Can be seen between 2 and 5 P. M. Rent low to a responsible tenant.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, TWELFTH STREET, NO. 111, between Third and Fourth avenues; rent $460 per year; gas, water, heaters; 25 minutes from Fulton ferry, South Brooklyn; good neighborhood. Apply to J. J. MOUNTAIN, 65 Fulton street, New York.

TO LET—A NEW THREE STORY HIGH STOOP brick House, 12 rooms, on Fifty-seventh street, near Tenth avenue; rent $1,100.
CALLENDER & LAURENCE, 30 Pine street.

TO LET $800—NO. 19 MACON STREET, NEAR FULTON avenue, Brooklyn; new three story dwelling, 12 rooms; all improvements; elegant locality.
CALLENDER & LAURENCE, 30 Pine street.

TO LET—THE SPLENDID FOUR STORY HOUSE, NO. 93 Clinton place, containing about 22 rooms, with all modern improvements. Apply to SIMEON GERTMANN, 43 Leonard street.

TO LET—THE HOUSE 267 WEST TWENTY-SECOND street, with all improvements; 18 rooms; neighborhood first class; rent $1,650. For permits apply to THOMAS FANNING, 40 East Fourth street, near Bowery.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED, TEN MINUTES FROM CENtral Park; only $1,200 rent for a new four story brown stone House, 20 feet front. Apply at 57 Cedar street, room No. 8.

TO LET—THE HOUSE NO. 147 WEST TWENTYseventh street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, 12 rooms, all improvements; rent $1,300. For permits apply to THOMAS FANNING, No. 40 East Fourth street, near Bowery.

TO LET—THE DWELLING PORTION OF THE House on southwest corner of Thirty-third street and Second avenue. Apply to ROBERT I. BROWN, 192 Broadway.

TO LET CHEAP—FIRST CLASS FULL SIZED THREE story high stoop brown stone House, corner Fifty-ninth street and Fourth avenue; sunken area; bay window. Apply on premises.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE DESIRABLE FOUR story and basement House 38 University place; fine business location; rent low. Apply to DREW & CO., 175 Fifth avenue, or A. M. DAVIDSON, 114 Lexington avenue.

TO RENT—THE MODERN STYLE DWELLING HOUSES Nos. 57 North Moore street and 12 Hubert street; all the improvements; in good order; reasonable rent. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 290 Hudson street.

TO RENT—GENTEEL DWELLING, WITH ALL THE improvements, corner Hudson and North Moore streets, 14 rooms, capital order; the Furniture would be sold at very reasonable figures. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 290 Hudson street.

TO RENT—THREE STORY ENGLISH BASEMENT 338 West Thirtieth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues; all modern improvements; rent low to a good tenant. Apply next door.

TO RENT—A TWO STORY AND ATTIC BRICK House, 25x50, on Eleventh street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues. Rent $1,500 per annum. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, 44 Pine street.

TO RENT CHEAP—FINE NEW TWO STORY, BASEment and Mansard roof House, 13 rooms, water and gas; beautiful location, near Harlem river, $400; also fine, large furnished Mansion, 25 rooms, suitable for boarding house; splendid location, near the city. GEO. F. BOSWICK, 19 Nassau street, late 202 Broadway.

TEN LARGE HOUSES, IN GOOD LOCATIONS, $2,000 to $3,000; fifty smaller, $700 to $2,000; a splendid House, Fifty-third street, 12 rooms, $750. Cut this out and keep it. Call between 1 and 6 daily. FROEHLICH & CO., 350 Bowery.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO LET—BY T. J. GIBBONS, 109 Bleecker street.
55 Amity street.
67 Amity street.
3 Abingdon square.
456½ Broome street.
117 East Twelfth street.
741 Greenwich street.
301 Prince street.
108 Bleecker street.
135 Thompson street.
183 Thompson street.
131 West Twentieth street.
17 Waverley place.
147 Waverley place.
156 Wooster street.
86th street, near Fifth avenue.
194 Bleecker street.
99 Bleecker street.
21 Greene street.

9TH WARD.—TO LET, THE TWO AND A HALF story House 284 West Fourth street; containing ten rooms, bath and range, g as. Inquire at 225 West Fourth street.

100 HOUSES TO RENT, IN THE CITY, FROM 7TH street to Harlem.—7th street, 14th street, 16th street, 18th street, 20th street, 27th street, 28th street, 30th street, 32d street, 33d street, 34th street, 35th street, 37th street, 38th street, 39th street, 41st street, 44th street, 45th street, 49th street, 50th street, 60th street, 75th street, 80th street, 91st street, and a large number of others. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, 454 Third avenue, near Thirty-first street.

277 HENRY STREET, BROOKLYN, TO LET—RENT $1,100; house first class; all improvements; 12 rooms; three story, high basement and cellar.
MOORE, 275 Clinton street, corner Degraw.

1,237 BROADWAY.—A LEASE OF THREE YEARS; moderate rent to a responsible party; contains gas, hot and cold water apparatus and bath room. Inquire of JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 7 Warren street, or of GEO. PARSONS & CO., 12 Park place.

$1,500 PER YEAR FOR A FIRST CLASS FOUR story brown stone House on Forty-ninth street; one large House, 22 rooms, rent $2,500; good neighborhood. A. SERGEANT, 21 Wall street.

$1,500.—TO LET, THE FIRST CLASS NEW four story brown stone House No. 2 East Eighty-sixth street, within a few feet of the Central Park; splendid location. Apply to E. N. TAILEE, Jr., 101 Franklin street.

ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

A HANDSOME PARLOR FLOOR AND TWO BASEments; unexceptionable neighborhood; rent $820 per month; more Bedrooms if required. Call from 12 to 3 at 206 East Sixteenth street, third house east of Third avenue.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET A PARLOR FLOOR, unfurnished, of three rooms, with all modern improvements, to a gentleman and wife; rent $37 50. New No. 158 West Twenty-sixth street.

A FIRST FLOOR—CONTAINING NINE ROOMS, ON the European plan, having all modern improvements, to let, also, on the second floor, A Floor, containing five rooms, at a low rent. No 43 West Thirteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

A LADY, OCCUPYING PLEASANT ROOMS AT 274 West Fourth street, desires to let them, from the middle of June until the 10th of September; all conveniences for housekeeping. Rent moderate.

A FRONT AND BACK ROOM AND HALL BEDROOM on third floor to let; gas and water; $25 per month; no children. 45 Third street.

A GREAT BARGAIN TO A GOOD TENANT.—THE Upper Part of the three story high stoop brown stone House to let, consisting of seven rooms; splendidly adapted for housekeeping; will be put in good order. 311 West Fifteenth street.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET TO PERMANENT first class parties (one or two gentlemen) a splendid Parlor and Bedroom connecting; location, house and furniture first class. Apply on the premises, 53 East Tenth street, between Broadway and University place.

AN UPPER PART OF A HOUSE TO LET—SECOND and third floors, in fine location. Apply at 318 West Twenty-seventh street.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WOULD LET A WELL FURnished front and back Room; pantries, bath and other conveniences adjoining, with use of parlor; $60 per month. No. 851 West Thirty-fifth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

A NUMBER OF DESIRABLE FLOORS, IN GOOD order, some with all modern improvements, on Sixth avenue, from $320 to $375 per month. Also Apartments. WATERLOW & CO., 885 Sixth avenue, corner Fiftieth street.

A LONE LADY WILL LET A LARGE FRONT ROOM, with the use of kitchen, or would Board two ladies at 111 West Thirty-first street, near Sixth avenue.

A SUIT OF FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—SUITABLE for housekeeping; gas, bath, hot and cold water; private house; cars convenient; $12 50 per week. 11 (17) Abingdon square.

APARTMENTS—SECOND FLOOR, 5 ROOMS, ALL communicating; 218 East Forty-fifth street, near Third avenue; gas and water; one family in house; rent $25; also lower part 219 East Twenty-eighth street, 7 rooms, $45; also second floor, 4 rooms, 235 East Twenty-eighth street, $28.
ROBT. G. RICHARDS, 953 Broadway.

A SUIT, OR FLAT, OF FIVE ROOMS TO LET—TO A small family of respectability, in the New "European House," 78 West Forty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, and extending half a block on Sixth avenue. Has every necessary convenience for genteel housekeeping; a Beebe range, hot and cold water, bathroom, fireplace heater; gas fixtures, with separate meter; laundry room, elevator; halls and stairs furnished, lighted and kept in order; a porter in attendance, &c., &c. Apply as above or to JOHN H. TRENOR, Lyric Hall, 722 Sixth avenue.

A THIRD FLOOR, SIX ROOMS, TO A SMALL FAMILY of adults; water and gas; rent $25. Apply at No. 8 Gansevoort street, between Hudson street and Eighth avenue.

BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, are offered for the season, without board. Neither children nor boarders. 51 West Twenty-fourth street.

FLATS TO LET—EIGHT ROOMS; ALL IMPROVEments; to be in modern houses something new. Call and look at them before you rent.
KIDNEY, FARLESS & CO., 552 Third avenue.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—IN A PRIVATE GERman family, to gentlemen, without board; references exchanged. 105 West Twenty-first street.

NICE SITTING AND BED ROOM, CONNECTING, FIRST floor, furnished for housekeeping; water on floor and everything comfortable; near cars, Brooklyn; $24 50 weekly.
J. ANDREW, 194 Broadway.

SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED ROOMS, EN SUITE OR singly; every comfort provided for light housekeeping; also Parlor Floor for business; will lease. 61 Bleecker street, four doors east of Broadway.

SECOND FLOOR TO LET—AT 19 PERRY STREET. TO a small family only; bath, gas, &c. Inquire between 1 and 4.

SECOND FLOOR TO LET—FUR

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Last Night's Revels at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

Speeches, Flowers and a General "Jubilee"—Addresses by Senator Revels, Henry Ward Beecher, H. Highland Garnett and Others.

Following in the "wake" of the friends, relatives and supporters of the Anti-Slavery Society, who held watch and ward over that "dead body" for the last few days in New York, the citizens of color and otherwise of Brooklyn held a grand demonstration to ratify the fifteenth amendment last evening at the Academy of Music of the City of Churches. The spacious building was overcrowded with an audience independent of "caste," and was decorated with national bunting sufficient to make a carpet for Broadway from Union square to the Battery. Light and "shade" commingled in the most beautiful contrast when the gas was thrown on, and the countenances of the

ARISTOCRACY OF ETHIOPIA

shone "under the gaslight" with a glory and brilliancy which none but the countenances of freedmen could depict in all the gushing rigor of "the day of Jubilo."

THE BRAZEN THROAT

of a brassy band shot enthusiasm into the hearts of the audience for as good as three quarters of an hour before "the feast of reason" and the rhetoric inspired by the occasion commenced, and the preliminary exhibitions both before and behind the scenes worked in perfect harmony and accord, up to the moment when "there were sounds of revelry by night." On the rear of the stage was a numerous array of sable boys and girls, the former in nice clean frocks and the latter in habiliments suitable to their complexions—all giving promise of a glorious future for the rising generation and evidently schooled to keep pace with the "progress of the age."

BEECHER'S CALL FOR FLOWERS

had a floricultural response. Flora gaily decked the platform with bouquets of roses, lilies, violets and geraniums and floral stands of hothouse plants, giving to the speakers, the colored children, the reporters, including Mrs. Shepherd, of the *Star*, who represented the "sixteenth amendment," a village look of festive appearance.

THE BALL OPENED.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, accompanied by the lion of the evening, Senator Revels, entered on the stage about eight o'clock, and passed through an cavalcade of colored men to a prominent seat, amid boisterous cheering. The exercises opened with an appropriate prayer by the Rev. Mr. Gould, after which

Mr. AMOS M. FREEMAN (colored) announced himself the duly constituted president of the meeting and made a few remarks.

"My Country, 'Tis of Thee," was then sung by the "rising generation" in the rear of the stage aforementioned. This was followed by applause, and the band struck up a lively air, which, having died away on the echoes of the night,

"THE PROCLAMATION"

was read which gives freedom, power and glory to the colored race in America.

Resolutions were then read by Ransom E. Wait, expressive of the spirit of the meeting and stating that the colored race accepted the amendment to the constitution with praise to God and gratitude to the Anti-Slavery Society and the Union League; that they wished for further laws to carry out the fifteenth amendment; that they asked for no special legislation in their favor, but that their rights in reference to the ballot should be maintained, and that it was the right of every qualified citizen not only to vote but be voted for. (Applause, mingled with hisses.)

Schuyler Colfax wrote a letter which was then read; also one from Reuben E. Fenton, ex-Governor of the State; one from Roscoe Conkling, and one from Wendel Phillips, all vowing eternal allegiance to the carrying out of the amendment to its final issue.

SPEECH BY REV. W. T. DIXON.

Rev. W. T. DIXON, in announcing the words at the outset of his speech, "Fellow citizens of the United States" said that he now knew no difference between black and white, for although a familiar title enough to many in the audience it was unfamiliar to the colored people. Now there was no difference in citizenship. (Cheers.) Pointing to one of the flags over the balcony he said that that flag was never before what it was to-night. Previously the white man had all the stars and the

BLACK MAN ALL THE STRIPES.

The colored people did not hate anybody; they only hated their principles. That which surprised him was that the Irishmen, who come over here from an enslaved country, should join the democratic party, for he pitied every poor soul who was under the democratic heel to-day. After a few remarks in the same direction had been spoken with great fervor he proposed a slight deviation from the programme, and asked the congregation to rise and sing, "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," to the tune of "Old Hundred." The vast audience responded heartily, with an an undertone accompaniment by the brass band that helped the fine old psalm tune greatly. The audience was in the humor for anything in the shape of enthusiasm, and the speaker said that as they had praised God he now proposed three cheers for the republican party, which were promptly given, and after this three cheers to Abraham Lincoln's memory.

NINE CHEERS TO PRESIDENT GRANT

and three cheers for John Brown and Wendell Phillips, both the people got quite hoarse.

The band then played Balfe's

"WHEN OTHER LIPS,"

which had no personal reference, we presume, to the other lips of the fair sables in the auditorium.

MISS MAURITIUS LYONS,

a young lady in a cream-colored satin evening dress, with the usual fashionable train and a short skirt of purple silk, with the white national spangled star glittering thereon, delivered an inspiriting poem on "Liberty" with enthusiastic effect, and in a style of elocution that ladies of a fairer complexion would do well to imitate.

REV. HENRY HILAND GARNETT

said that the audience before him was beautiful because there was variety there. (Laughter and cheers.) Some years ago, when the horrors of slavery were before their eyes, who could have foreseen the meeting of that night; that seven years after that this people, so strong in their prejudices, would hail with acclamation the ratification of the fifteenth amendment, that places the colored population on a level with the Irish and the German. In reference to the selling of the votes and possible bribery among the colored people, he said that he had no doubt there would be some "spurious negroes" who would sell their votes. But if they did they would only follow the example of those who ought to have taught them better. The great democratic party voted against the ratification, and New York, too, tried to

UPSET THE CATSKILL MOUNTAINS

and some of their democratic friends, who loved the colored people so tenderly. Now if there was a black man under the sun who would vote for the democratic party—well, he would not hurt him, but they would quietly read him out of respectable black society. The democrats must not be offended, but the principles of democracy were rotten to the core. (Cheers.)

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER,

who, on introducing Senator Revels, said that at last we saw a complete and a fruit-bearing tree of liberty in this land. Nearly one hundred years ago the Declaration of Independence declared the equality of all men, yet almost immediately upon this announcation of this truth came on the blight of slavery. If the whole of his childhood and his second childhood were left out all the rest of his life had been spent in this great work to right his country; to make her worthy not only of love, but venerated for her justice. The colored people, they were told, were not fit for the duties that would be imposed upon them. They had shown that they were for on the plantation they were as docile as lambs, but in the army they were brave as lions. No people had been more thirsty for education than the colored people had been; and no people had so well prepared themselves for their duties. He said that as a representative of the white people, for though not delegated to be that representative, still he believed he might assume it—(loud cheers)—he gladly welcomed a fellow citizen of another race—Senator Revels. (Cheers.)

BEECHER AND REVELS HAND IN HAND.

Mr. Beecher then took the hand of Mr. Revels, and as they both on the platform the audience cheered and shouted; and the waving of the white handkerchiefs over so many black heads and faces was a striking contrast. Mr. Beecher, when silence was obtained, then introduced Senator Revels formally and cordially to the meeting.

SPEECH OF SENATOR REVELS.

Senator REVELS said his heart melted with gratitude to the great Father of mercies for His manifest munificence. (Applause.) It was better to be sinned against than sinning. It was known to all how patiently the Southern slaves endured their bondage. He, who had every opportunity to sound the depth of their hearts, knew how earnestly they prayed for their freedom. Their faith was unwavering, and when the time came for its exercise the keenness of their perception was most admirable and their conduct such as to merit the highest praise. As many a Northern man could testify, when fleeing from a Southern prison, the sight of a black man's face was his hope and joy, and his only hope and means of escape. (Applause.) There was surpassing beauty in the black face throughout the war, for in it was security, hope and refuge. Not a single instance was there in which a black man betrayed trust, and they succored and guarded the helpless young offspring of their task masters. Those who were engaged in rebellion fully believed that the sight of their masters would frighten the colored troops from fighting. But that was now dissipated. At considerable length Senator Revels reviewed the part taken by the slaves in the war, reading an elaborate essay descriptive of incidents of the war, which fell heavily upon an audience that was in a mood to rejoice—to laugh rather than to learn.

General WOODFORD afterwards addressed the audience in a short address. Music, accompaniments and addresses brought the "Jubilee Day" to a close at a late hour.

THE ALTAR OF LIBERTY.

Enthusiastic Cuban Meeting at Irving Hall—Spontaneous Offerings to the Cause of Freedom—The Daughters of the "Queen of the Antilles" Rivalling the Women of Carthage.

Once more have the fair daughters of Cuba given evidence of the sincerity of their sympathies for the noble cause of the freedom of their native sod. Not even the rage of the storm that prevailed last evening could restrain their ardor to answer the appeal made on behalf of their struggling brethren. The impulsive Southern blood that flows through their veins shone forth prominently, not in flowery words, but in acts of sacrifice, of self-abnegation. Jewels and trinkets, even to articles so much prized by young ladies of all classes, were indiscriminately deposed upon the altar of freedom, and one and all came forward to offer a tribute to the flag of the republic of Cuba. It must, however, not be supposed that the ladies alone contributed to this noble cause. Cuba was well represented, and that also by men, both colored and white, who were eager in their mutual congratulations respecting the anticipated succor that would accrue to those who are shedding their blood upon the field of battle. At eight o'clock General Quesada, accompanied by Colonel Varona, Chaplain M. French and a few friends, ascended the platform and were greeted with hearty cheers by the audience. After a short prelude performed by a military band the General advanced and addressed the meeting. In his speech he stated that since his arrival in this city he had constantly hoped to have an opportunity to address the Cubans resident here, united. Business connected with promises made to his brothers in arms, however, had hitherto prevented him from carrying out his project. Could they for a moment doubt the love he bore towards them, or his devotion to his country? Schooled in misfortune, a poor soldier of fortune, he could not command eloquence and would therefore make no pretensions. Calumnious reports had been spread respecting him, and more than once had reached his ear, but he had a salve for all such evils, and that was forgiveness. Moreover, such trifles could not raise obstacles in his path when he was striving to convert

SLAVERY INTO THE PARADISE OF LIBERTY.

Soon he hoped to return to his country, and felt sure that he would not go alone. He was strong in the conviction that all good patriots would join him under the banner of independence. If they would be spared to live their lot would be freedom; if doomed to die it would be immortality.

Colonel VARONA next rose, and, in an eloquent and telling speech, warmed up his hearers to the real object of the meeting. Touching upon the misguided rule of Spain he laid stress upon the necessity of providing means wherewith to complete the aim of the insurrection in Cuba. Especially the wealthy Cubans should consider this fact. The lower classes can be excused in many cases on account of ignorance, but in the presence of education and wealth there was none. If support is granted it must be effective. Several obstacles had presented themselves in this country to the recognition of the Cubans as belligerents, such as

SUMNER, FISH AND THE ALABAMA CLAIMS,

and that was generally well known. If the necessary means were forthcoming they would soon possess a flourishing island. If not it would be an island of ashes and

ONE HUGE CEMETERY.

The cross had to be borne, and it were better that each one should bear his share cheerfully and contribute his mite.

General QUESADA now proposed that some members of the audience should come forward, even ladies, for in the cause of freedom they had shown themselves fully equal to the men.

General ARISMENDI, of Venezuela, presented himself and addressed a few words expressive of the high sentiments he entertained of the cause of Cuba and his desire to aid it by his personal efforts.

Señor HOSTOS, of Porto Rico, was the next speaker, and his appeal was most effective. Alluding to the struggle now being carried on in the Spanish colonies in the West Indies he argued how useless such efforts must be unless effectively aided by the requisite means. He also touched upon the coolness that had been shown to the cause of freedom by those whose duty it was to sacrifice their all for the independence of their native soil. Complaints had been made respecting the inefficient action of the Junta, but the reason was simply that it had not the necessary means at its disposal. The present situation was serious in the extreme, and he hoped that all would understand what was wanted.

Chaplain M. FRENCH then rose and addressing the meeting expressed the fervency of the love he bore for the Cuban cause. He hoped that the day was not far distant when they would all meet in Liberty Hall in the city of Havana.

THE CAPITAL OF FREE CUBA.

The government of the United States had many difficulties to contend with; but he was sure that the Cuban cause had the sympathies of Senators, members of Congress and the American people in general. The cause of freedom would ever be blessed with divine protection, and that fact had been verified in the late war in this country. Even in spite of the protection granted to the South by France, England and other Powers, liberty had triumphed. If Cuba can free herself single-handed so much the more to her credit. As to Spain, she is poor indeed, and it would be an act of kindness towards her on the part of the United States government to recognize the Cuban insurgents as belligerents. Surely no nobler cause could exist than that of liberating a sister country from the yoke of oppression, and as such he appealed to all those who could afford to lend. It would be money well invested and sure to receive a good return.

Señor SERAPIO RECIO then arose and in a short and eloquent speech alluded to the sacrifices made by the Roman women, and earnestly called upon each one to aid the cause of freedom, even were it ever so trifling.

Here the speaker deposited his gold watch and diamond ring upon the Cuban flag that covered the table amidst thundering applause. When the cheering and clapping of hands had somewhat subsided he added that he sincerely hoped that that diamond might be converted into powder that would prove as terrible in its effects as the lustre of a diamond excelled everything else in brightness.

General Quesada stepped forward and deposited his watch in like manner, and then followed a scene that probably has never before been witnessed in this city or land. Offerings came rushing in from all sides.

WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND TRINKETS

were hurriedly grasped in the enthusiasm of the moment, and all were anxious to be foremost to give positive evidence of their devotion to the cause of their struggling brethren. Thundering cheers rent the air as each successive gift was handed up, and great was the excitement caused in cautiously catching the many objects that were handed from the gallery. In fact the allusion to the women of sparta proved that not only were such acts to be found among the ancients, but that noble hearts still exist, and can be found in our midst, when called upon, to assist a noble cause.

When the commotion had cooled down General Quesada thanked the donors in the name of his country, remarking that being unable to express his gratitude he could only assure them all that he had a heart to love them and a sword to defend them.

Señor HOSTOS remarked that such enthusiasm was better than flowing words; it was effective. The events of the evening would be handed down in history as a phase in the history of Cuba.

The meeting concluded by Chaplain M. French handing his watch to General Quesada, remarking that, as a soldier, he must keep his men up to time, and begging him to use it with that intent, to be returned when they met again in Liberty Hall in Havana.

It was difficult to form an exact idea of the value of the articles presented, but a rough guess would induce the estimate of at least between $8,000 and $10,000 having been collected last evening.

DOMESTIC DESOLATION.

Strange Developments in Matrimonial Life—The Wife of a Wall Street Broker Fighting for Her Offspring—Maternal Love Finds Repose in a Lock-Up.

A somewhat singular and in many respects novel charge of assault and battery, in which Mrs. Johanna Spaerry, wife of a Wall street broker, was the defendant, came up before Justice Hauptman, at Morrisania, Westchester county, yesterday afternoon. The causes which have led to the alleged offence are numerous and complex, being the product of many years of domestic strife and matrimonial misery on the part of defendant and her husband, Charles Constantine Spaerry, an insurance broker. That the parties referred to lived most unhappily together it is only necessary here to state, and that during the past year the wife was compelled to enter several complaints before a Morrisania Justice of the Peace against her husband for brutal treatment; the result being that he was required to give bonds to keep the peace towards her. They lived together until recently at High Bridge, where the husband still resides on his property, which is said to be quite considerable, while his wife is

AN EXILE FROM HER HOME

and is denied the custody of her children. It was while struggling for the possession of the youngest of her offspring that the alleged offence was committed.

From the statement of Mrs. Spaerry it appears that after nine years of domestic unhappiness, she and her husband agreed upon a separation last May, the obligations entered into by both parties being formally drawn up by lawyers on each side. The contract awarded her forty-two dollars per month alimony, and also stipulated that she should retain possession of the youngest child (a girl of three years), for whose support she was to receive fifteen dollars per month. It was also agreed that Spaerry should keep the two eldest children, while a mutual compact permitted the parents to see their offspring as often as they might see fit. The wife states that this alimony was only paid punctually for the first month, and after that time it was with difficulty that she succeeded in obtaining sums of five or ten dollars occasionally, until the allowance ceased altogether. Having now

NEITHER SHELTER NOR SUPPORT

she was advised by her lawyer to go to the house of her husband and reassume her rightful position of wife. With the babe in her arms she arrived at the home of her husband and children last November, and on her knees she implored a reconciliation, but was sternly repulsed. In addition to this the husband forcibly took possession of her remaining child, and, while with enraged maternal instinct she was struggling to regain her last consolation, the little one was hurried into a carriage which was driven rapidly away. Banished ruthlessly from her home and bereft of the objects of her most tender solicitude, Mrs. Spaerry returned to New York and accepted the position of nurse in a respectable German family up town, where she still remains the recipient of a generous sympathy. Ardently longing to regain possession of her youngest child, the mother, accompanied by a friend from the city and a colored driver, proceeded a few days ago to the house of her husband. Here she was met by the housekeeper, who attempted to take the child after the mother had caught it up in her arms and was bearing it away. This unwarrantable attempt, which was accompanied by vile appellations and opprobrious epithets, goaded almost to madness the

OUTRAGED FEELINGS OF THE MOTHER,

impelling her to strike her accuser. A scuffle followed between the mother and the servant, during which one of Spaerry's employés drew a pistol, for which he was promptly knocked down by the friend who had accompanied Mrs. Spaerry. The housekeeper, Mary Hirschtoaum, then caused Mrs. Spaerry to be arrested on a charge of assault and battery, when

MOTHER AND CHILD WERE LOCKED UP

in the Town Hall, and there they remained until next day, when Mrs. Spaerry was promptly bailed by her friends. Meantime Justice Hauptman took charge of the child until the question of its custody should be settled by a higher court. Finding the little one troublesome, however, he awarded it to the custody of its father on the following day, placing the latter under bonds not to take it out of the jurisdiction of the court.

All the parties were represented by counsel yesterday, and after hearing the evidence the Court dismissed the charge of assault and battery. Much sympathy is manifested for the deserted wife and now childless mother, who in her husband's less prosperous days largely contributed to the sunshine of his home, and who by thrift and economy in years gone by assisted to lay the the foundation of the affluent position he now enjoys, while she is depending for a sustenance on the commiserating charity of strangers.

NEW YORK CITY.

The Sunday Rioters—Mysterious and Violent Deaths—Stabbing Affray—Railroad Collision—The Pensioners—A Revolutionary Relic—Miscellaneous News Items.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature of the weather for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, HERALD Building, Broadway, corner of Ann street:—

	1869.	1870.		1869.	1870.
3 A. M.	47	42	3 P. M.	51	53
6 A. M.	45	52	6 P. M.	49	51
9 A. M.	50	53	9 P. M.	49	49
12 M.	52	56	12 P. M.	48	48

Average temperature yesterday 51
Average temperature for corresponding date last year 48¾

General Sharpe, the new United States Marshal, has announced his determination of not making any changes or appointments in his office during the present week.

Justice Cox, at Jefferson Market, yesterday committed George Underwood and John Cogan, in default of $1,500 bail each, to answer a charge of beating Joseph Colean, of the House of Detention, on the head and body with a club, on Sunday afternoon, severely injuring him.

A great deal of annoyance and damage is caused daily in this city in consequence of the habit of boys carrying about with them and using bean and pea shooters, to the great detriment of sundry windows and the danger of pedestrians' eyes. Can the police look out for them?

The Sunday rioters who are charged with attacking officers of the Twentieth and Twenty-ninth precincts, the facts of which have already appeared in the HERALD, were yesterday morning arraigned before Justice Cox, at Jefferson Market, and committed in default of $300 bail each for their future good behavior.

The body found in the dock foot of Warren street, Northr iver, a few days ago, under suspicious circumstances, having a fracture of the skull, some cuts on the head, &c., has been identified as that of Daniel Grew, a youth nineteen years of age, and born in Ireland. He had been missing for eight or nine weeks, and when last seen was intoxicated.

A singular accident or a fatal character occurred yesterday at the corner of Greenwich and Canal streets. It appears that John Moran, a youth of fifteen years of age, while riding on the top of dummy engine No. 8 of the Hudson River Railroad, was knocked off by his head coming in contact with the elevated railroad and almost instantly killed.

By special order from the Department of the Interior, Pension Office at Washington, dated March 2, the Board of Examining Surgeons for the Pension Bureau, in the city of New York is reduced to five members, namely:—Dr. M. K. Hogan, Dr. James Ferguson, Dr. Charles Phelps, Dr. William O'Meagher, Dr. Passmore Treadwell. The Board will meet on Wednesday, the 28th inst., and on Wednesday in every week in future, at ten o'clock A. M., for the examination of pensioners.

Browne & Spaulding have in their possession an interesting relic of the Revolution. It is a magnificent gold snuff box presented by Louis XVI. of France to Colonel John Laurens, special envoy to the Court of Versailles from the Continental Congress. On the cover is a beautiful medallion of the royal donor set in brilliants. Over one hundred diamonds are used in the setting. It was a high mark of favor from the *ancien regime* of France to the representative of an infant republic.

Michael Touhey, while intoxicated in the liquor saloon corner of Bank and Washington streets, yesterday afternoon, stabbed William Averill, of 12 Bank street, in the left cheek with a pocket knife, inflicting a severe wound. He was arrested by an officer of the Ninth precinct, and subsequently arraigned before Justice Cox, at Jefferson Market, when a complaint of felonious assault was preferred against him, to which he pleaded guilty, and was committed in default of $1,500 bail to answer at the General Sessions.

Yesterday morning, while car No. 61 of the Belt Railroad was on its up town trip loaded with passengers, the horses took fright at the corner of Twenty-eight street and Tenth avenue at the dummy engine of a down town freight train of the Hudson River Railroad. The horses dashed madly across the track of the Hudson River Railroad, dragging the car and passengers with them. There was a panic amongst the passengers for a moment, the next moment a crash, as the engine came in collision with and wrecked the street car. The passengers miraculously escaped injury.

The annual meeting of the veterans of the Seventh regiment, National Guard, was held last evening at Delmonico's, Colonel Marshal Lefferts presiding. The attendance was quite large, and many prominent officers were present. A committee was appointed to carry out the necessary arrangements for their usual summer excursion, and the following officers elected to fill vacancies in the Board of Management:—Major, Emmons Clark; Chaplain, Rev. S. D. Dennison; Paymaster, Henry H. Holly; Commissary, Gilbert L. Arrowsmith; Captains, Louis B. Rader, James M. Wilson, James Bleecker, Thomas M. Adriance; Lieutenants, James Price, George Moore Smith, David L. Baker, Louis Fitzgerald; Inspectors of Election for 1871, William A. Speight, Charles H. Covell, J. C. Rushton. After a pleasant talk and an indulgence in a collation provided for the occasion the meeting adjourned.

NEW ORLEANS RACES.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11, 1870.

This was the sixth and last day of the spring meeting of the Metairie Jocky Club. The attendance was very large and the track was in good condition. The mile heats race for beaten horses for a purse of $500, $100 to the second horse, was won by Emma Maretta, as follows:—

George Cadwallader's b. m. Emma Marella, by Vandal, dam Fannie G., by imp. Margrave, five years old	1	1
John McDonald	5	2
G. B. Ryerson's b. g. Lancer, four years old, by Lexington, dam by imp. Albion	3	3
Morgan Scout	4	4
H. Chappell's c. f. Alice Pool, three years old, by Tilt, dam Ida, by Glencoe	2 dis	

Time, 1:50½—1:46.

The National Double Eagle Stake, sweepstakes for all ages, four mile heats; two double eagles entrance, play or pay; club purse, fifty double eagles, second horse to receive ten double eagles, third horse to receive his entrance money (eight subscribers), was won by Carrie Atherton, as follows:—

Richards and Kilgour's b. m. Carrie Atherton, 5 years, by Lexington, dam Glycern by imp. Sovereign	3	1	1
G. B. Ryerson's c. g. Colonel Roberts, 3 years, by Rogers, dam by the Colonel	2	2	2
W. H. Chappell's b. h. King Tom, 5 years, by Lexington, dam Tona by imp. Yorkshire	5	4	3
James Thompson's br. m. Lobela, 6 years, by Bonnie Scotland, dam Capitola	4	dis.	

Time, 7:40¾—7:40¾—7:56.

JERSEY CITY CHARTER ELECTION.

The charter election in Jersey City takes place to-day and as it is the first election since the consolidation of Jersey, Hudson and Bergen into one municipality the result is looked for with unusual interest. There are three tickets in the field, the democratic, the republican and the Citizens' Association, the latter comprising nearly all the honest and independent men of the city, and from all appearances their ticket will be elected. Both the democratic and republican tickets comprise politicians notorious for trickery and dishonesty. The citizens have organized to defeat such a set of unscrupulous office-seekers. The Boulevard question will be decided also, and the tickets with "No Avenues" will be in a sweeping majority, as the people everywhere are opposed to the scheme. Mayor Sawyer, of Hudson City, swore in thirty special policemen last night, and gave strict orders in regard to repeaters. Twenty-five repeaters were taken from the Washington Market, in New York, and sent by a prominent democratic candidate to Hudson City to lodge for the night and commence operations early this morning. Recorder Aldridge soon received information, and it is probable that before this notice reaches them they will have tasted of the sweets of Jersey law. Five gangs are located in Jersey City, and two will be brought over by the Pavonia ferry this morning. The entire plan of operations was discovered by detectives employed by the Citizens' Association. Chief of Police Fowler, in Jersey City, issued an order which, if fairly carried out, will frustrate the game of repeating.

CHARTER ELECTION AT TRENTON, N. J.

The Trenton charter election was held yesterday, and unusual excitement prevailed through the day and up to a late hour last night. A good deal of speculation was indulged in during the past week as to which party the colored element would support, and Sambo was almost hugged to death by the small politicians of both parties. Although the privilege of unqualified suffrage lately granted to the negro has been bitterly commented upon by some Trentonians, yet there was no ill feeling manifested yesterday as each batch of colored men approached the polls to exercise for the first time the full right of American citizens. As the full returns could not be ascertained until to-day it is impossible to give the result of the polling with any degree of accuracy. The contest was very close in some of the wards, especially in the Third and Fourth, where the dissensions in the democratic ranks favored the election of the opposing candidate. The city was carried by the democracy, although the majority of last spring was considerably reduced in consequence of the colored vote, which was entirely republican. Mayor Napton was re-elected, and the democrats have a majority in the Common Council as well as in the Board of Chosen Freeholders.

SINGULAR CASE OF INSANITY.

There was removed yesterday from the Newark lock-up to the county jail a young man named James Fay, who was arrested on Sunday morning, about four o'clock, while in the act of digging into an ash pile with his hands, for the purpose, as he stated to the officer, of taking his "mother's body out of her grave." Since then he has persistently refused to partake of either food or drink, during a period of over thirty-six hours. While in the cell he was found invariably in a praying posture on his knees, and audibly repeating portions of the Catholic ritual. He was removed to the county jail for the benefit of proper treatment.

PRESIDENT GRANT IN PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11, 1870.

This morning a number of prominent personages called on the President and various officers at the Continental, and a general levee was the result, which was kept up until noon, when the whole party started for Baltimore depot and took a special train for Washington.

ARRIVAL OF THE YACHT HENRIETTA IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, April 11, 1870.

The yacht Henrietta, the winner of the ocean race in 1868, arrived here from New York yesterday morning, in command of Captain Nickerson, one of her new owners. She is to be prepared for the West India trade, and will shortly make a trip to the Cape de Verde Islands.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises	5 26	Moon sets....morn	3 46
Sun sets	6 36	High water..morn	5 15

OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURES FROM NEW YORK FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL.

Steamer.	Sails	Destination.	Office.
Idaho	April 13	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
Atalanta	April 16	London	55 Broadway.
Ville de Paris	April 16	Havre	59 Broadway.
Europa	April 16	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
City of London	April 16	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Main	April 16	Bremen	68 Broad st.
City of Baltimore	April 19	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Nevada	April 20	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
New York	April 21	Bremen	68 Broad st.
India	April 23	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
City of Washton	April 23	Liverpool	15 Broadway.

PORT OF NEW YORK, APRIL 11, 1870.

CLEARED.

Steamship Allemannia (NG), Barends, Hamburg via Cherbourg—Kuhlardt & Co
Steamship Dirigo, Johnson, Portland—J F Ames.
Ship Sonora, Paine, San Francisco—Sutton & Co.
Bark Anna (Br), Burns, Bordeaux—Jas Edmiston & Co.
Brig Camilla (Br), Strout, Clarleton—Fowler & Joyce.
Brig Hyperion (Br), Woodbury, Kings Ferry—J H Winchester.
Brig Ellen Maria, Hoxie, Mobile—E D Hurlbut & Co.
Schr M H Stockham, Cordery, Indianola and Lavaca—N L McCready & Co.
Schr S S Franklin, Mull, Jacksonville—Baker & Dayton.
Schr Penobscot, Coombs, Jacksonville—W Ray & Co.
Schr E D Endicott, Endicott, Charleston—Van Brunt & Slaght.
Schr Margaret Plata, Blizzard, Wilmington, Del—F L Kneeland.
Schr H Gardner, Baker, Dennis, Mass.
Schr Watchful, Reynolds, Stonington—H W Jackson & Co.
Schr O C Aiken, Boone, Stamford.
Steamer Mars, Crumly, Philadelphia.
Steamer Beverly, Pierce, Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship Samaria (Br), Martin, Queenstown April 1, with mdse and passengers, to C G Francklyn
Steamship Ariadne, Eldridge, Galveston April 1, via Key West April 6, with mdse and passengers, to C H Mallory & Co.
Steamship George Cromwell, Clapp, New Orleans April 3, and the bar 4th, with mdse and passengers, to H B Cromwell & Co. 9th inst, 60 miles N of Cape Hatteras, spoke bark Evening Star (Br), from St Jago de Cuba for New York.
Ship Ironsides, Mallard, Liverpool, March 7, with mdse, to Nesmith & Sons. Came the southern passage, and had no trades, but heavy northerly sea. March 26, off Hatteras, came in collision with schr Goldenrod (NG), from Rio Grande for New York, carrying away main and maintopmast yards, and carrying away the schooner's maintopmast and mainsail, and otherwise damaging her.
Ship Joven Thomas (Port), Henriksen, Oporto via Lisbon, 46 days, with salt, cork, &c, to Hagemeyer & Brunn. Came the southern passage and had moderate weather. The J T is anchored at the Southwest Spit.
Bark Olivia Davis (of Philadelphia), Shourds, Manila via Iloilo Dec 8, with sugar and hemp, to S G & G C Ward—vessel to Van Brunt & Slaght. Passed Caps of Good Hope Feb 7, St Helena 23d, and crossed the Equator March 5, in lon 25 W; was 14 days from lat 1 N, to lat 23 40, lon 74, with strong NE trades. April 5, 7 and 8, in lat 36 and 37, lon 72 and 73, saw a large quantity of pine lumber and wood.
Bark P C Warwick (Br), Kline, Rio Janeiro, 56 days, with coffee and 2 passengers, to Fenderquat Bros & Co. Crossed the Equator March 13, in lon 33 W. 5th and 6th inst, had a strong W gale. March 12, lat 19 S, lon 35 W, spoke bark Mary (Br), 28 days from Montevideo for Barbados; 28th, lat 26 25 N, lon 67 21, exchanged signals with brig Mary A Francis, steering W; 31st, lat 29 32 N, lon 69, spoke brig Gilmore Meredith, hence for Kingston, Ja.
Brig Constant (Br), Pearce, Minatitlan, 78 days, with cedar, to Moss & Ward—vessel to master. Had heavy SW and NW gales the whole passage; lost jibboom, started cutwater and bowsprit, and stove bulwarks; was 60 days N of Hatteras. March 25, lat 29, lon 68, saw the quarter deck of a vessel and a large quantity of lumber, apparently but a short time in the water.
Brig Robert Mowe (of New Haven), Young, Mayaguez, PR, 17 days, with molasses, to H Trowbridge's Sons. Had fine weather. April 2, lat 28 38, lon 68, spoke brig Kossak, hence for Cienfuegos; 3d, lat 29 56, lon 68 58, spoke schr Henry F Taber, from Antigua for Philadelphia.
Brig Geo Burnham (of Freeport), Pinkham, Havana, 13 days, with molasses, to Stevens & Soule. Had fine weather.
Schr Searsville (of Dennis), Peterson, Demerara, 21 days, with sugar and molasses, to J F Whitney & Co. Has been 10 days N of Hatteras, with heavy northerly winds.
Schr Virginia (of Lubec), Small, St John's, PR, 19 days, with molasses, to Jed Frye & Co. Had heavy NW gales the last 13 days. April 6, lat 36, lon 71, saw brig Bessie, steering SSE.
Schr John Atwood (of Provincetown), Callesham, Baracoa, 11 days, with fruit, to J & T Pearsall—vessel to B J Wenberg. Had heavy weather.
Schr F W Alton, Doane, Virginia for Boston.
Sloop Mary Disston, Robinson, Virginia.
Schr Lebanah, Delane, Maryland for Gardiner, Me.
The bark Soli deo Gloria (NG), which arrived 10th inst, reports came the northern passage and had heavy weather; lost figurehead and lost and split sails.
The brig J D Lincoln, which arrived 10th from Havana, is consigned to Lunt Bros, and reports sailed in company with brig Geo Burnham, and schr Lena Hume, for New York.

Passed Through Hell Gate.

BOUND SOUTH.

Steamship Nereus, Bearse, Boston for New York, with mdse. to Wm P Clyde.
Bark B H Yarrington, Mayo, Boston, 4 days, for New York, in ballast to master.
Schr H V Crandall (Br), Pettis, Windsor, NS, 6 days, for New York, with plaster to Crandall, Bertaux & Co.
Schr Velma, Look, Machias for New York, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.
Schr Willie Harris, Perry, Machias for New York, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.
Schr Alfred Keene, Snow, Rockland for New York, with granite to P Dixon.
Schr J P Ames, Holmes, Vinalhaven for New York, with granite to P Dixon.
Schr J B Austin, Baylis, Boston for Philadelphia.
Schr C L Herrick, Boardman, Boston for Philadelphia.
Schr Cora, Kelly, Boston for New York.
Schr Robert Raik, Kerrigan, Provincetown for New York, with fish to master.
Schr Sarah Thomas, Potter, Sandwich for New York.
Schr Yarmouth, Seaman, Hyannis for New York.
Schr Fair Wind, Bowman, New Bedford for New York.
Schr M Vassar, Jr, Christie, New Bedford for New York.
Schr Wm A Leggett, Baker, New Bedford for New York.
Schr Jas English, Barker, New Bedford for New York.
Schr Vigilant, Nickerson, New Bedford for Albany.
Schr R Borden, Borden, Fall River for New York.
Schr Comet, Dow, Providence for New York, in ballast to Jed Frye & Co.
Schr G C Cummings, Holt, Providence for New York.
Scnr Revolution, ——, Providence for New York.
Schr Hannah Willetts, Holt, Providence for New York.
Schr Amos Falkenburg, Terrill, Providence for Philadelphia.
Schr Success, Richards, Providence for Philadelphia.
Schr Chas W Bentley, Hundley, Providence for New York.
Schr E H Conklin, Heath, Providence for New York.
Schr J C Huntington, Jones, Providence for Philadelphia.
Schr Redoubt, Clark, Providence for New York.
Scnr C J Brickson Smith, Providence for New York.
Schr Lillie, Robinson, Wareham for New York.
Scnr Beulah E Scarp, Cole, Warren for New York.
Schr John Manlove, Staples, Newport for New York.
Schr B L Kinney, Kelly, Norwich for New York.
Schr Dani Webster, Decker, New London for New York.
Schr Lizzie, Taylor, New London for New York.
Schr Staten Islander, Babcock, Guilford for New York.
Schr Silas Brainard, Hudson, Hartford for New York.
Schr Emma & Ellen, Fox, Hartford for New York.
Schr Sharpshooter, Flynn, Connecticut River for New York.
Schr Circle, Hulse, Connecticut River for New York.
Schr Baltimore, Johnson, New Haven for Port Johnson.
Schr Motilla, Plummer, New Haven for New York, in ballast to Jed Frye & Co.
Schr Phebe Elizabeth, Hill, New Haven for New York.
Schr Reindeer, Smith, New Haven for New York.
Scnr John Hickey, Jones, New Haven for New York.
Schr Old Zack, Beebe, New Haven for Elizabethport.
Schr Thos Cahill, Hadock, New Haven for New York.
Schr Franklin Pierce, Hodgdon, New Haven for New York.
Schr L H Tolles, Day, Norwalk for New York.
Schr S S Brown, Mott, Norwalk for New York.

BOUND EAST.

Schr J P Nickerson, Snow, Norfolk for Boston.
Schr Titmouse, Handren, Norfolk for Providence.
Schr A P Higgins, ——, Rappahannock River for Boston.
Schr J E Phelps, Burke, James River for Boston.
Schr Mary, Sullivan, Potomac River for Providence.
Schr Ella May, ——, Virginia for Boston.
Schr Fred Walton, Jones, Virginia for Boston.
Schr Eastern Light, ——, Virginia for Boston.
Schr Katie Hall, ——, Virginia for Providence.
Schr D Currie, Pond, Virginia for Fairhaven.
Schr Black Di

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

7 WEST 14TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS FIRST class cook; best city reference.

17 EAST 11TH ST., BETWEEN 5D AND 6TH AVS.—A first-class young woman as cook; has no objection to do the washing of a small family. Can be seen for two days.

25 WEST 32D ST.—WANTED, A GOOD PROTESTant cook and a girl to do chamberwork and waiting. Call, with good city reference, to-day, between 9 and 1 o'clock.

36 WEST 19TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—As first class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; soups, meats, pastry, desserts, &c.; would live in a hotel or a first class boarding house; no objection to the country; has best reference. Can be seen for two days.

44 EAST 32D ST., NEAR 4TH AV., TOP FLOOR.—Two respectable girls; one to cook, wash and iron; the other as chambermaid and waitress; would do the work of a small private family between them. Best city reference from last place.

110 WEST 14TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—TWO young women; one as experienced cook; the other as chambermaid or waitress; one thirteen, the other three years' references. Call two days.

127 WEST 26TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A RESPECtable young girl as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; best city reference.

130 WEST 32D ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—Two respectable girls; one as cook; will wash for one; terms $15 per month; the other as chambermaid and assist at waiting; terms $12; in small family; Irish or German preferred. Call between 11 and 1.

130 5D AV., TOP FLOOR.—A SWEDISH GIRL AS cook, washer and ironer in a small family, or to take care of children; references given.

134 5D ST., BETWEEN 1ST AV. AND AV. A.—A perfect German cook in a private family; terms $25 per month; good reference.

147 EAST 23D ST., BETWEEN 5D AND LEXINGTON AVS.—A respectable woman as good plain cook, washer and ironer; best city reference.

147 WEST 14TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl as first class cook; understands all kinds of cooking thoroughly; no objections to the country, for the summer; none but first class private families need apply. Can be seen at her present employer's from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

151 25TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS., TOP floor, back room.—A respectable young woman as good plain cook in a small private family; can make good bread and biscuit; would assist in washing and ironing; good reference from last place.

157 WEST 31ST ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—Two respectable young women; one as first rate cook; would assist in washing and ironing; the other as good waitress and chambermaid; best city references.

157 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A young woman as a first class cook, in a private family; has 12 years' city reference.

157 WEST 27TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS FIRST class cook in a private family; has 5 years' city reference.

161 WEST 33D ST.—RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as cook and assist with washing, or as chambermaid and fine washer; good city reference; can be seen for one day.

163 WEST 29TH ST.—A COMPETENT WOMAN AS cook in a private family; understands the business thoroughly in all its branches; no objections to go a short distance in the country; city reference. Call for two days.

164 WEST 32D ST.—A FIRST CLASS COOK AND A first class laundress, in a good family; good city reference. Call for two days.

186 1ST AV., BETWEEN 11TH AND 12TH STS.—A respectable girl in a private family as good cook, washer and ironer; best city reference from her last place.

208 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV., FIRST FLOOR, back.—As cook, washer and ironer, or to do housework in a small family; city or country; city reference.

205 WEST 27TH ST., BACK ROOM.—AS GOOD COOK; understands boning and larding; a good baker, in a private family; city or country; city reference.

206 WEST 27TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS GOOD plain cook; an excellent washer and ironer; best city reference from last place.

209 EAST 29TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as good plain cook; an excellent bread and biscuit baker; best city reference; no objection to assist with coarse washing. Can be seen for two days.

211 7TH AV., BETWEEN 26TH AND 27TH STS.—A respectable young woman as cook in a private family; understands all kinds of cooking and baking; no objection to a private boarding house; first class city reference.

220 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—AS FIRST class cook; capable of taking entire charge of the kitchen of a hotel; no objection to the country; best reference.

221 EAST 21ST ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS., room 10.—A good meat and pastry cook; would do some washing or the entire kitchen work; good reference. Can be seen for two days.

226 WEST 16TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A respectable young woman, lately arrived from England, as cook in a private family; understands all its branches; has good city reference. Call for two days.

237 WEST 15TH ST.—A WOMAN AND DAUGHTER; one as cook, washer and ironer, the other as chambermaid and waitress; best city reference from last place.

238 WEST 16TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A respectable young woman as first rate plain cook; an excellent washer and ironer and a good baker of bread; is willing and obliging; good and kind to children; no objections to the country; best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

239 7TH AV., BETWEEN 23D AND 24TH STS.—As good cook; will assist at washing; good baker; best city reference.

241 WEST 37TH ST.—A GOOD MEAT AND PASTRY cook; is a good baker; would assist with the washing; no objections to the country; best city reference.

246 WEST 31ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS good cook, washer and ironer; good city reference from her last place.

248 WEST 35TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—Two young girls; one as good plain cook and to do fine washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and waitress; can give good city reference from their last employer. Call for two days.

251 EAST 35TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook in a small private family; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; best reference.

275 9TH AV., BETWEEN 26TH AND 27TH STS., IN fancy store.—Two respectable women in a private family; one as cook; thoroughly understands her business; the other as chambermaid and waitress or to assist with the washing; six years' reference. Call for two days.

287 3D AV., BETWEEN 23D AND 25D STS.—A PROtestant woman as first class cook; makes soups, game, pastry, jellies and all kinds of desserts; is a good baker; understands cooking in all its branches; the country preferred; best city reference. Can be seen for three days.

299½ 6TH AV., BETWEEN 18TH AND 19TH STS., IN the confectionery saloon.—A respectable woman as first class cook; no objection to do coarse washing; best city reference.

307 MOTT ST., IN THE REAR.—A RESPECTABLE girl as good cook; is an excellent washer and ironer; no objection to the country; has the best reference.

316 EAST 12TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS good cook and to assist in washing; no objection to the country; best city reference.

318 MOTT ST., TWO DOORS FROM BLEECKER.—A respectable woman as plain cook, washer and ironer; good bread baker; also a young girl to go errands and take care of children; best city reference.

320 WEST 27TH ST., REAR.—A SCOTCH PROTESTant woman as first class cook in all branches; good city reference. Can be seen for two days.

324 EAST 11TH ST.—A PROTESTANT GIRL, HIGHly recommended, to do chamberwork and plain sewing; is a good operator.

335 EAST 22D ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS first class cook; will be found willing and obliging; no objections to a boarding house; would go a short distance in the country; best city reference.

344 WEST 26TH ST.—A COMPETENT PERSON as good cook, washer and ironer; willing to go a short distance in the country; good city references.

344 EAST 22D ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—Two sisters; one as cook, the other as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference from last place.

307 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS.—AS first class cook; can give the best city reference.

308 WEST 21ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO cook, wash and iron, or to do general housework, in a small private family; no objection to short distance in the country.

315 EAST 38TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS COOK; UNderstands cooking in all its branches, molds, soups and all kinds of side dishes, boning and larding; first class pastry cook, either for public or private; good city reference.

316 EAST 23D ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT room.—A respectable girl to cook, wash and iron in a small family; best city reference.

348 EAST 11TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—As professed cook; unequalled in all kinds of French, English and German cooking; dinner served for parties in the neatest manner; is a superior confectioner, ornamental and plain; is a first class housekeeper, having lived in this capacity for a number of years in the first families; best city reference.

360 WEST 23D ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS COOK or laundress. Best city references. Call for two days.

471 6TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS.—A young woman as plain cook, washer and ironer; good city references.

490 6TH AV., BETWEEN 38TH AND 39TH STS., room 10.—A young woman as good cook; willing to assist with the washing; city reference.

526 GREENWICH ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG girls as a private family; English family preferred; one to cook, wash and iron, the other to do chamberwork and waiting. Call for two days.

565 5D AV., BETWEEN 37TH AND 38TH STS., SECOND floor, front room.—As good plain cook, washer and ironer or as laundress; can do French fluting; good city reference.

574 2D AV., NEAR 22D ST.—A COMPETANT PROtestant young woman as cook; understands all kinds of cooking; is a good bread and biscuit maker; has no objection to assist with the coarse washing and ironing; the best city references.

1,432 3D AV., 31ST ST.—TO COOK, WASH AND iron; good reference from last employer.

Chambermaids, &c.

2 EAST 43D ST.—A COMPETENT PERSON AS CHAMbermaid and to do fine washing or to do fine sewing; best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Chambermaids, &c.

3 UNION COURT, UNIVERSITY PLACE, BETWEEN 11th and 12th sts.—A young woman as chambermaid and laundress or chambermaid and waitress; has six years' city reference.

4 WHITE'S PLACE, 18TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

14 EAST 41ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman as chambermaid and waitress, or waitress alone. Call at her present employer's, as above.

16½ DOWNING ST., ROOM NO. 6.—A PROTESTANT girl to do light chamberwork and take care of a child.

41 WEST 47TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—A young girl as chambermaid and seamstress or would take care of growing up children; can operate on machine; has good city reference.

44 32D ST.—AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS, or to do waiting alone. Can be seen at her present employer's.

59 EAST HOUSTON ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and waitress; willing to assist with the washing if required; good city reference.

107 WEST 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and assist in the washing and ironing, or as nurse; has two years' city reference. Call for two days.

118 WEST 19TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV., REAR.—A RESpectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress or would do the fine washing in a small private family; no objection to the country. City reference.

119 EAST 27TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A RESpectable girl as chambermaid and waitress. Good city reference.

119 WEST 45TH ST.—YOUNG WOMAN, TO DO chamberwork and waiting or fine washing; has city reference; can be seen for two days.

134 WEST 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid; good reference from last place.

135 WEST 38TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman to do chamberwork and waiting; a short distance in the country preferred. Best references.

135 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman to do chamberwork and waiting, or to take care of children; a short distance in the country preferred; best references.

140 WEST 19TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO CHAMberwork and fine washing or as laundress in a private family; best city reference given; no objection to the country. Call for two days.

144 WEST 30TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as chambermaid and seamstress; good city reference.

144 WEST 30TH ST.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman as chambermaid and waitress; good reference from last place.

144 WEST 19TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, REAR.—A RESpectable girl to do chamberwork and waiting or housework in a small family.

145 WEST 39TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO chamberwork and waiting or chamberwork and washing; is willing and obliging; good city reference.

147 EAST 32D ST., BETWEEN LEXINGTON AND 3d avs., second floor.—A young girl as chambermaid and plain seamstress; understands Wheeler & Wilson's machine thoroughly.

152 WEST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG ENGLISH GIRL, lately landed, as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or would like to travel with a family.

214 WEST 27TH ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG girls; one as chambermaid and waitress; will go in the country; the other as nurse and seamstress; understands Wheeler & Wilson's and Singer's machines; best city references given.

216 EAST 46TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS., present employer's.—Two girls; one as chambermaid and waitress; the other to take care of children and assist in chamberwork. Call for two days.

216 EAST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; good city reference from her last place. Call for two days, rear house, second floor.

220 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A RESPECTable young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and nurse; city or country.

222 42D ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS., SECOND floor, front room.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; no objections to go with them in the country for the summer; two years' reference from last place.

225 WEST 31ST ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A Protestant girl as chambermaid or waitress; good city reference given.

231 3D AV., BETWEEN 18TH AND 19TH STS.—A young girl, 15 years old, to do light chamberwork in a private family, or to take care of children; wages not so much an object as a good home. Call for two days at the dressmaker's.

232 WEST 30TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress; good reference. Call for two days.

232 EAST 22D ST., NEAR 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and waitress; has two years city reference from her last place.

239 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or to take care of growing children, in a private family; no objections to the country; can give good city reference from last place; none but first class families need apply.

239 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and to do fine washing and ironing, or would go as first class laundress in a private family; thoroughly understands all kinds of fancy ironing and fluting; no objections to the country; satisfactory city references from last place.

240 EAST 47TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and waitress, or to assist in the washing and ironing; best city reference.

247 WEST 31ST ST.—AS CHAMBERMAID AND TO assist with the fine washing; no objection to the country; best city reference.

249 WEST 35TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and to assist with washing and ironing; is willing and obliging; good city reference.

250 WEST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; can sew on a machine; best city references. Can be seen for two days.

255 WEST 50TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and seamstress; best city reference. Call for two days.

303 EAST 34TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and waitress; leaving on account of the family going to Paris.

305 9TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS., second floor.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing.

318 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A respectable Protestant girl as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; can embroider; or to assist with the washing. Can be seen at her present employer's.

321 EAST 35TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A RESPECTAble young girl to do chamberwork or waiting or take care of children.

332 EAST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing; best reference. Call for two days.

334 3D AV., BETWEEN 24TH AND 25TH STS.—A respectable Protestant girl as chambermaid and waitress; has the best city reference from her last place.

342 WEST 41ST ST., REAR.—A GERMAN GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress. Call or address M. H.

342 EAST 11TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; good city references.

382 3D AV.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and seamstress; has no objection to assist with children.

419 WEST 23D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; has the best city reference. Can be seen at her last employer's.

427 EAST 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing or housework in a small private family; is willing and not afraid of work.

428 5TH AV., BETWEEN 29D AND 30D STS.—A Protestant girl as chambermaid and to do fine washing; no objection to the country; best city reference.

431 EAST 9TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERmaid and to assist in washing and ironing, or would do washing. Good reference from last place.

433 1ST AV., IN THE CROCKERY STORE.—A young woman to do chamberwork and assist in washing, or would take care of children. Good reference from last place.

444 EAST 21ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO do chamberwork and plain sewing in a private family; has no objection to housework.

450 7TH AV., BETWEEN 26TH AND 27TH STS.—A Protestant girl as chambermaid and seamstress, or as regular waitress. Can be seen for two days.

451 WEST 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl to do chamberwork and waiting; in a small private family; city reference from her last place. Apply this day.

452 4TH AV.—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS CHAMBERmaid or waitress in a small private family; good city reference.

454 WEST 19TH ST.—PROTESTANT GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress; good reference from last place; can be seen for two days.

462 WEST 43D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman as chambermaid and waitress or nurse and chambermaid; best city references.

475 5TH AV., BETWEEN 38TH AND 39TH STS.—A young woman as chambermaid and seamstress or as chambermaid and waitress; city references. Can be seen for two days.

490 6TH AV., ROOM 11.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and to assist in washing and ironing or housework; good city reference.

592 3D AV., CORNER 39TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid and to assist in the washing; three years' city reference.

717 7TH AV., BETWEEN 51ST AND 52D STS., THIRD floor.—A respectable girl to do chamberwork and fine washing; good reference.

747 6TH AV., BETWEEN 42D AND 43D STS.—A RESpectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference. Call for two days.

778 3D AV.—A YOUNG WOMAN, LATELY FROM Liverpool; can do chamberwork and plain sewing and washing. Call for one week.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

31 WEST 13TH ST.—A FRENCH DRESSMAKER wishes a few engagements in private families; is fully competent to cut and make any dresses of latest fashion.

52 WEST 32D ST., CORNER BROADWAY.—A DRESSmaker wishes engagements with a few families by the day or week; can cut and fit children's suits and operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to the country or a permanent situation.

144 WEST 26TH ST.—AN EXPERIENCED OPERATOR on Grover & Baker's machine in a dressmaking establishment by the week; is a good dressmaker; would go out by the day if required.

148 WATER ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT ROOM, Brooklyn.—As seamstress by a respectable young woman; no objection to assist in the care of children; is willing and obliging; best city reference.

163 WEST HOUSTON ST.—A COLORED DRESSmaker and seamstress to work by the week or day for some more families; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine.

212 WEST 37TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS DRESSmaker wishes a few more engagements by the day; best references. Call or address.

217 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.—A GERMAN Methodist girl as plain sewer and to take care of children. Address JOHN KEPPEL.

222 EAST 24TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.—A FIRST class dressmaker wishes a few more engagements by the day. Call or address DRESSMAKER, as above.

287 3D AV., BETWEEN 22D AND 23D STS.—A RESpectable American Protestant girl as seamstress, light chambermaid, or nurse; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's; best city reference. Call in the fancy store.

296 BLEECKER ST.—A PRACTICAL DRESSMAKER wishes to meet with a few more first class families to attend at their residences by the day, with or without an assistant. Address all the week Miss S. B.

305 EAST 29TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A FIRST CLASS dressmaker would like a few more customers, by the day, week or month; has her own machine.

307 7TH AV., REAR, ROOM NO. 4.—A COMPETENT young woman, as seamstress in a private family; is a good operator and dressmaker; good city reference.

308 EAST 32D ST.—AN EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker wishes to make a few engagements in private families. Can take her own machine. Call for two days.

311 EAST 24TH ST.—AS SEAMSTRESS; IS A GOOD dressmaker and understands all kinds of family sewing; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine.

322 EAST 24TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS SEAMstress by the day or week; understands all kinds of family sewing; good reference.

327 EAST 24TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—A young girl, with her own machine, to go out by the day or week; can do all kinds of family sewing. Call for two days.

333 EAST 21ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman as seamstress; is a good trimmer; understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses and undergarments; can sew on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to go to the country for the summer; understands hairdressing; good reference.

337 EAST 13TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—Fashionable dress and cloak making; spring and summer suits, $6 upward; wrappers, $3 to $2 50; also children's and misses' garments made to order; patterns and fashion plates, cutting and basting; terms cash. Call or address.

342 EAST 21ST ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS SEAMstress; understands dressmaking; would wait upon a lady; city reference. Call for two days.

349 WEST 25TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS DRESSmaker wishes a few more engagements by the day or week; understands cutting and trimming ladies' and children's dresses in the latest style. Address DRESSMAKER.

396 8TH AV., IN THE BAKERY.—A FASHIONABLE dressmaker would like a few more engagements by day, by month preferred, with or without machine.

437 EAST 13TH ST., ROOM NO. 12.—A YOUNG GIRL as seamstress; can cut and fit and operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; can also dress hair; best city reference.

450 GRAND ST.—A LADY FULLY COMPETENT OF taking entire charge of dress and cloak making establishment desires a position in a large place of business; has had 12 years' experience and has just given up her business. For particulars address DRESSMAKER.

567 2D AV., BETWEEN 31ST AND 32D STS.—A young woman wishes to go out by the day to finish after a dressmaker on a Wheeler & Wilson machine. Call all the week.

880 8TH AV., BETWEEN 52D AND 53D STS.—A lady (formerly of Madam Dieder's), will do dressmaking at her own house for a few first class families at a reasonable price.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER WISHES A FEW more customers. Address Mrs. D., station E, 8th av.

DRESSMAKING.—LADIES' DRESSES FASHIONABLY made, in the best and most economical manner, at very low prices, by MISS JOHNSTON, 131 Broadway, near Thirty-sixth street.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS FOR ALL kinds of fine sewing; would also assist in housekeeping; would go out of the country or travel. Address E. H., box 105 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN as seamstress; understands Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; would assist in housekeeping or take care of an invalid; good reference given. Address Miss W. ALLEN, Station D, Bible House, New York city.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW LADY, WITH A LITTLE girl nine years of age, a situation as family seamstress or housekeeper; city or country; understands all kinds of dress and cloak making and family sewing. A pleasant, permanent home more desirable than compensation. Address for two days Mrs. WILSON, box 201 Herald office.

General Housework, &c.

4 WHITE'S PLACE, 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOman to do housework in a small private family; no objection to the country.

48 HARRISON ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman to do house or laundry work in a small private family; best city reference given.

108 EAST 14TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO general housework, or as chambermaid; is willing to assist with the washing.

126 GREENE ST.—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL housework in the country.

146 LEONARD ST.—A GERMAN GIRL (PROTESTant) to do general housework in a small American family; good reference.

154 WEST 18TH ST.—A COMPETENT WOMAN TO do general housework in a private family; best city reference.

201 WEST 18TH ST., 7TH AV., OVER THE TEA store.—A respectable young woman to do general housework; has the best city reference.

212 WEST 27TH ST., ROOM NO. 3.—A RESPECTable girl to do general housework; best city reference from last place.

224 EAST 35TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—A respectable middle aged woman to do housework in a small family; good references. Can be seen for two days.

236 EAST 45TH ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A young girl to do general housework in a small family; reference from her last place.

240 EAST 10TH ST.—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL housework in a small family; thoroughly understands her business; 13 years' reference from one place. Can be seen for three days.

261 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman to do housework of small private family or to take care of children and do plain sewing; good reference.

307 EAST 31ST ST., NEAR 2D AV.—A RESPECTable girl to do general housework in a private family; city reference.

313 44TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A RESpectable young girl, 15 years old, to assist in light housework or to mind children; is willing and obliging.

342 WEST 16TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE girl to do general housework in a small private family; best city reference.

346 EAST 32D ST., IN THE STORE.—A RESPECTable girl as general housework in a small private family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; best city reference.

358 9TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT GIRL to do general housework in a small private family; city reference.

390 7TH AV.—AN AMERICAN GIRL TO DO GENeral housework in a small family; good city references. Call for two days.

450 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO DO housework, washing and ironing and plain cooking; good city reference from last place.

451 WEST 18TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE young girl to do general housework in a private family; can do chamberwork; is a good washer and ironer; good city reference.

508 WEST 37TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL to do housework in a private family; good city reference from last place; no objection to the country.

635 GREENWICH ST.—RESPECTABLE GIRL TO DO general housework in a private family; best of city reference.

1,096 3D AV., BETWEEN 64TH AND 65TH STS., top floor.—A young girl, lately landed, to do general housework.

1,215 3D AV., NEAR 70TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE girl to do housework; is a good cook, washer and ironer; best reference.

Housekeepers, &c.

22 AMITY PLACE, NEAR BLEECKER ST.—A RESpectable young lady as housekeeper in a gentleman's family; is fully competent to take entire charge; none but first class parties need answer this. Call after 3 o'clock.

48 BLEECKER ST., UP STAIRS.—AS HOUSEKEEPER or to do light housework and sewing in a small family; understands for business; children no objection; a good home preferred to wages.

118 NORTH OXFORD ST., BROOKLYN.—AN ENGlish lady as housekeeper in a widower's or private family. Apply for one week.

208 WEST 27TH ST.—WANTED, BY A MARRIED Scotch woman, a house to take care of during the summer. Best city reference. Call on or address Mrs. WADDELL.

215 WEST 35TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A respectable woman as housekeeper; has many years' experience in cooking; none but respectable parties need apply; best city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Housekeepers, &c.

216 WEST 26TH ST.—AN ACCOMPLISHED YOUNG lady as housekeeper; widower or bachelor preferred.

357 2D AV.—A LADY WHO SPEAKS ENGLISH, French and German as housekeeper in a respectable private family; she would also have no objection to attend to an invalid lady, as she has had many years' experience in that line; references given and required.

405 10TH AV., SECOND FLOOR.—AN AMERICAN widow lady of the highest respectability and refinement as housekeeper; is qualified to fill any position of responsibility; is of a pleasant disposition and fond of children; understands making their clothing; is good home more of an object than high wages; none but honorable parties need answer this. Call for three days.

823 BROADWAY.—A LADY OF EDUCATION AND refinement as housekeeper for a party of gentlemen or a widower with family (not otherwise); can give the highest references as regards moral character; none but parties of respectability need apply. Address Mrs. H. L.

A LADY, CULTURED AND REFINED, DESIRES A situation as housekeeper, governess or companion. Address A. C. H., Herald office.

A LADY OF REFINEMENT WISHES A POSITION AS housekeeper in a gentleman's family; would teach young children. Address, appointing an interview, Miss JAY, Herald office.

AMERICAN LADY AS HOUSEKEEPER IN A WIDOWer's family, or would take charge of a furnished room or first class tenement house, where she could have the privilege of taking some furniture with her. Address Mrs. J. O., Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RELIABLE, TRUSTworthy woman from Massachusetts, as housekeeper. Address Miss H. WILSON, station D, Bible House.

Laundresses, &c.

22 WEST 16TH ST.—A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS and chambermaid; understands doing up gentlemen's linen and fluting beautifully; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days, on Tuesday and Wednesday, at her last place, from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

34 GREENWICH AV., FIRST FLOOR.—A WIDOW woman wishes to go out by the day to wash or iron or do housecleaning; best references.

85 6TH AV., FOURTH FLOOR, BACK STAIRS.—A woman wants washing and ironing; pulling and fluting neatly done; would go out house cleaning; reference from last place. Mrs. REGAN.

149 WEST 24TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable woman wishes to take in washing by the dozen or month; understands fluting; best city reference.

154 WEST 16TH ST.—TO GO TO THE COUNTRY as first class laundress; understands French fluting and all kinds of finery; excellent washer and ironer; best city reference.

163 WEST 24TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman in a private family, as first class laundress, or would do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing; best city references.

203 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV., FIRST FLOOR, back.—A first class laundress; understands ladies' finery and fluting; or chamberwork and fine washing; wishes a first class family; city or country; city reference.

210 EAST 37TH ST., CORNER 3D AV., TOP FLOOR.—A woman wishes to go out to day's work, washing or cleaning; good city reference.

221 WEST 21ST ST., ROOM NO. 9.—A YOUNG GIRL as laundress; good city reference.

224 EAST 47TH ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable girl as first class laundress; no objection to assist with chamberwork. Call or address for two days.

227 EAST 45TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, BACK.—A RESpectable widow woman to go out by the day to do washing or housecleaning, or take washing to her own house; is fully competent.

252 WEST 16TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT room.—A respectable Protestant girl as laundress; willing to assist in the chamberwork if required; best city reference.

318 EAST 33D ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A first class laundress wishes a few gentlemen's or family washing; has the best city reference.

326 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO take in washing or go out by the day; best city reference. Ring the bell.

387 7TH AV., ONE DOOR FROM 24TH ST.—A RESpectable woman wishes a few gentlemen's or families' washing; is a first class fluter; would be willing to go out by the day; best city reference. Call for two days.

404 WEST 23D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman as laundress or to do up stairs work; best city reference.

444 EAST 31ST ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT.—A respectable widow woman to take in washing and ironing and go out to work by the day at house cleaning or any other work. Best reference given.

553 WEST 44TH ST., BETWEEN 10TH AND 11TH AVS.—A first class laundress; no objection to a short distance in the country; good reference.

587 7TH AV., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE woman wishes a few gentlemen's or ladies' washing; competent to do all kinds of fluting; or would go out to do day's work.

631 EAST 16TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS LAUNDRESS wants a few gentlemen's or family's washing; best city reference.

648 4TH AV. (OLD NO. 449), BETWEEN 31ST AND 32d sts.—A first class laundress; can do French fluting and fine ironing; good city reference. Call or address.

Nurses, &c.

22 WATTS ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE AND chambermaid; has five years' reference. Can be seen for two days.

24 CHRISTOPHER ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as nurse and to do plain sewing; is capable of teaching young children if required; best city reference.

30 CLINTON ST., BROOKLYN (PRESENT EMPLOYer's).—An experienced nurse to take the entire charge of a baby or growing child and to assist in sewing. Can be seen for two days.

31 WEST 30TH ST.—YOUNG WOMAN TO TAKE THE entire charge of an infant from its birth; willing and obliging. Call at present employer's for two days.

34 WEST 10TH ST.—A COMPETENT WOMAN AS infant's nurse; has best city references. Can be seen at her present employer's, from 11 till 5, for two days.

34 WEST 12TH ST.—A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN as nurse and chambermaid; is a good plain sewer and builder; good city reference.

51 WEST 37TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—A woman of long experience wishes to bring up a baby from its birth, or would take care of one or two growing children; good city reference from present employer.

122 WEST 40TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman as nurse; can take charge of an infant or growing children; no objection to go in the country; is willing to assist with chamberwork; four years' reference from last place.

124 WEST 13TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE and to do plain sewing; no objection to the country.

130 WEST 42D STREET.—AS CHILD'S NURSE OR to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing. Can be seen at present employer's for two days, where she can be well recommended.

131 WEST 19TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A PROtestant young woman as nurse and seamstress; is willing to go in the country.

136 SCHERMERHORN ST., BROOKLYN.—A PROtestant woman of experience as infant's nurse in a family going to Europe; is accustomed to travelling and not sea sick; the best references given. Apply at her present employer's.

150 WEST 28TH ST.—A PROTESTANT WIDOW AS nurse and seamstress; no objection to do fine washing; the country preferred; good city reference. Can be seen for two days.

152 EAST 42D ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A young girl to take care of children and do plain sewing in a private family; will make herself generally useful. Call for one day.

216 WEST 52D ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A respectable girl, 16 years old, as nurse and to do plain sewing; good city reference.

221 EAST 21ST ST., ROOM NO. 9.—A YOUNG GIRL to take care of children and do plain sewing.

306 EAST 25TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE and seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; can give six years' reference from her last place. Call on or address for two days A. M.

317 WEST 25TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS., front house.—A respectable woman to go out by the day to do washing and ironing, or would take a family's washing home.

322 WEST 40TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—As monthly nurse; best city reference.

340 EAST 12TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO take charge of an infant from its birth, or to mind growing children; is a good seamstress; would do chamberwork and sewing; city or country. City reference.

400 EAST 20TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESpectable young, healthy married woman as wet nurse in a respectable private family; her baby 3 months old; best reference if required. Call for two days.

417 EAST 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL to take care of children; would be willing to assist with housework. Call on the store.

417 6TH AV.—A GIRL, LATELY LANDED, TO TAKE care of children; or as chambermaid; would make herself useful.

423 EAST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as competent nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth; is very fond of children; is a good plain sewer, willing and obliging; best city references.

429 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT GIRL as nurse; can take entire charge of a baby from its birth and bring it up by hand; can operate on the machine.

437 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS wet nurse at her own house; has breast milk two or three days old.

548 WEST 29TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE young Scotch girl as nurse; would assist in other light work. Call for two days.

557 1ST AV., NORTHWEST CORNER OF 32D ST., entrance in 32d st.—A respectable married woman, with a fresh crest of milk, wants a child to nurse at her own house, she having lost her own. Inquire for Mrs. Carney, for two days.

607 3D AV., BETWEEN 38TH AND 40TH STS., SECOND floor.—A respectable married woman as wet nurse; no objection to the country; the best reference can be given. Call for Mrs. PLUNKETT.

624 6TH AV., BETWEEN 36TH AND 37TH STS.—A Protestant widow woman as nurse and seamstress; good city reference.

878 3D AV., BETWEEN 53D AND 54TH STS.—A young girl to take care of children and do up stairs work; best city reference. Ring the top floor bell.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

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SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

38 8TH ST., CORNER OF 4TH AV., IN TRUNK store.—A respectable, steady man, as waiter in a private family; is perfectly competent and can be well recommended; would like to go to Newport for the summer. Call or address.

119 EAST 23D ST., BETWEEN 4TH AND LEXINGTON av.—A respectable Protestant single man, lately landed, as first class waiter in a private family; best references.

416 EAST 18TH ST.—A MAN COOK OR CARVER wants a situation. Call between 9 and 10 A. M.

A YOUNG MAN (PROTESTANT) WANTS A SITUATION as waiter in a private family; country preferred; good reference from last place. Address A. B., box 202 Herald office.

AGENCIES WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD character and who commands large business acquaintance. Address, stating particulars, J. H., box 175 Herald office.

A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN wants a situation as coachman; good groom and driver; has a thorough knowledge of all its branches; best city references. Address C. X., Herald office.

AN AGREEABLE YOUNG MAN WANTS A PLACE AS porter or assistant in store, warehouse, office; willing to be useful; writes a fair, quick hand; wages no object at present. Address F. W., Herald Branch office, Brooklyn.

FARM HAND.—A FIRST RATE FARM HAND WANTS a situation for the summer or year; understands his business and can give good references. Inquire at No. 6 Bowling Green, basement.

REQUIRED—A SITUATION AS VALET, TO TRAVEL and care an invalid gentleman, by a man who knows the continent of Europe and has highest city reference. Address VALET, Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN AS porter or night watchman, or any other capacity; can speak French and English. Apply to L. C., 663 Water st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLORED young man, as waiter in a private family; can give satisfactory references to any one who may employ him; will be found willing and obliging. Address P. J. D., box 109 Herald office.

WANTS A SITUATION—A YOUNG MAN WHO HAS had some experience in the dry goods business, or would take a clerkship of any kind; willing to work; salary no object. Address T. M., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN, WHO CAN SPEAK ENGlish fluently, a situation as butler or waiter in a private family; can give best city reference. Call at 995 Broadway, corner 20th st., in the grocery store.

WAITER.—A MIDDLE AGED MAN WISHES A SITuation as waiter in a private family or club; he is fully competent to fill his place; refer to his present employer from 9 to 11 or 5 to 8.
WM. A. KOBBE, 27 and 29 Leonard st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, WHO COMMANDS a strong jobbing trade in ladies' trimmings, agencies for some manufacturing establishment. Address C. W., box 120 Herald office.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OF THE highest respectability, but in reduced circumstances, would like a home with some gentleman's family; the lady would superintend the house, or if the family should go travelling would take entire charge of, on reasonable terms; a good home would be expected; a religious family preferred; none only those who can give the best reference need answer. Address, for three days, C. B. A., box 101 Herald office.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

A COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMpetent single man; first class city reference. Call on or address B. W., 26 Lexington av., private stable.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN WISHES AN ENgagement as coachman or groom; best city reference. Call at Dr. WELLS', 15 West 44th st.

A SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN AS COACHman; can furnish best of reference. Address J. B., box 111 Herald office, for two days.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINgle man as coachman; best city reference; no objection to the country. Address COACHMAN, box 120 Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS COACHman and first class groom; good references given. Apply at 15 and 17 East 29th st., stables.

A YOUNG MAN, LATELY LANDED, WANTS A SITUation with a gentleman; can milk; would assist in stable and garden. Address for three days C., Herald office.

A COMPETENT GARDENER WANTS A SITUATION.—Has a perfect knowledge of conducting the business of a place. Apply at 152 West 28th st., during the week.

A COACHMAN AND GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTed—By a good steady man. Has good city reference from his last place. Address M. M., box 141 Herald office.

A GERMAN WANTS A SITUATION AS COACHMAN.—Best reference from present employer; no objection to going in the country. Address D. X. B., box 209 Herald office.

A SINGLE MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS COACHman; capable of taking charge of any gentleman's establishment; best city references. Can be seen at No. 13 West 29th st.

A FIRST CLASS MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS coachman; a German; thoroughly competent; strictly temperate; best city reference given. Call on or address H. R., 20 Wes. 12th st., in the saddler's.

A SINGLE GERMAN WANTS A SITUATION AS coachman and groom; would make himself generally useful; no objection to go in the country; best city reference. Call at 26 East 19th st. A. GLINCH, Feed store.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, SINGLE, WANTS A situation as coachman; can milk if required; has first class references from former and last employers. Address F. D., box 128 Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO OBTAIN A SITUATION for a single man as coachman; one who thoroughly understands his business and is worthy of the situation. Address J. S., box 175 Herald office.

A PROTESTANT SINGLE MAN WANTS EMPLOYment as groom and coachman; thoroughly understands it in every respect; will be found obliging; good reference. Address C. M., box 122 Herald office.

A MARRIED MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS GARdener; is a good driver; will always work to his employer's interest; has first class reference. Address S. K., box 101 Herald office.

AS GARDENER AND COACHMAN, A SINGLE MAN, fully and thoroughly competent to take charge of any gentleman's place; best reference. Address S. M., box 146 Herald office.

A SITUATION AS COACHMAN WANTED—BY A REspectable colored man; has best city reference; no objection to the country. Call on or address S. S., at Graham's saddlery store, 65 University place, for three days.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT young man, as coachman and groom; no objection to the country; best city reference; will be found willing and obliging. Address W. M., box 124 Herald office, for two days.

A FIRST CLASS COACHMAN WISHES A SITUATION for himself and wife; no encumbrances; both young, English servants; five years' reference. Call at or address 11 East 27th st.

A COACHMAN OR VEGETABLE GARDENER'S SITUAtion wanted—By a single young man; has first class reference. Call on or address E. McCORMACK, at Thomas Duffey's, 372 Hicks st., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINgle young man; thoroughly understands his business; is willing to be generally useful; unexceptionable city reference. Address J., box 218 Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN, LATELY LANDED, WANTS A SITUation as waiter, footman, groom or coachman; will be found generally useful; good reference. Address M. S. Y., Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, GROOM, and plain gardener, by a very industrious, reliable young man; is a good hostler, careful driver and can milk; wages moderate; good references. Address S., box 216 Herald office.

AS COACHMAN—BY A PROTESTANT OF LONG EXperience in the care and management of first class horses and carriages in this city for the past twenty years. Can produce the best city reference from his last employer. Call at or address 1,402 Broadway, near 38th st.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER—SITUATION WANTed, by a single man; has the best references; can milk if required. Address C. M., box 123 Herald office.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED. By a single man who understands his business thoroughly; will be found willing and obliging; best city reference. Address T. B., box 204 Herald office.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man; can do plain gardening; is willing to make himself generally useful; no objection to any part of the country; good reference. Address S. R., box 105 Herald office.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST class man; temperate, reliable and thoroughly trained to his business; twenty-five years' practical experience; city or country; reference satisfactory. Address COACHMAN, box 104 Herald office.

FIRST CLASS COACHMAN AND GROOM WANTS A situation; five years' reference from last employer. Address T. W., box 139 Herald office.

GARDENER WANTED—TO GO TO THE COUNTRY. A single man who can be well recommended may apply to ALBERT, 151 Water st., after 3 P. M.

GARDENER WISHES A SITUATION—UNDERSTANDS the care of greenhouses, hot and cold graperies, flowers and vegetables; best city reference. Address J. B., box 200 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN TO WORK on a farm; can milk, drive, &c.; is used to farm work. Address O. K., box 201 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GARDENER OR FARMER, care of cattle or horses; no family; good reference. Inquire or address JOHN MAHER, 93 Jay st., Brooklyn.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GARDENER, BY A SINGLE German, who understands the business in all its branches. Call at No. 3 Delancey st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, AS COACHman or groom; has the best city reference from his last place; no objection to the country. Call on or address M. M., No. 4 East 35th st., for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MAN OF SMALL FAMIly, as gardener; is willing and obliging; thoroughly understands his business; best city reference. Address C. M., Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, AS COACHman in the city; country preferred; well recommended by his last employer. Call at or address for two days T. W. H., Francisco stable, 116 46th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, IN THE country; man to take charge of horses, farming, gardening or any kind of work; woman to do any kind of housework; excellent reference. Apply at 141 Washington st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN AS COACHman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; in town or country; can milk if required; best city reference. Address COACHMAN, box 105 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, AS FIRST class coachman and groom; very best city references; will be found willing and obliging. Any gentleman or lady that wants an honest steady, reliable man will do well by calling on or addressing F. B. S., 15 and 17 East 30th st., livery stable.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN AND GROOM, by a young man, who thoroughly understands his business; best city reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at 124 West 18th st., private stable.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man, as coachman and groom; willing to make himself generally useful; well recommended by his last employer; thoroughly understands his business. Address F. B., box 118 Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS PLAIN GARDENER and hostler. Apply to H. M. D., 275 West 10th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG man as gardener or coachman. Can be seen for two days at 354 West 16th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A colored single man, either in city or country; good reference. Address B. W. L., Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; 25 YEARS' experience; 15 years with last employer; the best city reference. Call on M. M., 25 East 19th st., feed store.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG SINGLE man, as coachman and gardener; good city references. Address J. T., box 210 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN, YOUNG AND SINGLE, a situation as farmer; thoroughly understands the care of horses and cattle. Address H. H., box 209 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN, A SITUATION AS gardener; understands all kinds of gardening; has the best references; can speak both German and English. Call for C. W. SMITH, 429 Broadway.

WANTED—FARMER AND VEGETABLE MAN, TO take a farm on shares; must be well recommended and understand the business and wife understand cows. Apply at 63 5th avenue.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR coachman and gardener, in the country, by a young single man, English, with good reference. Address G. G. J., box 170 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; thoroughly understands his business and can come well recommended. Address JAMES HARLIN, corner of 10th st. and Broadway, carriage rooms.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SINGLE MAN, AS coachman and gardener; is a good city and country driver; first class reference. Address O. M., box 208 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A man who thoroughly understands his business; can give a seven years' reference from his last place. Address G. B., 1,325 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom; willing to make himself generally useful; good reference from last employer. Address T. M., box 125 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION AS coachman and gardener; capable in either; can milk and be useful; best reference. Address W. W., box 211 Herald office.

WANTED—A MARRIED MAN WITHOUT CHILDREN, who understands farming, gardening and care of horses, capable of taking charge of a small place. Apply at 144 Water st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN, HAS NO family, a situation as coachman and plain gardener; can milk, and will make himself useful; has good references. Address W. B., Rye, Westchester county.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, MARRIED, has no family, a situation as coachman and plain gardener; can milk, and will make himself useful; has references. Address H. B., Rye, Westchester county.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom or as porter, by a single American man; would assist in gardening; good city reference. Address M. S., box 117 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG ENGLISH man, married, as first class coachman and groom; no objection to the country; best reference from last employer. Address J. G., box 237 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom; a first class man; best city reference as to honesty, sobriety and capability. Address CAMPBELL, harness store, 50 4th av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as groom, or coachman and groom; no objection to go to the country; good city reference. Call or address at 225 Clinton st., private stable, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a single young man; thoroughly understands the care of horses, carriages, &c.; is a good, safe driver; best city reference. Address M., at Mr. Wright's harness store, 311 4th av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE GERman single man, on a gentleman's place, on North river or Yonkers; understands gardening, taking care of horses and cows; he likes to work; good reference given. Address W. L. C., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A FRENCHMAN AND HIS WIFE, SITuations in a family; no objection to the country; the husband is a good coachman and gardener; the wife is a good seamstress or would take care of children; good references given. Address A. B., box 156 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SINGLE YOUNG man, a situation as coachman and groom; is a reliable driver; willing and obliging; perfectly sober and steady. Has best city reference. Apply to or address HARNESS MAKER, 211 4th av., for two days.

WANTED—A MIDDLE AGED MAN, WHO UNDERstands driving, grooming and the care of harness and wagons; one who is competent to fill the position will be well treated and appreciated; none others wanted; at Elizabeth, N. J. Address box 258 New York Post office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY AN ACTIVE MAN AND wife; man as first class coachman; wife as chamber-maid and waitress or seamstress; can operate on sewing machine; no objections to the country; best city references. Address J. C., box 110 Herald office, for three days.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, BY A FIRST class single man, who perfectly understands the proper care and treatment of horses, carriages, &c.; is a careful, good driver; good city reference; will be highly recommended. Call on or address W. D., private stable 124 West 18th st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER IN A FIRST class place, by a Scotchman; married; no children; has a thorough practical knowledge of greenhouse, flower ground, hot and cold graperies, fruit and vegetables in general; unexceptionable reference from last place. Address M. M., Bridgeman & Son's seed store, 576 Broadway

HELP WANTED—MALES.

A BOY WANTED—IN A LAWYER'S OFFICE. APply to TUCKER & AITKEN, room No. 4 Herald Building, between 10 and 11 o'clock.

WANTED—A MAN TO OPEN AND COOK OYSTERS and wait on table. Apply at 210 Spring st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS BARTENDER, AT the Mansion House, 64 Bleecker st.

WANTED—A MAN TO OPEN AND COOK OYSTERS and wait on tables. Apply after 12 o'clock at 554 5th av.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO OPEN OYSTERS and make himself generally useful, at 206 Wooster st. Apply after 10 o'clock A. M., with reference.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL A NEW, DESIRABLE Toy; $10 a day can be made easily. Apply at 12 Park place.

WANTED—A SMALL BOY AS AN ASSISTANT BARtender. Apply at 549 Greenwich st., corner of Charlton.

WANTED—A LAD, WHO RESIDES WITH HIS parents, to assist in an office; salary $100. Address L. M. B. & CO., 451 Broadway.

WANTED—A BOY, WELL RECOMMENDED, LIVING in this city. Apply at 190 Washington st.
JAMISON & BUTTLE.

WANTED—THREE MEN OF BUSINESS HABITS, TO solicit orders for illustrated works; with those proving competent, liberal arrangements will be made. Apply at LONDON PUBLISHING COMPANY, 19 John st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, USED TO HORSES, TO deliver groceries and make himself generally useful; must be a good worker. Apply, by letter, to A. & J. BOWES, Morrisania, N. Y.

WANTED—MEN WHO WRITE VERY PLAINLY, TO assist in the preparation of Trow's New York City Directory. Address, in writing of the applicant, with references, R. B. HALLOCK, 52 Greene st. Applications in person not attended to.

WANTED—A BOY BETWEEN 15 AND 18 YEARS OLD in a butter store; one that understands the business preferred; must come highly recommended as to honesty, &c. Address in own handwriting, F. J. D., box 142 Herald office.

$10 A DAY.—AGENTS WANTED, MALE AND FEmale. GEORGE L. FELTON, 131 Broadway, in Mason's store.

THE TRADES.

AT 61 LEXINGTON AV., CORNER 25TH ST.—WANted—One or two carpenters and one or two good painters. E. C. ANGELL.

THREE SILK HAT FINISHERS WANTED—AT 20 NASsau st.

TO JOB PRINTERS.—WANTED, A SITUATION AT press or press and case; country not objected to. Address A. B., box 197 Herald office.

TO ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.—WANTED, A SITuation as superintending architect or foreman in a builder's shop, by an experienced mechanic and draughtsman. Address R. G., Roslyn, L. I.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COAT HAND. APPLY TO A. BERRY, New Brighton, Staten Island.

WANTED—A COMPETENT MATCH DIPPER. ADdress MATCHES, Herald office.

WANTED—A PLAIN AND FANCY CAKE BAKER; one who ornaments preferred. Apply at CARLETON'S, 868 Broadway.

WANTED—A SILK HAT TRIMMER; ONE THAT CAN operate. TURNBULL'S hat factory, corner of Fulton and York sts., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A CAULKER, PRACTICALLY ACQUAINTed with repairing scow cellars with cement. Address X. X., Herald Branch office, Brooklyn.

WANTED—AN UPHOLSTERER; ONE WHO UNDERstands thoroughly every branch of the business. Apply at 899 3d av., between 54th and 55th sts.

WANTED—A WATCHMAKER; ALSO A JEWELLER, who can do jobbing and make new work; both must be single and reside in the family. Apply, with reference, to D. ROUSSEAU, 467 3d av., corner 32d st.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC AND WELL POSTED man who is experienced and thoroughly acquainted with the retail carriage material trade. Address, with real name and references, G. & B., Herald office.

IRON WORKS.

J. B. & W. W. CORNELL,
Plain and Ornamental
IRON WORKS.
All kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work for buildings, counting house and warerooms.
Nos. 132 to 142 Centre street.

FINANCIAL.

A NEW YORK STATE SECURITY.
The undersigned offers for sale the entire issue,
FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS
First Mortgage 25 year 7 per cent Gold Bonds of the MONTICELLO AND PORT JERVIS RAILWAY COMPANY,
State of New York, dated April 1, 1870, due April 1, 1895.
Principal and interest payable at the counter of the Union Trust Company, in the city of New York.
COUPONS PAYABLE QUARTER-YEARLY,
viz., January 1, April 1, July 1, October 1.
The Monticello and Port Jervis Railway connects with the Erie Railway at Port Jervis, and will connect with the New Jersey Western on its completion. It is but six miles from the Midland Road, and will form hereafter a
GRAND TRUNK BETWEEN THE MIDLAND AND ERIE.
It is 25 miles in length, broad gauge, built in the most substantial manner by cash subscriptions of the citizens and towns of Sullivan and Orange counties, and will command a passenger and freight traffic of much importance and value. Being but 88 miles, or three hours, distant from this city, investors can make a personal examination or ascertain by prompt correspondence the security offered by its bonds.
QUARTER-YEARLY COUPONS ARE A NEW FEATURE, and will prove a convenient form of income to purchasers.
Present price of the bonds, 95 per cent and accrued interest, in currency, with the right to advance without notice.
JOHN E. MURRAY, 17 Nassau street, New York.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
Chatham square and New Bowery, New York.
$1 to $3,000
may be deposited on or before April 20 and will receive interest from April 1 at
6 per cent.

A PRIVATE GENTLEMAN WILL LOAN $100,000 ON first class property in this city or Brooklyn; principals only dealt with. Address, stating particulars, box 5,555 Post office.

A.—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE, IN sums to suit, on improved city property; large mortgages wanted.
V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine street.

CAPITALISTS AND LAWYERS—HAVING MONEY TO invest on bond and mortgage or to purchase mortgages at fair rates, will always find good applications by addressing or calling at 119 Broadway, room 19.

DIVIDEND.—CEOLLAR POTOSI MINING COMPANY, $1, coin, per share, payable 11th inst., at the agency of the Bank of California.
LEES & WALLER, 58 Pine street.

FROM $1,000 TO $10,000 TO INVEST IN SHORT TIME Mortgages.
S. F. SIMPSON, No. 7 Warren street, room 30.

FOR SALE—$6,500 SECOND MORTGAGE—WILLIAMSburg Tenement Property; four stories: 28x55x100; sold this year for $16,000, first mortgage $2,800, two years; will sell the second mortgage at a discount of $1,000, to cover all expenses. No brokers need notice. Address J. A. W., station A.

GOLD LOAN
of the
Rochester, N. Y.,
Water Works Company
First Mortgage
Six per cent Coupon Bonds, $1,000 each.
Principal and interest payable in gold.
Due in 1899.
Interest payable May and November 1.
At Union Trust Company, New York.
We offer for sale $250,000
at 93 cents and accrued interest.

Capital stock	$850,000
Authorized issue bonds	800,000
We respectfully invite the attention of capitalists and investors to these bonds.	
Estimated rental from thirty miles pipe	$193,000
Interest on $800,000 bonds, say	55,000
Leaving for current expenses, dividends and to extend the works, per annum	$138,000

The entire property is mortgaged to the Union Trust Company, New York, as trustees for the bondholders.
Pamphlets containing copies of the company's charter and of the mortgage to Union Trust Company, &c., furnished upon application
Government securities and bonds, having market value, taken in exchange on favorable terms.
Bonds sent by express to any part of the country free of charge.
UTLEY & DOUGHERTY,
11 Wall street, New York.

MONEY DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE APRIL 15 WILL draw interest from April 1.
EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK,
358 Sixth avenue, Booth's Theatre.
WM. M. GILES, President.
H. K. THURBER, } Vice Presidents.
HUGH HUNTSMAN, }
ISAAC S. BARRETT, Secretary.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS OF THE CITY OF BURlington, Iowa.—The undersigned, Chairman of the Board of Commissioners appointed to compromise and adjust the city indebtedness, is now prepared to exchange new bonds running twenty-five years, bearing six per cent interest per annum, interest payable semi-annually in the city of New York, for old Bonds and accrued interest at par, in accordance with an arrangement made with bondholders. The new Bonds being issued under the provisions of the "Enabling act" of the State, sanctioned by a vote of the citizens, their validity is unquestioned. An ordinance having been adopted by the City Council which provides for a sinking fund and the payment of interest, the ultimate extinction of the bonds and the prompt payment of interest is guaranteed.
Any holders of old Bonds and Coupons may send them for exchange to the undersigned or to the First National or National State Bank of Burlington, Iowa, who will make the exchange and return the new bonds without expense to the holders.
WM. BELL, Mayor City Burlington, Iowa.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW YORK, APRIL 11, 1870.—I will on Wednesday of this week (April 13), receive at this office offers of $1,000,000 of Bonds, in accordance with regulations heretofore adopted. A certified check for five per cent of the offer must accompany it. Further particulars can be had at this office.
CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Assistant Treasurer United States.

THIRD AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
corner Third avenue and Twenty-sixth street.
Six per cent interest allowed on all sums from $1 to $5,000.
All money deposited on or before the 20th of April will draw interest from the 1st of April.
Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
WM. R. BIBBINS, Secretary.

WANTED—$5,000 FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS, ON country real estate worth ten times the amount required; is all improved property, with buildings. Address SECURITY, Herald office.

WANTED—$9,000 ON BOND AND MORTGAGE, ON improved city property worth three times the amount. Brokers need not apply. Address box 132 Herald office.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE SECOND HAND MORTgages, from $2,000 to $5,000 each, on first class improved Real Estate in New York city. Apply to T. OLIVER CARTER, 56 Wall street, basement.

$8,500. $5,000, $3,000 AND OTHER AMOUNTS to loan upon improved New York property; mortgages bought and sold.
HASTINGS, COLVIN & SALMON, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine st.

$175,000 TO LOAN—IN SUMS TO SUIT, ON New York Property. First and Second Mortgages cashed at lowest market rates.
BELLAMY & STRATTON, No. 5½ Pine street.

$200,000 TO LOAN—ON MORTGAGE, IN SUMS of $3,000 to $25,000, $40,000 on unfinished buildings; $150,000 for first and second Mortgages.
HINMAN & SON, 23 Pine street.

$250,000 TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTgage, in sums of $5,000 and upwards, on real estate in this city or Brooklyn.
JOHN F. CONREY, 62 Wall street, room 19.

$283,000 TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTgage in New York and Brooklyn; Second Mortgages wanted.
CALLENDER & LAURENCE, 50 Pine street.

$300,000 TO LOAN—IN SUMS TO SUIT, ON New York and Brooklyn real estate; no bonus required.
C. E. WILLIS,
Montauk Insurance Company, 166 Broadway.

$750,000 TO LOAN ON FIRST CLASS IMproved property in the cities of New York and Brooklyn, to principals only.
E. M. MASON, No. 1 Centre street.

LOAN OFFICES.

AT 1,270 BROADWAY, BETWEEN THIRTY-SECOND and Thirty-third streets, up stairs.—Money loaned on personal property of every description. Same bought and sold.
WM. A. GLOVER.

AT THE JEWELRY STORE, 723 BROADWAY, UNDER the New York Hotel—The highest prices paid for Diamonds, Watches, Old Gold and Silver, Laces, Camel's Hair Shawls, &c. The same sold. LYNCH'S.

AT 147 FOURTH AVENUE, BETWEEN THIRTEENTH and Fourteenth streets—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, &c. Aqui se habla Espanol y Frances. C. BRODY.

AT WOLF BROTHERS', 559 BROADWAY, FORMERLY of Brooklyn—Money liberally advanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, more particularly on Pianos. Business strictly confidential. Same bought and sold.

AT THE ESTABLISHED OFFICE, 66 NASSAU STREET, room No. 3, the highest prices are paid for Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, &c., or liberal advances made on the same. A. HONIGMAN, Broker.

AT HYMAN'S, 658 BROADWAY, CORNER OF BOND street.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds and Watches, Silverware, &c., or will pay the highest market price for the same.

AT J. A. JACKSON'S, NO. 8 AMITY STREET, NEAR Broadway.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Dry Goods and Personal Property of every description. Same bought and sold.

AT 57 THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR WALLACK'S theatre.—I pay the highest price for Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry, or advance on the same.
ISAACS, Diamond Broker, 57 Thirteenth street.

BROADWAY, CORNER FULTON STREET (KNOX'S Building)—Business established fifteen years.—NEWMAN LEOPOLD buys, sells or advances liberally on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Life Policies, Merchandise and other Securities negotiated for.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVERware bought and money loaned on them by GEORGE C. ALLEN, 415 Broadway, one door below Canal street.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNITURE, DRY GOODS, Carpets and all kinds of Merchandise; Storage taken at 11 and 17 Eighth avenue, in real estate office; open to 8 P. M.
JACOBS.

39 NASSAU STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.—Liberal advances made on diamonds, watches, jewelry and all kinds of merchandise. The same bought and sold. HAYMAN LEOPOLD, room No. 1.

MARBLE MANTELS.

DECORATED MARBLE MANTELS, WAINSCOTING, Furniture Tops, &c., in representation of all foreign marble, from $15 to $1,000; rich patterns black, engraved in gold. MIDDLEFIELD COMPANY, 1,263 Broadway; branch warerooms 427 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—RICH AND ELEgant designs, from $9, $12, $15 up to $250. T. B. STEWART & CO., 625 Sixth avenue, between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth streets.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS—OPENING of new show rooms, with finest assortment of Mantels in this city; prices to suit times. A. KLABER, 134 and 136 East Eighteenth street, near Third avenue, New York.

S. KLABER & CO., FORMERLY 68 FIRST AVENUE, now at their factory, 217 to 223 West Fifty-first street, between Broadway and Eighth avenue; marble and marbleized Mantels, Monuments, Headstones, Tiles, Wainscoting, Table and Plumber Slabs; latest designs in great variety; cheapest in this city.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
corner of Twenty-third street and Eighth avenue.
JAMES FISK, Jr. ..... Proprietor
JOHN F. COLE ..... Manager
THE CLIMAX.
TENTH WEEK
of the dramatic event of the age, the
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
witnessed from February 7 to April 9 (64 representations) by upwards of
184,000
delighted visitors, being the largest audience ever assembled in a place of amusement in the same number of consecutive nights.
TEN PREMIERES.
SIX SECONDES.
TWENTY-FIVE CORYPHEES.
THE GREAT AJAX.
DEMON GANGAN.
GRAND SPANISH BALLET.
CELEBRATED BELL BALLET.
UNE NUIT A LA MABILLE.
GREAT SNAKE BALLET.
BEAUTIFUL SCARF DANCE
TERPSICHOREAN AEROSTATICS.
GRAND TRANSFORMATION.
EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
Seats secured ten days in advance at the box office, also at Schirmer's music store, 701 Broadway, and Erie Railway ticket office, corner Twenty-third street and Broadway.
ON EASTER MONDAY,
First night of a new grand
AMAZONIAN BALLET,
BY SIGNOR COSTA,
with entire new dresses by Miss Knapp. Music selected and arranged from Meyerbeer's gems by Mr. Henry Tissington.
ANOTHER SENSATION.
A new, complete and genuine
SPANISH BALLET TROUPE
will shortly arrive in the United States and make their first appearance at this theatre.

BOOTH'S THEATRE,
Twenty-third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.
LAST NIGHT BUT FOUR OF THE ENGAGEMENT OF
EDWIN BOOTH,
Who will appear on
MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, and SATURDAY MATINEE,
as
MACBETH,
in Shakspeare's sublime Tragedy of that name,
and on
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS,
as
CLAUDE MELNOTTE,
in Lord Lytton's beautiful play of
THE LADY OF LYONS.
ON MONDAY, APRIL 18,
Mr. JOHN S. CLARKE
will make his first appearance in New York in five years, in the characters of
MAJOR WELLINGTON DE BOOTS
and
TOODLES,
performed by him 250 times in this city.
Seats secured TWO WEEKS IN ADVANCE, at the Box Office of the theatre, or at its Branch Ticket Office, at the music store of C. H. Ditson & Co., 711 Broadway.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, 201 BOWERY.
A new Sensational Drama, entitled
JACK SHEPPARD'S LAST DREAM.
JACK SHEPPARD'S LAST DREAM.
Engagement with the Comic Dancers, Messrs. LEGGET and ALLEN.
Reappearance of the inimitable
NELSE SEYMOUR.
TONY PASTOR and the STAR TROUPE.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 2½ o'clock.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS,
720 Broadway.
LAST WEEK OF
CHING CHOW HI,
BART AND RYMAN
in JUDICIAL CURIOSITIES and THE WRONG MAN.
LEON
in his great act,
FASHIONABLE KATE OF BROADWAY.
Monday evening, April 18, the new sensation burlesque,
FROW-FROW.

THE LECTURE SEASON.

IMPORTANT LECTURES TO GENTLEMEN ONLY, ON interesting, invaluable and scientific subjects, showing how to live and what we live for, are delivered daily at the New York Museum of Anatomy. Those unable to attend can receive a copy by forwarding 25 cents to the Secretary, 618 Broadway.

PROFESSOR RITTER'S THIRD LECTURE
on the History of Music, at
Association Hall to-night.

THE HON. INGERSOLL LOCKWOOD WILL DELIVER a lecture on "Nationality and Nobility," in the church corner Lexington avenue and Forty-eighth street, Tuesday evening, April 12, at 8 o'clock. Tickets at the door, 25 cents each.

MUSICAL.

A TENOR, WITH GOOD VOICE AND ABILITY, IS open for an engagement in a Protestant quartet choir, or as leader, &c; understands the Episcopal service. Address TENOR, box 110 Herald office.

AN ORGANIST IS OPEN FOR AN ENGAGEMENT, IN or out of the city; best reference given. Address X. Y. Z., Herald office.

A SOPRANO WISHES A SITUATION IN A PROTESant church; pupil of Sig. J. Tamaro. Apply to or address J. TAMARO, No. 60 Third avenue.

A SOPRANO, WITH A SUPERIOR VOICE AND A GOOD reader, desires position in church (Catholic preferred), from April 1 or May 1; is a pupil of Signor Carlo Mora. Address C. MORA, care of St. James' church, James street, New Bowery, N. Y.

COLLEGE OF MUSIC, AT 23 EAST FOURTEENTH street.—Mme. GAZZANIGA and Signor ALBITES beg to inform their friends and the public that by special request they have consented to give lessons by the month, so as to afford an opportunity to those who celebrate on leaving the city early. Books open daily at the College.

THE UNDERSIGNED, ORGANIST AND CHORISTER, of long experience, can furnish good soprano; willing also to conduct music in Sabbath school; wishes an engagement in this city or Brooklyn. References first class. Address J. FRANK AUSTEN, care of Randell, 554 Eighth av.

TENOR WANTED—FOR EPISCOPAL CHURCH QUARtet choir. Address F. S., Herald office.

WANTED—TWO GOOD VIOLINISTS, WHO CAN sing; also one cornet player to travel. Apply to Dr. BLOMER, Merchants' Hotel, from 11 to 2.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Loper, Williams & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. E. Loper is alone authorized to settle up the business of the late firm, which will continue the business in his own name.
E. SOPER,
THOS. WILLIAMS.
New York, April 9, 1870.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

A SOLID, FULLY ESTABLISHED BUSINESS, PAYING $4,000 annually, capable of unlimited increase, for sale; owner going to Europe; an unparalleled opportunity. Address ASPINWALL, 648 Broadway, room 14.

A FAT RENDERING ESTABLISHMENT NEAR HUNTer's Point to dispose of at a low price. Apply at 218 Fulton street, room No. 6.

A GOOD BUSINESS CHANCE IN THE WHOLESALE and retail commission business to the right kind of a man, with from $2,000 to $10,000; in one of the best locations on Vesey street, where from $300 to $2,000 can be sold daily; the business established. Address BUSINESS, Herald office.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED GOOD BUSIness men, with small capital, in every city in the Union, to act as general agents for Bilrod's Arabian Pine Tar, Turkish Honey and other Toilet Soaps, Baking Powders, &c. Address EAGLE MANUFACTORY, 23 and 25 Huntington street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BUSINESS WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WOULD INvest from $5,000 to $10,000 in an established manufacturing business in this city. Principals only address, stating particulars, E, box 170 Elizabeth, Post office, New Jersey.

DINING HOUSE FOR SALE—DOWN TOWN; EL

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

East Side.

A—FOR SALE, CHEAP, THE NEW FOUR story high stoop Dwelling, 123 Seventy-first street, between Third and Fourth avenues. Owner at 336 Bowery.

AT REDUCED PRICES.—FOR SALE, THE THREE story high stoop brown stone Houses 115 East Fifty-fifth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues, and 315 East Fifty-second street, between First and Second avenues. Inquire at 115 East Fifty-fifth street between 11 and 3 o'clock, or at WM. S. CARR & CO.'S, 110 Centre street.

A FOUR STORY DOUBLE STORE AND TENEMENT brick house and lot full size, with baker's oven; rental $1,225; price $13,000, part cash. Apply at 529 East Thirty-second street.

A FOUR STORY BRICK HOUSE IN TWELFTH street, between Second and Third avenues, 25x60, lot 98, modern improvements, in fine order, cheap and on easy terms. W. H. FALCONER, 100 Fourth avenue, near Twelfth st.

A PLOT OF 15 LOTS ON EASTERN BOULEVARD—Position and views unequalled; most desirable spot in the city for institution or hotel. G. LESPINASSE, No. 5 Pine street.

A BROWN STONE HOUSE IN TWENTIETH STREET, near Broadway, full width, can be bought cheap, the owner going to Europe. WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner Seventeenth street.

ADJOINING FIFTH AVENUE, ABOUT FORTY-FOURTH street.—Four-story-high stoop, desirable, medium size, elegant, modern Dwelling for sale exceedingly low. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine street.

FOR SALE—FOUR STORY BROWN FRONT HIGH stoop House, well-built, convenient, 246 East Sixteenth street. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN SEVENTY-EIGHTH street, between First and Second avenues, three brown stone high stoop Houses; new; rent $300. Inquire of M. T. BILLICK, 65 Tompkins Market, or to owner, on premises.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS BROWN STONE FRONT House, on Forty-fourth street, between Madison and Fifth avenues. Inquire on the premises, of A. MOWBRAY.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT 863 LEXINGTON AVENUE; house in perfect order; newly painted; will be sold at a bargain; built by the owner. Inquire on the premises.

HARLEM.—FOR SALE, A TWO STORY AND BASEment frame House; nice rooms; gas and water; convenient to the boats and all railroad cars; price $4,200; cash $1,000. Apply to JAMES MONAGHAN, 115th street and Third avenue.

THIRD AVENUE.—STORE 25X50, LOT 25X150, IN THE best business part of Harlem; rents for 10 per cent on the price asked; a good investment. Address box 3,751 Post office.

$7,500 EACH.—TWO OF THE ELEGANT THREE story Cottages, Fifty-fifth street, between Second and Third avenues; also one adjoining, 18 feet front, 10 rooms, painted throughout, stairs and front basement panelled in walnut; all done by days' work; $8,500. The above three houses have all improvements. Lots half block. Owner on premises, No. 235.

$14,500—$5,000 CASH, FOR A NEW THREE story and basement brown stone House, including gas fixtures and shades, or will let the whole or part. Inquire at 421 East Fifty-eighth street.

$16,000 ONLY FOR BROWN STONE HOUSE, IN Sixty-third street, near Lexington avenue; hard wood finish; all improvements and very desirable. WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner Seventeenth st.

West Side.

A THREE STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN STONE House; parlors trimmed with black walnut; marble hall; No. 36 West Fifteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues. Inquire of owner, on premises.

A CHOICE OF TWO COMFORTABLE AND CONvenient Houses, 50 and 52 West Forty-eighth street.—For sale or to let. Price moderate. Terms easy. Four story, brown stone. Apply on premises, or to HENRY McGUCKIN, plumber and gas fitter, 544 Sixth avenue.

A FOUR STORY BROWN STONE HIGH STOOP House on West Forty-ninth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues; has all the modern improvements, hard-wood finish, marble hall, &c.; cheap for cash. JOHN C. CRAFT, 229 Broadway, room 13.

AT AUCTION—BY E. H. LUDLOW, THIS DAY, AT 12 o'clock, at the Real Estate Exchange, 111 Broadway, the fine first class brown stone House, 116 West Thirty-second street, containing all modern improvements, and in fine order.

BROOME AND WOOSTER STREET PROPERTY FOR sale to close an estate—55 Wooster, corner of Broome; price $31,000; 157 Wooster street, $23,000; terms easy. Apply to C. A. JACKSON, Attorney, 54 William street.

BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH AVENUES (FIRST class), 47 and 49 West Fifty-fifth street, at low figure; 46.8x50; four story, high stoop. Apply on premises.

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE MARKET—FIRST CLASS order; neighborhood excellent; price $24,000. Address ANXIOUS TO SELL, Herald office.

FOR SALE—26 WEST FORTY-EIGHTH STREET; EXtra large, extra finish. 44 West Forty-eighth street; only one left; who'll have it? 669 Lexington avenue. 46 West Fifty-second street. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE—IN WEST FOURTEENTH STREET, FOUR years' Lease and Furniture of a four story house; will be sold cheap; suitable for boarders. E. M. MASON, No. 1 Centre street.

FOR SALE—AT HARLEM, IN FIFTH AVENUE, NEAR 130th street, brown stone three story and basement, 11 rooms, gas and water; fine extension in rear; lot 18x120. For permit apply to GEO. F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square).

FOR SALE—IN WEST FORTY-FOURTH STREET, BEtween Ninth and Tenth avenues, two Cottage Houses; one has all the modern improvements; will be sold on liberal terms. Also for sale or to rent, in Beekman place and Forty-ninth street, a four-story brown stone House; all improvements. M. DOUGHTY, 77 Nassau street.

FOR SALE—THREE STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN stone front House, No. 221 West Thirty-seventh street, 18x65, lot one half the block. Apply at No. 46 Warren street.

FOR SALE—ON THIRTY-FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN Fifth and Sixth avenues, a three story high stoop brown stone House, 21x55x100. Price $26,000. NOTT & CO., No. 10 Pine street.

FOR SALE—SEVEN THREE STORY STONE FRONT Houses, on Fifty-fifth street, Nos. 304, 306, 212 to 220, at a great bargain; built by day work. WM. BEDELL, 368 West Fifty-eighth street.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST CLASS BROWN stone front Houses, 32 and 34 West Fifty-first street, 21x50. Inquire on premises, or of JAMES BLACKHURST, 236 West Forty-eighth street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—FOUR VERY DESIRABLE LOTS on 116th street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues. Address R. A. B., 89 White street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A LARGE FOUR-STORY brown stone House, 67 West Forty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues; 17 rooms; complete order. Apply to G. C. HALLETT, 140 Chambers street.

HOUSES FOR SALE—IN WEST 19TH, 22D, 26TH 27TH, 47th, 52d streets and Lexington avenue, between Sixty-first and Sixty-second sts. GEO. F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square).

MANUFACTORY FOR SALE—TWENTY-SEVENTH street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, a Factory 50x100, six stories and basement, substantial, with good light; suitable for heavy business; or will lease to a good tenant; also a House and Lot adjoining. WINANS, SANDS & GARRETSON, Auctioneers, 51 Cedar street.

TWO BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED LOTS—ONE ON north side of Fifty-third street, between Madison and Fifth avenues, and the other in the rear, on Fifty-second street, making 48x200; very desirable for private residence, and stable connecting in the rear; sewer in street; brown stone; first class houses opposite; terms to suit. Address J. A. W., station A.

25 BY 200, NORTH SIDE OF FIFTY-SEVENTH through to Fifty-eighth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues; mortgage $13,750; must be sold and no reasonable offer refused. Owner, 98 (old) East Sixteenth street. Necessity, opportunity.

40 WEST FIFTY-SIXTH STREET.—FOR SALE, FOUR story brown stone, portico, stoop, bay window, hard wood trim, &c., arranged for comfort and convenience; examination desired; full lot. Apply on premises.

322 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET, NEAR Eighth avenue.—Four story brown stone House, thoroughly built, replete with every convenience and in fine order; 17x50x100; lot 25 feet. Apply between 10 and 5 o'clock on premises.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

AT GOLD PRICES AGAIN.—A HANDSOME MODERN two story and a half basement and sub-cellar House, in beautiful location on the hill, 200 feet from Washington Park; price $7,500; furnished, $8,250. BUCKLE & SANDERSON, 362 Broadway.

A BARGAIN.—THREE STORY TENEMENT AND SUBcellar frame House; tiled-in, tin roof; 12 rooms, gas and water; lots 25x80; price $5,600; within few minutes Fulton ferry; cars pass door. W. COOK, 53 Nassau street, Brooklyn.

A.—FOR SALE, IN BROOKLYN, ON THE NORTH west corner of Clinton and Lafayette avenues, some of those elegant four story high stoop brown stone front French roof Houses, 21, 22 and 23x48 feet; lots 40, 110 and 200 feet. These houses have been built by day's work, in the most thorough manner, under the supervision of the owner. All modern improvements replete. Black walnut front and vestibule doors; stairs and staircasings of the most elegant design; black walnut sash and French plate glass; dining room and hall substucoed in black walnut; independent laundry, two bathrooms, three water closets, eight washbasins, butler pantry, 18 rooms, 12 pantries and any amount of drawers, &c.; hot air furnaces; fifteen to twenty minutes by Greenwood cars from Fulton ferry; five to seven blocks from Prospect Park grand entrance; price moderate; terms to suit; about one-half cash; must be seen to be appreciated; immediate possession. Apply on the premises to THOMAS FAGAN, owner.

A HANDSOME MODERN BRICK HOUSE, THREE story, basement and sub-cellar; desirable location on the hill. Inquire on the premises, 218 Cumberland street, Brooklyn, or 212 Fulton street, New York.

A NEW FIRST CLASS STONE FRONT HOUSE FOR sale, two blocks from Prospect Park; on Warren street, fourth house east of Carlton avenue; all improvements; complete; terms easy. Inquire on premises. JOHN MAGILLIGAN.

BETTER THAN PAYING RENT.—GEORGE W. HALL, Attorney, 227 Fulton st., Brooklyn, has for sale, to close an estate, a good three story brick House, in a good location, for little cash down and balance in small sums, as convenient.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, LODGING, DINING AND LIquor Saloon. Call at No. 5 Grand street, Williamsburg, close by ferry.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE A COPARTNERSHIP INterest, a valuable Plat of Ground in Flatbush, near Prospect Park, on a beautiful avenue, at a low price. Apply to N. COOPER, 81 Fulton avenue, corner Lawrence street.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—TWO HANDSOME NEW Houses, three story, basement and sub-cellar, brown stone, 12 rooms, hot and cold water to 3 story; 7 marble mantels, 3 wash basins, bathtub, finished in black walnut and ash, all the rooms heated by furnace in cellar; neighborhood first class; convenient to all the ferries. Terms easy. Inquire on premises, 153 Dean street, between Hoyt and Bond streets.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NO. 49 MACON STREET, near Fulton avenue; elegant new three story dwelling; all improvements; tiptop locality; 24 minutes to ferry; only $6,000; easy terms. CALLENDER & LAURENCE, 80 Pine street.

JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN, HUDSON CITY AND BERGEN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

A GREAT BARGAIN.—A THREE STORY BASEMENT brick House, in Sussex street, Jersey City; first class; neighborhood best in the city; must be sold. Address P. H., box 171 Jersey City Post office.

JERSEY CITY.—THREE STORY AND BASEMENT high stoop House, 150 York street, seven minutes' walk from ferry; lot 25x100. Apply to HORACE E. DRESSER, 380 Broadway, New York, or on the premises after 4 P. M.

To Let or Lease.

REDUCTION IN RENTS.—THE HOBOKEN LAND and Improvement Company have reduced the rents on their first class houses. For particulars inquire of T. C. DUNN, JR., Agent, room No. 4, near the ferry. A Store and Basement to rent.

TO RENT—IN JERSEY CITY, HANDSOME THREE story and basement brown stone front House of 11 rooms; all improvements, including pier glass; 196 South Sixth street; rent $30 per month. Apply to E. F. ANNIN, 99 Fulton street.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO RENT ON NORTH SHORE, STATEN ISLAND, NEAR WEST NEW BRIGHTON.

This residence, situated on high grounds, commands an extensive view of the Hills and Jersey shore, and is furnished with all modern improvements of a city house, with elegant parlors, dining and bath rooms and six large sleeping apartments. The grounds are extensive, well drained, with stable and lawn; rent low to acceptable tenant; immediate possession. Apply to JOHN McDONALD, No. 8 Bakery place, New York.

ALL WANTING FARMS.—3,000 ACRES, GOOD SOIL, mild climate; 34 miles south of Philadelphia; price only $25 per acre; also improved Farms. The place is growing more rapidly than most any other place in the United States; thousands are settling. Address C. K. LANDIS, Vineland, N. J.

A SHREWSBURY RIVER COTTAGE FOR SALE.—Situated near Rumsome station; four acres of ground, fruit, shade and ornamental trees, asparagus, berries, &c.; dwelling has twelve rooms, completely furnished; barn, carriage, boat and ice houses; all in good order. Address W. T. DEVOE, room 425 Metropolitan Hotel.

AT FAIRMOUNT, NEAR TREMONT DEPOT—A NEW Cottage, eight rooms, $350; also one of six rooms, $250; good gardens. STANLEY DAY, 111 Broadway, basement, rooms A. B.

AT NEWARK, N. J.—TO LET, THREE STORY AND basement (high) mastic front brick Dwelling House; contains 13 rooms, sub-cellar, gas and water; yard nicely improved, grapery, &c.; in a genteel neighborhood and a few steps from railroad depots; possession at once; rent $1,000 per annum. Apply to EDGAR FARMER & CO., 19 Cortlandt street, New York, or T. C. CHANDLER, Newark, N. J.

A STORIA—ON GRAND STREET, TO LET OR FOR sale on easy terms, a first rate House, of 13 rooms, with all the modern improvements; also a House on Carver street to let or for sale on easy terms; 11 rooms, all in good order, with four Lots; plenty of fruit. Apply to A. FLEMING, Main street.

A FURNISHED COTTAGE—ON THE SEA SHORE, near Gifford's station, L. I., to rent for the summer; fine garden, shade, boating, fishing, &c. E. O. LOCKE, 141 Eighth street, between Broadway and Fourth avenue.

ATTENTION, WORKINGMEN.—A SNUG HOME (SIX rooms for $2,250, and ten years to pay in; only 37 minutes from New York to the house. W. L. MOORE, 48 Barbara street, Newark, N. J.

A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, 40X80, 14 ROOMS, FURniture, water, gas, outbuildings, shade trees, shrubbery, fruits, fine lawn, high ground, magnificent views, good neighborhood, 45 minutes from Wall street by boat, or cars every 15 minutes. Address box 5,751 Post office.

A BEAUTIFUL PLACE—NEW ROCHELLE—2½ acres; House, 15 rooms, gas, heaters; fruit plenty, ornamental trees; for sale, trade or rent for available city property. Apply to ALVAN A. HIGGINS, 27 Barclay street, or A. P. ROBINSON, New Rochelle.

A SPLENDID FARM OF 92 ACRES, IN ROCKLAND county, 25 miles and 1½ hours by rail from city; fine House, barns, &c., situated on high ground; fine view; all kinds of fruit; 10 minutes' walk from depot; price low and terms easy. The owner can be seen for two days at the office of WM. A. CROCKER, 76 Cedar street.

AT GREENWICH—ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE FOR sale; carriage house, &c.; shore front; conveniently located; other shore front properties, all prices. Address J. W. ATWATER, Cosoob Bridge Station, Connecticut.

A GENTLEMAN OFFERS TO LET A LARGE FURnished House, containing 14 rooms; fine garden spot, with all fruits; also two cows, with pasture for the same, by the year, for the board of four persons; no objections to the party fitting the house with other boarders; place is situated 1½ mile from depot, 15 miles from New York city, by Northern New Jersey Railroad; first class board is required. For further particulars address J. S. ENOS, Cresskill, Bergen county, N. J.

A MAGNIFICENT COUNTRY SEAT AT A BARGAIN, in city of Rahway; house large, beautiful and surrounded by choicest ornamental and fruit trees in abundance. Address OWNER, box 40 Jersey City.

A SUMMER HOTEL TO LEASE, FURNITURE FOR sale.—First class, 75 rooms, splendid location, near the city; excellent opportunity. E. W. BALL, 25 Chambers street.

AT NEWARK, N. J., TO LET—FIVE UNFURNISHED Rooms en suite, second floor, to small family; gas, water; convenient to depots; moderate rent; possession immediately. No. 106 Elm street, Newark.

A STORIA.—TO LET, A THOROUGHLY FURNISHED House, in perfect order, with garden and stable attached; the situation is the finest in Astoria, commanding view of East river and but eight minutes' walk from ferry. Apply to J. T. LEAVITT, 118 and 120 Church street.

AT NEW BEDFORD, MASS.—FOR SALE, A LARGE House, with all modern conveniences and 58 acres of land; a charming residence for the whole year, near to the sea and still in rural retirement, but not so far removed as to be separated from good society; good outbuildings, &c. For photograph and further particulars apply to JACOB SHARPE, 30 Pine street.

AT YONKERS—TO LET, A SPLENDID FRENCH roof new House; gas, heater, river view, 10 rooms, good neighborhood; only $850. Call on or address J. YOUMANS, Agent, Yonkers.

A BEAUTIFUL HOUSE, WITH AMPLE GROUNDS, outbuildings, fruit, &c., at Astoria. Also same at Yonkers. Both are superior and attractive for families of taste and refinement; reduced prices; terms easy. SIEGEL, BACHE & CO., 171 Broadway.

AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—HANDSOME THREE STORY mansard roof House, with extension, containing 10 rooms; all improvements; convenient to depot; only $7,500; $3,000 cash. T. OLIVER CARTER, 56 Wall street, basement.

A DESIRABLE LARGE DOUBLE DWELLING, three acres, stables, shade, gas, water, near Prospect Park; 35 minutes by Fulton avenue cars; rent only $900. Apply to the owner, C. E. WHITEHEAD, 61 Wall street.

A.—HOUSE, BARN AND FIVE ACRES LAND TO let, at Clifton, N. J.; 45 minutes by Erie Railroad; 3 minutes from depot. Inquire of CHARLES TOUSLEY, 210 Franklin street.

AT STAMFORD, MONTCLAIR, ORANGE, BULL'S Ferry, Cranford, Staten Island and Westchester—For sale or to let, furnished or unfurnished; rents $150 to $1,000; all at sacrifices. A. SERGEANT, 21 Wall street.

AT NEW BRIGHTON.—TO RENT, A FINE BRICK Villa, 11 rooms, modern improvements; most excellent neighborhood; garden, shade and lawn; view unsurpassed; 45 minutes from Wall street. HAMILTON, 263 Broadway.

AT NEW BRIGHTON.—TO RENT, A BEAUTIFUL Cottage, suitable for a small family, on a lease; $800; with all the modern improvements; excellent neighborhood. HAMILTON, 263 Broadway.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE low on Long Island—1,200 feet water front; 60 acres in fruits, shrubbery, &c.; house large and beautifully finished; fine outbuildings; one mile from depot; fishing, bathing and boating. A. SERGEANT, 21 Wall street.

A NEW COUNTRY HOTEL, COMPLETED JULY 1, TO let—To responsible parties only; beautiful scenery, fine fishing, splendid drives, good row in, mineral springs, &c., &c. A great resort for invalids and pleasure seekers; will accommodate about 250 guests. Apply in person or by letter to JONAS CLARK, 353 Broadway.

A BARGAIN—FOUR ACRES, FAIR BUILDING; GREAT quantities of fruit; fronting on two streets; not over 5 minutes' walk from the depot; price $3,000. Inquire of BRONK & MARSH, opposite depot, Plainfield, N. J.

A STORIA, L. I.—TO LET, FURNISHED HOUSE ON Gerdell street of 13 rooms; garden, plenty of fruit; beautiful view of East river. Apply to JAS. V. H. LAWRENCE, on the premises.

BUY A HOME AT ELIZABETH, N. J., NEAR ELIZAbethport depot; occupy it while paying for it; houses new and ready for occupancy. Also but few Lots on very easy terms. Send for pamphlet (free) giving description and terms of payment; read it and judge for yourself. E. R. KELLOGG, No. 3 Broadway, New York, or Second street, Elizabethport.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE—IN NEW JERSEY, 29 miles from New York by railroad; good house, stables, two acres of ground, with fruit, &c.; has excellent water; healthy location. No agents need apply. Address W. N. E., box 289 Herald office.

COUNTRY SEAT, 27 ACRES, WITH FINE HOUSE, barn and tenant house, at West Hackensack; rent $650. Also Cottages in the village, $200 to $1,200. E. M. MASON, No. 1 Centre street.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.—FOR SALE, ON REASONable terms—Piermont; house 50x70; has 45 rooms; 2½ acres. Tremont, two Cottages, containing 8 rooms. West Point, 10 acres fine Land, near Highland House. GEO. F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square).

DESIRABLE FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED RESidences at Yonkers, Rye, New Rochelle and New Brighton to let; several very superior. HASTINGS, COLVIN & SALMON, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine st.

ENGLEWOOD AND VICINITY.—HOUSES AND LOTS for sale and to rent, all prices. Choice Farms for investment. C. D. KELLOGG & D. W. SMITH, 115 Broadway, and corner Dean and Palisade avenues, Englewood.

ENGLEWOOD AND VICINITY.—FINE RESIDENCES for sale, $4,500 to $50,000. A few Houses to rent. Choice Farms for investment and improvement. C. D. KELLOGG & D. W. SMITH, 115 Broadway, and corner Dean and Palisade avenues, Englewood.

ELEGANT HOUSE AT RYE, WITH SIX ACRES OF ground, the orchard, fruit and vegetable garden, view of the Sound from ground, 21 rooms, walnut stairs, water and marble mantels, in thorough order throughout. For further particulars address A. A., Rye.

FARM FOR SALE—EAST SIDE OF SENECA LAKE, half a mile frontage on the lake; contains 115 acres, three in wood (a beautiful grove), balance arable; 13 acres choicest grapes, 250 apple and 200 peach trees, &c.; good house; two good barns; situation unsurpassed for scenery and health; best society, schools and churches; near cars and steamboats. Also ten acres near this; fine house, barn, &c.; three acres vineyard; also pear, apple, plum and cherry trees. Will be sold bargains, parties going West. WM. CALLENDER, 25 Nassau street.

FOR SALE—ON STATEN ISLAND, ELEGANT RESidence, all modern improvements, five minutes' from ferry, carriage house, &c., $8,000. Surroundings the best. DARRIN, 50 Broad street.

FOR SALE—STATEN ISLAND, NORTH SHORE, SIX Acres and Cottage, ¼ mile from ferry; $5,500; also 4 Acres, Cottage 8 rooms, and barn; $2,500. DARRIN, 50 Broad street.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

FIRST CLASS STEAM MERCHANT FLOUR MILL FOR sale—Situate on the bank of the Delaware and Raritan Canal, in the business portion of the city of New Brunswick, N. J., within easy access of New York and Philadelphia; large sized lot, building 48x60, four stories and basement, containing five run of stone, smutting machine, separators, bran dusters, abundant bolting capacity, elevators, &c.; storage room for 20,000 bushels of grain; the whole built new within a year and now in the most complete order; engine and boiler of 125 horse power; capacity of mill; about 250 barrels flour and 300 bags meal per day of 24 hours. Being the only mill located in a growing population of 20,000, this affords an unusual opportunity for a business man. If not sold at private sale previous to the 13th of April it will then be offered at public auction on the premises. To be offered at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises. For further particulars apply at or address RARITAN STEAM MILLS, New Brunswick, N. J.

FOR SALE—WESTCHESTER COUNTY, ONE HOUR from city, large Cottage Residence; one acre; stable, shade; near salt water; bathing, fishing, boating; fine neighborhood; $6,500; partially furnished, $7,000; terms easy; great bargain. EXECUTOR, 45 White street.

FOR SALE—FARM OF 75 ACRES ON LONG ISLAND, near Sound; water connection; highest state of cultivation; modern house, gas, &c.; with or without stock and farming implements; at less than value. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine street.

FOR SALE—IN THE RISING TOWN OF PASSAIC, A modern, well built frame House, standing on a corner section 75x150; one minute from depot and river; excellent situation; splendid scenery; increasing in value daily; price $2,000. For further particulars apply to R. T. BLACK, 48 Reade street, New York, between the hours of 10 A. M. and noon.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS FRENCH ROOF COTtage, one hour by rail in New Jersey, ¼ acre land, five minutes from depot; 8 rooms, bath, water closet, water basins, hot and cold water, gas pipes, heater, range, stationary tubs, &c.; $6,500; cheap; terms easy. Apply to owner, W. J. TITUS, 12 Barclay street.

FOR SALE—AT RAVENSWOOD, L. I.,

A valuable Estate; two acres handsomely laid out, with fruit trees and shrubbery; house, 2½ stories, 25x40, thoroughly built, 14 rooms; water throughout; cistern and well; lot 64x150 feet; stable, carriage house, &c., and porter's lodge; the house faces the river, with a strong sea wall. The owner has spared no expense to make this a finished property. For permits apply to GEO. F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL NEAT HOUSES, A SHORT distance in the country, or will be rented to a person desiring to purchase. For terms apply to owner, T. W. STRONG, 360 Broadway, New York.

FOR SALE—IN RAHWAY, N. J., A NEW FRENCH roof House, 22x50; lot 25x100; marble mantels; gas throughout; ten rooms; house is within three minutes of depot; one hour from City Hall; twenty trains daily. Apply to GEORGE F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square.)

FOR SALE—LONG ISLALD RESIDENCES.

At Rockville Centre—New House; lot 50x150; terms easy. At Valley Stream, 5 miles from Rockaway Beach—Lot 100 feet square. At Northport—Two story House, 8 rooms, with outbuildings; 20 acres. At Wheatly—20 Acres, with good buildings. At Brentwood—A Cottage, with 2 acres; plenty of fruit. At Comack—An old established Store Property. At Jamaica—A Country Seat of 4½ acres. At Ravenswood—Fine Residence (see other advertisement in this paper.) Brooklyn—Eleven three story Houses, on Atlantic avenue. GEORGE F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square.)

FOR SALE—IN NEW JERSEY, HOUSES, LOTS AND Farms.—Leonia—8½ Acres in good order, with House and outbuildings. Orange Mountain—75 Acres in lots. Elizabeth—Several handsome Cottages, new and in order. Rahway—French roof Houses; several fine Farms. Flemington—Desirable Farms, well located, for sale low. Newark—120 Building Lots; 60 Cottages, well situated. Englewood—Two story and two story extension French roof House. Perth Amboy—60 Lots, 25x100; near the water. Long Hill—House and Barn, 14 acres; good land and fruit. Rockaway—8 acres good Land, House and outbuildings. Rickfield—20 Acres; fruit of all kinds; good houses. For particulars apply to GEORGE F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square.)

FOR SALE—NEAR NEWBURG, ADJOINING IDLEwild and fronting on the Hudson river, 1¼ mile from Cornwall Landing, one mile from depot, 27 Acres, under high cultivation; mansion house, 19 rooms, with all the modern improvements; farm house, barn, carriage and chicken houses, ice house; fruit and vegetables in abundance. A desirable place at a reasonable price. For maps and particulars apply to F. COLTON, 56 East Thirteenth street. Terms easy.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HEALTHY LOCALITY, BY order of executor of Captain Aug. De Peyster, deceased, New Brighton, Staten Island, ten minutes' walk of Sailors' Snug Harbor landing, fine large House, with all modern conveniences; barn, &c.; handsome grounds; two or more acres of land; terms easy. Apply to WILLIAM A. COLLINS, 28 Pine street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET FOR A TERM OF YEARS—A gentleman's Country Seat at Oyster Bay, L. I., with 50 acres of ground; fully furnished in the best manner; house gothic, with 10 rooms, outbuildings, &c.; carriages and horses, if desired; terms easy. For particulars inquire at W. H. VAN WYCK'S, 220 Broadway.

FOR SALE, TO LET OR LEASE—A TWO STORY MOdern House, with 10 acres of Ground; 35 minutes from city by Northern Railroad. Apply to C. D. SCHOR, 173 Greenwich street (with Wood Brothers, printers.)

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I., a Country Residence, containing 12 rooms, partly furnished; stable, ice house, well and cistern; 8 acres of ground, or less if required. Inquire of JAMES CALHOUN, Owner, 162 North Fifth street, Brooklyn, E. D.; or A. ELY, No. 9 Broad street, room No. 7.

HOTEL, WITH GOOD RUN OF CUSTOM AND TEN acres of Land, to lease, on Northern Railroad of New Jersey, six miles from the ferry. Apply to B. WALLACE, 73 Barclay street.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—A. S. WILSON, REAL ESTATE Agent, has for sale or to rent Houses, Farms and Villa Sites.

NEW COTTAGE HOUSE, NINE ROOMS, WITH TWO acres, for sale at great bargain; near Maplewood station, South Orange; eight trains each way daily. Apply at No. 6 Bowling Green, basement.

ONLY 60 CENTS PER ACRE, CASH—FOR A FINE tract of splendid farming or grazing Land, in a delightful climate, in a Southern State. Address DANIELS, Herald office.

ORANGE, N. J.—TWO FIRST CLASS HOUSES FOR sale; all the modern improvements; convenient to depot; location unsurpassed; terms easy. Address box 280, Orange, N. J.

ORANGE (N. J.) COTTAGE TO LET—FURNISHED OR unfurnished; two parlors, four bedrooms, dining room, kitchen; beautifully located; 12 minutes' walk from depot; $40 per month. 196 Chambers street, up stairs.

OYSTER BAY COTTAGE.—AT AUCTION ON THE premises, Wednesday, the 13th inst., at 1½ o'clock, Mrs. De Lacy's, formerly Samuel Y. Lindhurst—a double Cottage, garden and furniture; all in complete order; trains in the morning in time for sale, returning same day. WINANS, SANDS & GARRETSON, Auctioneers, 51 Cedar street.

PERSONS OF MODERATE MEANS CAN BUY GOOD Farms, at low prices and on easy terms, by addressing me for full particulars. Farms from 50 to 500 acres. D. HOLBROOK, Port Jervis, N. Y.

ROCKLAND COUNTY FARM FOR SALE—NEAR Spring Valley, on the Northern Railroad, of about 15 acres, with large quantities of fruit in full bearing; no buildings, but a fine building site. Inquire at 40 Cortlandt street, basement.

SARATOGA SPRINGS.—TO LET, STORE NO. 15 Union Hotel block. Apply to HAND & GREEN, 289 Broadway.

SOUTHERN AND WESTERN LAND AGENCY, WASHington, D. C.—KENNEDY & SON purchase and sell Southern and Western Lands on commission and induce immigration. With numerous European and American agencies they possess unsurpassed advantages for the sale of lands. JOS. L. G. KENNEDY, late United States Census. JOS. M. KENNEDY, late United States Army.

SOME FORTUNATE MEMBER OF THE HUNTLEY Homestead Association will draw a Cottage and Grounds, with $8,000. Prospectus at MOTZ & CO.'S, 33 Pine street (basement). Long credits; no blanks. Full Plot to each member.

STRAWBERRY FARES HOTEL TO RENT—WITH some Furniture; also a Cottage, $150; Suit of Rooms, $75. Address J. WARREN, Red Bank, N. J., or inquire of LAW & BOYD, 62 East Broadway, New York.

THE LONG ISLAND REAL ESTATE OFFICE, 64 CEdar street, room No. 6.—Farms a few hundred feet west of Stewart, less than two miles from Queen's station, at $200 per acre, short of $45 per city lot.

TARRYTOWN.—TO LET, A FULLY FURNISHED RESIdence, with ornamented grounds; splendid view; cheap to desirable tenant. GEO. S. BANFORD, 63 Cedar st.

TO LET—ON STATEN ISLAND, A FINELY LOCATED Dwelling; 11 rooms; lot 67x100 feet; near the landing; good; healthy location; possession immediately; $350. D. R. HITCHCOCK, 190 Broadway.

TO LEASE—AN ELEGANT STONE MANSION AND grounds, fronting on Bowery bay and the Sound; seven miles from the City Hall. There is everything requisite for a gentleman's estate comprised in the place; may be sold if taken immediately. WINANS, SANDS & GARRETSON, Auctioneers, 51 Cedar street.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE, MOST DESIRALY located in Astoria; convenient to ferry, &c.; terms reasonable. Apply to R. A. R., 89 White street.

TO LET—AT WHITE PLAINS, A LARGE HOUSE, 14 rooms and kitchen; wood and carriage house; large garden, well fruited; ten minutes' walk from depot; location unsurpassed. Apply to A. JACKSON HYATT, White Plains, or RICHARD MOORE, 92 Barrow street, New York.

TO LET—AT WILTON, MORRISANIA, WESTCHESTER county, N. Y., a handsome Cottage House; contains 8 rooms, cellar, kitchen and garret, in complete order, papered and painted throughout; two heaters; bath well and cistern water in kitchen; one acre of ground, handsomely laid out with shrubs, shade trees and plenty of fruit of all kinds; an abundance of grapes; three quarters of an hour from Twenty-sixth street, via Harlem Railroad, to house; rent low to a good tenant. Address W. R. B., Herald office.

TO LET—AT SUMMIT, N. J., TWO NEATLY FURnished Houses in a park of four acres, near the depot; pure mountain air; splendid scenery; one hour's ride from New York. Apply to J. RIERA, Summit, N. J.

TO LET—A FINE, LARGE MANSION; ONLY ONE hour by rail, fare 12 cents; shade and fruit, ground high; rent $450. J. C. LEWIS, 257 Greenwich street.

TO LET—AT MINEOLA, L. I., A FURNISHED HOUSE, with 11 rooms; attached is a fine garden, well stocked with choice fruit trees and vines; rent $45 per month. Apply at the Mineola Post office.

TO LET—A MAGNIFICENT ITALIAN VILLA, WITH 80 acres under cultivation; unsurpassed for beauty of situation; only one hour by rail and three minutes dry walk from depot; water, gas pipes, range, furnace, bath room, &c.; first class in every respect; rent, with use of cows, $3,000. Furniture for sale. WARREN, 73 Barclay street.

TO LET—COUNTRY SEAT, UNFURNISHED; ELEVEN rooms; beautifully located on the Hudson, above the Highlands, with ten acres; routine nice outbuildings; $700 per year. VAN WYCK, 220 Broadway.

TO LET—AT POPLAR, LONG BRANCH, N. J.—A SAWmill, in good order; plenty of water and work. Also miller's House, Stables and 80 acres of Land to rent low to an industrious party. Apply to J. W. MORRIS, Long Branch, N. J., or SAMUEL COHEN, 22 Greene street, New York.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

TO LET—AT TARRYTOWN, N. Y., 2½ STORY COTTAGE, French roof, 11 rooms, fine grounds, stables, &c.; unfurnished $850, or furnished $1,500. Apply to GEORGE F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street, Union square.

TO LET—AT RYE, A VERY NICE COTTAGE, NEAR the Cliff House; sufficiently near for the family to board at the hotel if they wish; stable, carriage house and everything complete. J. P. PIERSON, No. 11 Wall street.

TO LET—IN FORDHAM, FIVE MINUTES FROM STAtion, the three story House on Lorillard street, near Jacob street, with three-quarters acre of ground; house filled in with brick to peak, rent $460 per year, with immediate possession. Apply to THOMAS FANNING, No. 40 East Fourth street, or at Duffy's Hotel, Fordham.

TO LET—NEW BRIGHTON—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED House; covers requisite for first class residence; $150 per month; fine Residence, furnished, 5 acres, garden, fruit and lawn, $1,200; neat Cottage, carriage house, garden (one-half acre), $600; new first class French roof, all improvements, $1,000. DARRIN, 50 Broad street.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT IRVINGTON, N. J., A TWO story frame Cottage, consisting of nine rooms, with five acres of Ground. For further particulars inquire at 25 Pike street.

TO LET OR LEASE—A FINE FARM OF 45 ACRES, ONE hour from New York by railroad; suitable for gardening or dairy purposes. Apply at 90 Broadway, room 16.

TO RENT—FULLY FURN

WASHINGTON

A RICH COMEDY IN THE HOUSE.

Congressional Muddle Over a Negro Celebration.

A Magnanimous Darky—He is Willing to Fraternize with White Folks.

Hearing of the Legal Tender Cases Postponed.

Attorney General Hoar's Resignation Determined Upon.

WASHINGTON, April 11, 1870.

Attorney General Hoar Determines to Return to Private Life.

Notwithstanding the contradictions of the report that Attorney General Hoar is about to retire from the Cabinet, I have excellent authority for reiterating it. My information is that Mr. Hoar will return to the shades of private life about the middle of next September, and that a prominent Pennsylvanian will succeed to the direction of the Law Office of the government. The thing has been arranged between the President and Senator Cameron, so that it may help the party in the Keystone State in the October election. The Pennsylvanians have all along been complaining of executive neglect in not recognizing the claims of their State to a Cabinet position. Senator Cameron has been one of the loudest in contending for State rights on this point, and the President, weary of the incessant importunities, has finally yielded. Cameron thus gets the power in his own hands once more; though what particular good the Attorney Generalship will be to his State in turning an election is not patent, unless old Simon proposes to clean out all the little district attorneys and marshals appointed under the ever amiable Hoar. Let it be understood that Hoar retires entirely at his own request, and not through any dissatisfaction entertained by the President. Mr. Hoar has been in full accord with the President from the moment of his appointment until now, and only quits the field because, as some say, he prefers private to political life, or, as others say, because of the bitter disappointment he experienced when rejected by the Senate as a fitting candidate for the Supreme bench.

A Rich Comedy in the House—Muddle Over a Negro Celebration—Quarrel Among the Rival Amendments.

The House to-day passed a resolution under a suspension of the rules, just after the morning hour, giving the use of the hall of the house to the negroes for a celebration of the ratification of the Fifteenth amendment next Wednesday evening. The resolution was offered by a carpet-bagger from North Carolina, named Dockery, and was carried through as a party measure. Afterwards a resolution was passed authorizing the appointment of a committee of the House to make arrangements for participating in the celebration. Among those appointed on the committee was Sunset Cox and Eldridge, of Wisconsin, both democrats. The announcement of their names on such a committee was the occasion of general merriment in the House, and both democrats and republicans enjoyed a hearty laugh at their expense. Cox took the thing good humoredly, and improved the occasion to get back a reply to Butler's famous "shoo, fly" hit. Eldridge blushed up to the roots of his hair and laughed at the fun, but he positively declined to have anything to do with the affair. Late in the afternoon, just before the adjournment, Judge Kelsey, of New York, moved to rescind the action of the House, granting the use of the hall and appointing a committee. A large number of the radicals had gone home and Kelsey's resolution to rescind was carried.

In the meantime the special committee, consisting of Dockery, Allison, Maynard, Cox and Eldridge, had been escorted down to the room where claims are generally discussed. Sergeant-at-Arms Ordway, who takes a great interest in the Mayor Bowen branch of the republicans of this district, acted as master of ceremonies, conducting the committee in a dignified manner to the room, where they were to deliberate. A tremendous crowd of interested darkies and twenty whites or so were about the room, waiting anxiously for the arrival of the committee men. There were Bowenites, anti-Bowenites and some few independents. When the two democratic members—Cox and Eldridge—made their appearance the darkeys cheered lustily, taking it as a great honor that so-called copperheads should condescend to participate in a purely African affair. Dockery, the chairman, took his seat and called the meeting to order, when half a dozen darkies immediately jumped up to speak. One O. Peters, a colored friend of Bowen, was the first recognized, and made a speech in favor of his side of the question. Then a big buck negro with spectacles got on his feet and commenced a very amusing discourse in regular plantation lingo. He said:—"We tank you, Senators, for given us dis great glorification. We tank you for given us de human rights." One of the republican members foreseeing that this style of oratory would only afford Cox and Eldridge some fun, cut the grateful orator very short, and gave an opportunity to the Rev. Sella Martin to speak his piece. Martin is a highly polished mulatto, and acquitted himself in a style that left little room for criticism. After explaining why the Bowen party should be recognized he spoke of the blessed fifteenth amendment, and said something pretty in favor of general amnesty. Mr. Eldridge interrupted the speaker to know whether democrats should be included in the amnesty, to which Martin responded—"Yes, sir; now that I see the fifteenth amendment accomplished I am ready, colored man as I am, to treat all men as my brethren. I wish bygones to be bygones, and charity and good will only to prevail in the future." At this magnanimous utterance Cox and Eldridge smiled sarcastically.

Just about this time Captain Grant, Generalissimo of the Boys in Blue, appeared, and was introduced by Sunset Cox. Grant was against Bowen and pitched in in rough style. He declared that the genuine African republicans had made arrangements for a celebration on the 18th, and that the Bowen faction, in order to spoil that programme, had tried to get up another celebration to come off sooner. In order to make it more effective the Bowen men had sought Congressional recognition by having a resolution for the use of the Hall of Representatives on Wednesday night passed through false representations. He declared that the Bowenites were a parcel of imposters and political schemers, whose only object was to compass the re-election of Sayles J. Bowen to the Mayoralty. He (Grant) belonged to nobody; he was a free, independent man; he had spent his hundreds of dollars to organize the Boys in Blue, and he represented, though a white man, over three thousand colored voters of the district. The Bowenites only represented political jacksters.

Mr. Maynard, of Tennessee, interrupted Captain Grant to say that he understood that the resolution passed by the House was to give the hall to the colored people. "Are you," said Maynard, addressing Grant, "are you, sir, a colored man?" This caused a general laugh at Grant's expence, in the midst of which he subsided.

Downing, the colored oysterman, was the next speaker introduced, and commenced by saying that he thought the great object of the celebration and of this meeting ought to be to unite the party. "Oh, very well, then," said Cox, rising gravely. "If this is a party affair I think, Eldridge, you and I had better leave the affair to the republican members. We are cosmopolitan and ought to leave."

This created another laugh; but it was evident about this time that the rival colored factions were becoming highly excited. They were talking at each other in furious style and seemed disposed to settle the quarrel in very unparliamentary fashion, when just in good season arrived a colored messenger of the House, out of breath, who announced that the resolution had been rescinded. "Rescinded! rescinded!" shouted a dozen in one breath, and looking furiously at the messenger. "Yes, gentlemen," said the messenger, "Rescinded!" "Then," said one of the committee, "our labors are at an end; we are *functus officio*." "Punch and what"—shouted one of the darkies in lively expectation of a free drink, evidently. "Yes," said Cox, "punch and pies will be supplied the whole party by our friend Downing, here." Downing suddenly disappeared at this hospitable announcement at his expense. "I think we cannot adjourn *sine die*," said Eldridge, "unless we get some official and authentic information regarding the rescinding of the resolution." Hereupon the colored messenger shot out of the room and in a short time returned with Judge Kelsey, who entered bowing and shaking his hat very respectfully towards his colored citizens. "Those are not the committee," said Cox to Kelsey; "we white men are the committee." Judge Kelsey bowed very gravely to the committee and said, "Gentlemen, I had the honor to offer the resolution to rescind, which was carried. I did it (turning to the darkies) through no disrespect to the colored citizens, but because I think the hall ought not be desecrated by allowing its use for nigger rights, female rights, or any other purpose outside of that for which it was originally intended. Good morning, gentlemen," and Kelsey left. The darkies of the Bowen persuasion were completely overwhelmed, while those on the other side shouted in triumph. The entire affair was one of the best comedies of the season.

Protecting Voters at Elections—Marked Ballots Prohibited.

Some busybody wrote a letter recently to Judge Lawrence, of Ohio, informing him that the Virginia Legislature had passed a law making it necessary for every person voting at the polls to have his name and residence written or printed on the outside of his ballot. The writer stated that the object was to "spot" the negroes so that their employers might intimidate them and keep them from voting the republican ticket through fear of losing their places. To remedy this supposed evil Lawrence introduced a bill to-day which provides that no person shall be required to have his name written or printed upon the ballot he casts at the polls, the laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding. It further provides that any person causing the name of a voter to be written or printed on his ballot, or using any other means to identify said voter with a view of influencing his action at the polls, shall be deemed guilty of a crime, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine of $1,000 and imprisoned one month.

The Polar Expedition.

Dr. Hays has been here for some days past lobbying against the appropriation of $100,000 for Captain Hall's expedition to the Polar Sea. The Doctor is not a good lobbyist. He called upon a distinguished official to solicit his influence against the appropriation, when the following dialogue took place:—

OFFICIAL—What are your objections, Doctor, to Captain Hall?

Dr. HAYES—He is incompetent; is not a nautical man. To be sure he has resided among the Esquimaux, but that does not make him competent to command a sea-going vessel.

OFFICIAL—Do you propose to organize another expedition Polar seaward?

Dr. HAYES—Well, yes, some of my friends thought of asking aid for the purpose. Certainly, the expedition ought to be commanded by a nautical man.

OFFICIAL—Is it to be a nautical expedition?

Dr. HAYES—Most certainly.

A general conversation of some ten minutes here interposed, when the cross-examination was resumed as follows:—

OFFICIAL—Doctor, how do you propose to reach the North Pole?

Dr. HAYES—I should take a small steam vessel to some point where I could plant a small colony, as a rendezvous, and then proceed overland to the Polar Sea, taking a couple of whaleboats along on sledges, drawn by dogs.

OFFICIAL—Doctor, don't you think Captain Hall is entitled to some credit for the discovery of the fate of Sir John Franklin after all others had failed?

Dr. HAYES—Well, yes. Captain Hall is an energetic and worthy person.

OFFICIAL—Yes, he is certainly a worthy man. He has done more for Polar exploration, according to the means furnished him, than all others put together, and therefore he deserves encouragement instead of detraction.

This ended the conversation. Exit Dr. Hayes.

The Doctor appeared before the Appropriation Committee of the House to-day and made a statement similar to the one he made last week before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations concerning the proposed expedition to the Arctic regions. Captain Hall was also before the committee to urge his project of an appropriation of $100,000 to fit out an expedition. Dr. Hayes disclaimed any feeling against the proposition of Captain Hall. If an expedition was sent out by the government he wanted to see it made a success. He argued that it should be entirely nautical and not undertake to make explorations by land. As there was no bill or resolution before the committee on the subject no action was taken.

National Academy of Sciences.

The National Academy of Sciences will hold its annual spring session in this city during the present week. The meetings for scientific communications take place in Lincoln Hall, commencing to-morrow at noon and are open to the public. All persons interested in scientific inquiry are invited to attend.

Discharged Soldiers Liable to the Income Tax.

Commissioner Delano has written a letter concerning the inquiries which have recently been made at the Internal Revenue Office by officers and soldiers of the late war with regard to the resolution of July 28, 1867, exempting soldiers' incomes from special tax imposed by the resolution of July 4, 1864, and asking if, under its provisions, they are not entitled to exemption of income taxes for 1869. The Commissioner, in his reply, which quotes the various laws of Congress on the subject of general and special income tax, says that the exemption is limited to the special tax imposed by the resolution of July 4, 1864, and has no reference whatever to the income of 1869.

Personal.

Secretary Robeson returned to Washington this morning and was at the Navy Department to-day. General Sherman has also returned.

President Grant and Secretary Belknap are expected to return this evening and Secretary Boutwell to-morrow.

THE LEGAL TENDER CASES.

Hearing of Arguments by the United States Supreme Court in the Legal Tender Cases Postponed.

WASHINGTON, April 11, 1870.

Mr. Potter, of New York, read to the Supreme Court this afternoon a letter from James M. Carlisle, who is now absent from Washington on professional business, upon the subject of the cases of Denning and Latham against the United States, which were set for argument to-day, and in which he stated that his associate counsel was suffering from severe indisposition. As a further reason why the cases should be postponed Mr. Potter said that the Attorney General's brief was filed only on Saturday night.

The Attorney General expressed his surprise as Mr. Carlisle's absence, as that gentleman was present in the court when the motion was made to argue those cases, which were still pending, not having been disposed of by the opinion in the other cases involving the legal tender question.

Chief Justice Chase remarked that, as the principle in the cases of Denning and Latham was affected by the decision pronounced by the Court, they were passed over.

Associate Justice Nelson made a similar remark.

The Attorney General said he could only bow to the order of the court.

Associate Justice Miller did not understand that the cases to which reference was made had been passed over by the Court.

The Chief Justice observed that it was so directed by the majority of the bench.

The Attorney General said he was not aware of it, as it took place before the commencement of his term of office. There was no record to show that there was any such understanding. He found here those cases standing for argument, and, thinking it was of importance to the public, he had made the motion for a re-argument. If the subject involving the constitutionality of the Legal Tender act was to be re-argued at all the sooner the better it would be for all parties, because there were at this moment great interests pending in connection with contracts made before the passage of the act and whether payments should be made in gold or legal tender notes. He had no objection under the circumstances stated by Mr. Potter to delay the argument for the convenience of counsel, but he desired it to be heard during the present term of the court. He thought any other disposition would be injurious to both public and private interests. Mr. Carlisle, he stated, had on Saturday withdrawn his brief on the legal tender question.

Mr. POTTER replied that Mr. Carlisle's engagement elsewhere was prior to any order or understanding as to the rehearing of the argument in those cases, and besides the other counsel in them was ill. He could not see what inconvenience would result to the public if the argument should not be heard this year or fifty years hence. Nothing but the abstract question could be heard. The decision already made worked to debtors no injustice. Ninety-nine of a hundred of the debts contracted eight years ago had long since been liquidated. He was at a loss to know how the question was to be settled otherwise than it had been settled by this court. It was decided by the judges who heard the argument, five against three. Unless some of the judges had changed their minds he was at a loss to know how the question could otherwise be decided. He saw no reason why argument should be reopened.

Associate Justice Davis said the only question was whether there should be a continuation of time. The case having been set for a rehearing three of them, himself and Justices Strong and Swayne, at that end of the bench, would agree that the argument should be postponed until next Monday, but no longer.

Chief Justice Chase was understood to say that the two cases of Denning and Latham were not argued because the principle they contained was argued in the other similar cases, and it had been his duty to make this announcement.

After further conversation it was formally announced that the argument was postponed until next Monday.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

Second Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 11, 1870.

PETITIONS.

Mr. SUMNER, (rep.) of Mass., presented resolutions of the Massachusetts Legislature in favor of a postal telegraph service; also the memorial of members of the Universal Peace Society setting forth their object to be the disarmament of all the great Powers, and therefore asking Congress not to sanction the proposed enlargement of the West Point Military Academy.

TRANSPORTATION OF CATTLE BY RAILROAD.

Mr. SUMNER offered a resolution directing the Committee on Agriculture to inquire what legislation is necessary for the regulation of the transportation of cattle and other animals on railroads of the United States so as to secure for the animals sufficient space and ventilation.

Mr. SUMNER read from a letter explanatory of the wholesale torture practised upon animals in their transportation from West to East, setting forth the horrors of the passage on cattle trains, the overcrowding, suffocation and trampling to death of the poor brutes, and the disastrous consequences to the public health from the sale of diseased cattle. The resolution was adopted.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

The Senate insisted upon its amendments to the Deficiency Appropriation bill, and Messrs. Morrill of Maine, Sawyer and Casserly were appointed a committee of conference.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

At forty minutes past one o'clock the Northern Pacific Railroad bill, allowing the company to issue its bonds in the construction of its road, &c., was resumed.

Mr. THURMAN, (dem.) of Ohio, submitted an amendment to require the sale of alternate sections of land to actual settlers except such as is necessary for depot and other sites for the road, no purchase to exceed one hundred and sixty acres nor the deed therefor to be made out until the purchaser shall have occupied the land two years, the price per acre not to exceed one dollar and seventy-five cents. All lands not sold within fifteen years to revert to the United States, and this legislation to depend upon the consent of the company to these conditions. Mr. Thurman claimed the lands already granted were sufficient to build and equip the road, and argued against the creation of a land monopoly in the hands of the corporations.

Mr. CORBETT, (rep.) of Oregon, eulogized the importance and commercial value of the Northern Pacific road in the development of an extensive section. The company had in contemplation a system of European emigration for the more speedy settlement of the country along the line of the road. In view of their disposition to prosecute their vast enterprise with alacrity, he advocated a liberal policy toward them.

Mr. HARLAN, (rep.) of Iowa, claimed that no authentic map of the line of the road, as required by law, had been filed in the General Land Office. He said the officers of the company had declared over their official signatures that their land subsidy was enough to build a road, and argued at length that the previous grants were a sufficient inducement to capital to enter into the enterprise.

Mr. WILSON, (rep.) of Mass., moved to restrict the amendment of Mr. Thurman to the lands granted by the bill.

Mr. THURMAN desired his amendments to apply to all the lands voted to the company, and implored the Senators to pause and reflect before voting away the whole public domain. Bills were now pending for giving to railroads four hundred million acres of land, enough to make twenty States. The Northern Pacific Company, having failed to make a survey and file a map of their road, had never acquired the vested right under their charter, and therefore the conditions prescribed by his amendment were pertinent.

Mr. Wilson's motion was agreed to—yeas 30, nays 9—and Mr. Thurman's amendment as modified was rejected—yeas 16, nays 28.

Mr. WILSON moved to limit the sale of the additional land now granted to actual settlers at not over $2 50 per acre and in quantities not exceeding 160 acres. Lost—yeas 15, nays 22, as follows:—

YEAS—Messrs Anthony, Bayard, Casserly, Cragin, Davis, Fowler, Harlan, Howell, Johnson, McCreery, Pool, Thurman, Tipton, Trumbull and Wilson—15.

NAYS—Messrs. Ames, Chandler, Cole, Corbett, Drake, Flanagan, Gilbert, Hamlin, Howard, Howe, Kellogg, McDonald, Morrill of Vt., Nye, Osborn, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Rice, Ross, Sawyer, Stewart and Williams—22.

Messrs. Fenton, Morton, Sumner and Edmunds, in favor of the amendment, paired with Messrs. Warner, Vickers, Stockton and Pratt, opposed to it.

Without disposing of the bill the Senate, at ten minutes past six, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, April 11, 1870.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. DAWES, (rep.) of Mass.—Resolutions of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in favor of the union of the telegraph with the postal service.

By Mr. HAMILL, (dem.) of Md.—A joint resolution of the Maryland Legislature in reference to the revolution in Cuba.

By Mr. PORTER, (rep.) of Va.—Authorizing a survey of the James river, with a view to having the channel deepened and obstructions removed between Richmond and Harrison's bar.

By Mr. LAWRENCE, (rep.) of Ohio.—To protect the free exercise of the elective franchise.

By Mr. STOCUM, (dem.) of N. Y.—Relative to the mode of selecting candidates for admission to the naval and military academies.

By Mr. SARGENT, (rep.) of Cal.—To impose a tax on brandy distilled from apples, peaches and grapes, and to regulate the distillation thereof. The bill does not propose to change the present rate of taxation, but to relieve such distillation from certain regulations which are proper in grain distillation but are incongruous and oppressive as applied to fruit distillation.

CELEBRATION OF THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

By Mr. COBB, (rep.) of N. C.—Granting the hall of the House of Representatives to the colored people of the District of Columbia for the purpose of holding a meeting in recognition of the ratification of the fifteenth amendment, next Wednesday evening, the House to participate in the ceremonies of the occasion.

Mr. HOOPER, (rep.) of Mass., made a point of order that the resolution was in conflict with one of the rules of the House.

The SPEAKER directed the rule to be read, which forbids the use of the hall for any but its legitimate purpose, except where the House may, by a resolution, agree to take part in any ceremonies to be observed therein, and decided that the wording of the resolution took it out of the operation of the rule; but said, if the resolution were adopted, he would expect the House to instruct him in what manner the House would take part in the proceedings. The resolution was adopted—yeas 118, nays 55.

Mr. DOCKERY, (rep.) of N. C., in connection with the preceding resolution, offered the following:—

Resolved, That the Speaker of the House appoint a select committee of five to make arrangements for the House to participate in the celebration of the fifteenth amendment on the evening of the 13th inst., and that the Speaker be requested to preside.

The SPEAKER ruled that unless the House met as a House it was not competent to direct him to preside, and that if it met as a House it must be subject to all the rules of the House, with the Speaker in the chair.

Mr. DOCKERY modified the resolution by striking out that part relating to the Speaker.

The resolution as modified was adopted by yeas, 107; nays, 44.

The SPEAKER announced the following as the select committee:—Messrs. Dockery, Maynard, Allison, Cox, and Eldridge. The mention of the names of the two democratic members provoked very general laughter.

Mr. COX, (dem.) of N. Y., rose and said that he could not serve on the committee except on one condition, that was that his friend from Massachusetts (Mr. Butler) should be allowed to entertain the meeting with a little minstrelsy. (Laughter.) He added that he declined to serve because he did not wish to meet with some persons who would be present, though he had no objection to the colored people.

Mr. ELDRIDGE (dem.) of Wis., said that he begged to be excused without any condition.

Mr. COX, in explanation of his last remark, said that he understood the arrangement was got up in the interest of Mayor Bowen, as against the anti-Bowen republicans, and he did not wish to be mixed up with those political factions.

The SPEAKER put the question on excusing Mr. Eldridge, and announced that the noes had it.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—As this is not a Congressional duty, and is not required by the House, I will not serve on that committee.

The SPEAKER—Is the gentleman serving on two committees?

Mr. ELDRIDGE—I do not put it on that ground, but on the ground that I am not required by my official position to render any such service, and I shall not render it.

The SPEAKER ruled that whenever the House directed a committee to carry out any of its orders a member was as much compelled, under the rules, to serve on that committee as on any other committee. It was not in the power of the Chair to excuse any gentleman from service on any committee.

Mr. SCHENCK, (rep.) of Ohio, suggested that the consideration of the application for excuse be postponed in order to consult the colored gentlemen whether they object. (Laughter.)

Mr. COX thought that the farce had gone on long enough. The thing proposed was a desecration of the hall, which the gentleman himself (Mr. Schenck) had voted against.

Mr. SCHENCK remarked that he voted uniformly against giving the use of the hall to any but its legitimate purposes.

Messrs. Eldridge and Cox were not excused from service on the committee.

THE TARIFF BILL.

The House then, at two o'clock P. M., went into committee on the Tariff bill, Mr. Wheeler in the chair, resuming its consideration at the paragraph taxing women's and children's dress goods.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK the paragraph was amended by inserting the words "Silk not being a component material thereof of chief value."

The paragraph was discussed by Messrs. Cox and Brooks, of New York, and Schenck and other members. Finally the paragraph was passed over without any further amendment.

The next paragraph was that taxing clothing and wearing apparel of every description and Balmoral and other skirts and skirting composed wholly or in part of woollen, worsted, hair of goats or other animals, except knit goods, fifty cents per pound and forty per cent *ad valorem*.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK the same amendment made to the last paragraph was made to this, inserting the words "Silk not being a component material thereof of chief value." No further amendment was made to the paragraph.

The next paragraph was that taxing webbing, bindings, braids, galloons, fringes, gimps and headnets manufactured or made wholly or in part of wool, worsted or goat's hair, fifty cents per pound and thirty five per cent *ad valorem*.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK the paragraph was amended by inserting the words "silk not being a component material thereof of chief value."

On motion of Mr. MAYNARD, (rep.) of Tenn., the paragraph was further amended by inserting before the word "wool" the words "cotton-linen" and then passed.

The next paragraph was that taxing cords, tassels, buttons and ornaments for dresses and outside garments made wholly or in part of wool or goat's hair, sixty per cent *ad valorem*.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK the same amendment as to silk was adopted to this paragraph. No further amendment was made to this or to the following paragraph.

The next paragraph was that taxing carpets.

Mr. BROOKS, (of N. Y.) moved to strike out the paragraph.

Mr. Brooks' amendment was rejected, and the paragraph was passed over without amendment, except to insert Brussels carpets twenty-eight cents per yard and thirty five per cent *ad valorem*.

Mr. JENCKES, (rep.) of R. I., moved to insert a new paragraph, imposing an additional duty of five per cent on woollen cloths, woollen shawls and other manufactures of wool valued at over two dollars per square yard. Rejected.

Mr. HOAR, (rep.) of Mass., moved to amend the paragraph on carpets by adding a proviso that all Brussels carpets of a higher grade than tapestry carpets should be liable to a duty of forty-four cents a square yard and thirty-five per cent *ad valorem*. Rejected.

The next paragraph was that in reference to oilcloths.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK the paragraph was amended so as to read "On oilcloths for floors, stamped or printed, forty-five per cent *ad valorem*; on silk oilcloth, sixty per cent *ad valorem*.

No amendments were offered to the three following paragraphs in reference to spun and thrown silk.

The next paragraph was that taxing silk buttons and outside garments fifty per cent *ad valorem*, to which amendments were offered and rejected.

No amendments were offered to the two following paragraphs in reference to silk plush and silk laces.

The next paragraph was, on motion of Mr. SCHENCK, amended so as to read "On all manufactures of mixed materials, silk being the component part of chief value and not otherwise herein provided for, sixty per cent *ad valorem*."

Mr. BUTLER, of Mass., moved to add a new paragraph, taxing at twenty-five per cent *ad valorem* webbings composed of silk and rubber or silk and other material, silk being the material of chief value used in the manufacture of shoes.

Mr. JENCKES moved to make the duty fifty per cent.

Without disposing of either amendment the committee rose, having gone through over three pages of the bill.

ANNEXATION OF DOMINICA.

Mr. BUTLER, of Mass., asked unanimous consent to introduce his joint resolution to annex the republic of Dominica.

Mr. BROOKS, of N. Y., objected unless Ireland were annexed too—meaning for it with the Alabama claims.

Mr. BUTLER said they had plenty of Ireland now, but none of Dominica.

RESOLUTION RESCINDED.

Mr. KELSEY, (rep.) of N. Y., moved to rescind the resolution adopted to-day granting the use of the hall for the celebration of the fifteenth amendment.

The resolution was rescinded without a division, and the Select Committee discharged.

The House then, at five o'clock, adjourned.

IMPORTANT SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY.

Actual Experiment and Success in the Production of Metallic Hydrogen—Dr. Loew Demonstrating Professor Graham's Theory.

About twenty gentlemen were gathered in the hall of the Lyceum of Natural History at 64 Madison avenue last evening to listen to the reading of a paper by Dr. O. Loew, of the College of New York, on the subject of "Hydrogenium Amalgam" and notices by Dr. Paul Schweitzer of recent chemical investigations. The president, Dr. Newberry, called the meeting to order at eight o'clock, and after the transaction of some unimportant miscellaneous business

Dr. LOEW came forward, and after reading a very interesting paper on the subject of hydrogen and its possible amalgamations, proceeded to an experimental illustration of the method he employed to produce an amalgam of hydrogen and mercury. Taking an amalgam of zinc containing thirty per cent of zinc, he added an equal volume of a solution of bi-chloride of platinum; this, after carefully shaking for some time, he poured into an earthen vessel containing water. Hydrochloric acid was employed to dissolve all the excess of zinc. Hereupon in the bottom of the vessel there was collected a voluminous brilliant amalgram of hydrogenium and mercury, exactly similar to the well known ammonium amalgam. The amalgam immediately increases in volume and the hydrogen at the same time rapidly escapes, but without odor. This hydrogen has active properties similar to the bioxide of water. It also has high reducing and other properties as explained by Professor Graham. Dr. Loew stated in addition that 150 volumes of hydrogen escaped from the amalgam; this, however, was under circumstances where much of the hydrogen was unavoidably lost.

Dr. WALZ, in alluding to Dr. Loew's paper and experiments, said the discovery was one of great importance, and had it not been anticipated by Professor Graham last year would have created no inconsiderable excitement in the scientific world. Dr. Loew was still the only person, with the exception of Professor Graham, who had succeeded in producing the amalgamation of zinc and mercury. Dr. Walz also presented a second experiment or a similar nature. A discussion followed between Drs. Loew and Walz in regard to the existence or non-existence of antozone.

Professor JOY, of Columbia College, said:—"The admirable experiment of Dr. Loew showed that Professor Schoenbein, of Basle, was in 1865 on the eve of discovering metallic hydrogen. At this time Schoenbein exhibited to him the following action of zinc amalgam upon water. By agitating violently an amalgam of zinc and mercury in water the water is partially decomposed and appears to be split off into oxide of zinc and bi-oxide of hydrogen. If the remaining liquid be filtered and iodide of potassium and starch be added, there is no reaction, but if proto-oxide of iron be added the blue color at once appears. Dr. Loew had carried the investigation further and had succeeded in capturing the hydrogen and combining it with mercury. If Shoenbein had thought of doing this he would have discovered hydrogenium antecedent to Graham. Dr. Leow is entitled to great credit for having so greatly enriched our knowledge of hydrogen and rendered the isolation of that metal highly probable."

Dr. SEELY did not believe that sufficient proof had yet been adduced that hydrogen was a metal or could be amalgamated with a metal.

Dr. PAUL SCHWEITZER read a paper on recent investigations, and concluded with an exhibition of an analysis made by him in the School of Mines.

Professor JOY called attention to the recent paper of Professor Liebig on fermentation, in which he so ably answered the attacks which have been made during the last ten years upon his theory.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

The Masonic fraternity of Chicago and Milwaukee have been severely victimized lately by a Prussian named Augustus Linderback, hailing from Texas, who succeeded in obtaining a considerable sum of money of Masons before his villany was detected.

Ariel Lewis, of Baltimore, was yesterday morning convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to six months' imprisonment for murdering his little son, aged four years.

Daniel Morrison, editor of the Toronto (Canada) *Daily Telegraph*, died suddenly in that city yesterday morning of apoplexy.

William S. Lucas hung himself in the Boston Jail yesterday, by means of a handkerchief and towel, to the grating of his cell.

Two new three story buildings in Schenectady, N. Y., fell yesterday morning and are a complete wreck. Six or eight men were in the building at the time. One was killed and three injured.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Public Sentiment Favorable to the New York Appointments.

Position and Influence of the Lucky Assemblymen.

A Number of Local Bills Passed by the Assembly.

ALBANY, April 11, 1870.

In the absence of any particular legislative excitement the Mayor's appointments for the new and reformed city government form the principal subject of conversation here. It would be too much to say that satisfaction upon this point is universal, but it is very general. Of course, one must expect that where there are numerous ambitious expectants of office there must be

A FEW GRUMBLERS,

who proclaim loudly against this, that and the other appointment, but who would not be content with any less than the selection of their own names for certain offices. It is largely conceded that

MAYOR HALL

has united wisdom, skill and magnanimity very happily together—wisdom in the choice of competent, experienced and trustworthy men for the heads of departments; skill in the nice discrimination he has exercised in rewarding the fidelity of those democrats who have stood by the cause of the revolutionized city government, and magnanimity in appointing so many of his political opponents because of their fitness and with a view to non-partisanship wherever possible in local government. Especially is there great satisfaction here at the appointment to commissionerships of

THE FOUR ASSEMBLYMEN,

Hitchman, Frear, Nachtman and Blair. The career of the former gentleman in the Speaker's chair has made him many friends in both parties for his firmness, kindness, promptness of action and impartiality.

ALECK FREAR,

with whose name the charter will be linked forevermore, in connection with the names of Sweeny and Tweed, made himself conspicuous in the Assembly more by his constant fidelity to the interests of the party than by the more attractive elements of oratory. He rarely speaks, and never without point and purpose.

MARTIN NACHTMAN,

Commissioner of the Excise Department, although not at all demonstrative, is an earnest worker for everything regarding the democratic party. He never misses a session, and never allows a point to escape him. When he speaks it is with solid German sense, which gathers interest from his sluggish German accent. His specialty is the interests of his countrymen.

JOHN J. BLAIR,

the sworn friend and follower of Tweed, withstood the temptations of his young colleagues all through the stirring over the Charter. He held on to the flagstaff of his chief, and kept the banner of the old democracy flying, not so much by his voice as by the pertinacity with which he adhered to the faith of Tammany and the greatness of Bill Tweed. He has his reward now in the Fire Department and a salary of $5,000 a year. It is not a matter of surprise that

TOM FIELDS

is retained in his old place as Park Commissioner, through there were a few wise owls who predicted that his unfortunate collision with Ainsworth in the House a few weeks ago had lost him caste, and would probably militate against his chances for honor and emolument in the new government. But the owls were disappointed. Tom is too good a fighter and too bold a talker to be set aside; moreover, his executive ability eminently qualifies him for the place he holds.

ALL CALM.

For further interesting legislation we must await the arrival of the tax levies, which will probably be here this week. It is generally understood that there are only a few points in them that will provoke any discussion, and that, of course, in comparison with the trumpet blast which heralded in the Charter, will be but a penny pipe which schoolboys toot. Any section similar to the tenth section of last year, with reference to what are called "sectarian" schools, or charitable institutions, will certainly excite the ire of the republicans in both houses. We had a specimen of that feeling during the debate on the Charter in the Senate. Kennedy will screw up his temper and his mouth to the point of bitter opposition. Parker, Woodin, Lamb and Lord will press the question with more dignity, but not with less vigor. The Democrats will be curious to observe the course of Genet on the democratic benches after his terrible denunciation of sectarian appropriations while "fighting the tiger" during the Charter debate.

The general desire is towards as early an adjournment as possible. The hundred days will expire with the end of this week, but as

THE ADJOURNMENT SINE DIE

when the hour arrives to cut off the salaries of members is rather the exception than the rule, the certainty is that the session will run on to the 25th or 28th inst. This will be a gain of fourteen days on the session of last year, which reached the 10th of May. The New York and Brooklyn members are anxious for an early adjournment; but the country-men, who have their bushel baskets still full of petty bills would be glad to see them all emptied before they go back to their constituencies. They hope to be crowned with the honor of doing something of note for the communities which sent them here. Probably one-third of the bills introduced will have inexorably to be over for a future session unless the grinding committees do marvellous hard work.

Proceedings of the Legislature—Brisk Business—The Fare Question of Railroads—The District Courts in New York—The Long Island Underground Railroad—The Erie Affairs.

ALBANY, April 11, 1870.

As usual, when the House does not adjourn until Monday night, the attendance this morning is decidedly slim. There is a quorum present, but the lobbies, galleries and anterooms are almost wholly deserted. Notwithstanding the fact that matters looked dull

AN IMMENSE AMOUNT OF BUSINESS

was disposed of with a rapidity that may well entitle the lawmakers of 1870 to be styled

THE LIGHTNING LEGISLATURE.

The way they made the business hop this morning was a caution to snakes. The majority of matters disposed of, however, are merely local affairs, and do not directly interest the people at large.

THE GRINDING COMMITTEE

have been entrusted with another large batch of bills, and the number reported by the committee the other day were to-day taken up and the reports of the committee agreed to. Pearsall's bill in relation to

EXTRA FARE ON RAILROADS,

by which any company may oblige a passenger who does not procure a ticket before going on a train to pay ten cents extra fare, after a large amount of badinage and buncombe, was amended so as to leave the extra charge where it stands at present, giving permission for an extra charge of five cents.

THE HERALD AS A LEGISLATIVE TEXT BOOK

was used to-day by Hon. Peter Mitchell in advocating the passage of his bill compelling the railroad companies in the city of New York to run extra cars at certain hours in the day and prohibiting them from charging fare for a person not provided with a seat. Peter pleaded strongly for his cause and quoted from the HERALD of February 25 and March 14 to show the destructibility and absolute necessity of some such regulation as he proposed. His bill was progressed, but may safely be regarded as doomed to die the death. The bill in relation to the appointment of marshal and clerks to

THE CIVIL COURTS IN NEW YORK

was up to day, but was recommitted to the Committee on Cities. There it will die beyond a doubt, unless some heavy draft of wind or a strong nap from the wing of

THAT ANGEL OF DESTRUCTION

be brought to bear upon it and blow or throw it ahead. The poor justices have been up here week after week to urge the passage of this bill, because it will give them the power of engaging their "help" themselves; but now they may find that they will have their labor for their pains. *Nous verrons.*

THE LONG ISLAND UNDERGROUND RAILROAD

was to-day, on motion of Mr. Maddox, sent back to the Committee on Railroads to report complete at any time. This is the project to which I referred when it was first introduced, and provides for the construction of a tunnel for a railroad from some point within half a mile of the Williamsburg ferry and Jamaica. This may prove to be the end of the matter, as the Railroad Committee has plenty of work on hand, and may not reach this bill at all.

BURT'S MISSION,

if appearances be correctly interpreted, is doomed to be a failure, as far as the Legislature here is concerned. His action in possessing himself of certain papers, which were the property of the committee, for the purpose of completing or strengthening his arguments, has destroyed a great deal of the regard which was entertained for him at first by many of the members. It is more than probable that the bill in relation to

THE ERIE DIRECTORY

will not be repealed, and it is possible that some other measures may be "put through" to strengthen the directors in their present position. Mr. Burt seemed to make a special effort to allude pointedly and insinuatingly to Mr. Tweed as one of the more fortunate of the directory, and as Tweed is now "boss" the allusion to him will not aid Mr. Burt's cause. It is stated, further, that the bill was introduced more as a cut against Messrs. Sweeny and Tweed than against Gould and Fisk, and that idea will probably help to squelch it in committee or kill it if it comes before the House. The bill in relation to a

NEW BRIDGE AT ALBANY

over the Hudson was to-day ordered to a third reading. What its fate may be it is difficult as yet to determine. Members who come up by the Hudson River road undoubtedly favor it, and it may be that it will be pushed through. Many people here are opposed to it very bitterly, and will, of course, do their best to defeat it. The election of

A REGENT OF THE UNIVERSITY

will be held on Thursday by joint ballot. Oswald Ottendorfer and Erastus Brooks are the only persons now prominently mentioned, with chances decidedly in favor of the latter.

THE STATE EXCISE BILL.

The Governor has signed the State Exc

THE M'FARLAND TRIAL.

Continuation of Testimony for the Defence.

Interviews and Conversation with Richardson.

The "Luscious Woman" and the Intercepted Letter.

McFarland Tempted with a Consulship and Ten Thousand a Year to Forego His Marital Rights.

"Could Not be Tempted by a Consulship to the Court of Heaven."

Graphic Portrayal of McFarland's Agony and Monomania.

The deepening interest in the McFarland trial was made manifest yesterday morning by the increased number of people who sought admission to the Court of General Sessions. The character of the weather would certainly have deterred many folks from giving the same eager attention to ordinary legal cases; but the singular nature of this McFarland-Richardson business wiled away people from their customary avocations and filled the court room with those who, under less exciting circumstances, would have been quietly attending to their legitimate business. From what might be readily observed by anybody who cared to give the most trifling attention to the subject, this trial has stirred the most profound depths of popular feeling. The case of Sickles is dwarfed into insignificance beside it, and this trial of McFarland has certainly the privilege of claiming to be the foremost domestic tragedy in real life which the century has produced.

INTEREST IN THE TRIAL.

To realize the force of this assertion it is only necessary to glance in the motley crowd that day by day seeks admission to the court room. But if it be necessary to discover other proofs in support of the statement it can readily be found in the general discussion of the case by every hearthstone and in every family circle of the city. The annals of romance fail to furnish anything of a parallel character; but perhaps the greatest force, the most formidable point of the case, lies in the argument affecting a theory which has had the ardent support of some of the ablest and most progressive minds of America.

The crowds on the stairways and in the corridors leading to the Court of General Sessions were composed almost wholly of well dressed, intelligent looking people. The trial is not of that complexion which interests so city the mere vulgar mind. It has features and ramifications of a high order of interest, and even despite the large share of publicity accorded it by the daily journals, would still command a wide share of popular attention.

TRANSFER OF THE SCENE OF TRIAL.

Owing to the necessity of disposing of a large number of cases we can have fallen into arrears on the calendar of the General Sessions Recorder Hackett announced immediately after the opening of the court that a transfer of the hearing of the trial would take place to the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in the New Court House building.

A rush from the brown stone to the marble structure at once took place, and very soon the wide area beneath the dome of the New Court House and up along the capacious steps to the entrance of Oyer and Terminer was as well filled as the vestibule of a popular theatre on a popular benefit night. Many unsophisticated people stayed behind in the brown building, persuaded that there and there alone the trial would be held. At the new scene of trial the ushers showed perhaps a less liberal disposition to admit the public than at the old place. They posted themselves quickly at the entrances, and, like sieves, permitted the fine grain to pass through and the course to remain outside.

COMPOSITION OF THE AUDIENCE.

The audience was orderly and well dressed. It filled the entire space of the court room. Outside the railing, which separates the spectators from the press, were counsel, jury and a few score privileged persons. Three rows of seats to the left were occupied by ladies, two of whom were directly concerned in the trial; the rest were present as spectators, who seemed to feel that certain doctrines in which they were more or less interested were on trial with the prisoner McFarland. To tell the truth, none of the fair observers looked particularly bewitching. Their exact counterparts can be met with any night at a free love or ultra woman's rights meeting. Mrs. Norton sat at one of the reporter's tables, and was nowise reticent in declaring her admiration for the course which Mrs. McFarland and Albert D. Richardson pursued.

STYLE OF THE WITNESSES.

Mrs. Mary Oliver, who was the first witness examined yesterday, is a lady of middle age, of troubled, anxious looks, and one with whom the course of existence has apparently been wayward and unhappy. She was affected to tears while giving her testimony, and so was McFarland, who sat in his usual place, facing the jury, with his little son Percy by his side. All the witnesses examined yesterday were singularly free from embarrassment in delivering their testimony. Mr. Billings and Mr. Nones, both of whom gave tolerably strong testimony to the purpose of proving the aberration of mind under which McFarland was laboring spoke with a clearness that gave general satisfaction, at least to the audience. Ex-Officer O'Brien was an excellent witness as far as plain and lucid evidence was desired. Young Taylor, though but seventeen, showed no symptoms of embarrassment whatever before the large audience which eagerly watched his delivery and listened to his testimony.

DISAPPOINTED EXPECTATIONS.

There was nothing of really very stirring moment in the evidence which was yesterday produced in court. A good many were expecting that Mrs. Calhoun and others belonging to a school of social ethics which has had a zealous supporter in the journal to which Albert D. Richardson belonged would be produced by the defence; but it was evident at the start that the defence intended to confine itself scrupulously to the task of making it appear that McFarland labored under an aberration of reason when he shot Richardson.

To this line of defence all the evidence was directed, and few after reading what was stated under oath by those who were on familiar terms with McFarland will be apt to conclude that the assassination was a sane pre-conception.

RICHARDSON'S BROTHER PRESENT.

The brother of Richardson was in court up to the time of taking a recess. He leaned forward on the handle of his umbrella and listened with rapt attention to the testimony offered by the defence. He showed no trace of feeling one way or the other, but sat throughout the proceedings a quiet, earnest and collected observer.

THE MOTIVE OF PUBLIC CURIOSITY.

The cloud of newspaper men who occupied the central area of the court room was proof sufficient of what an absorbing subject this trial proves to the entire community. The interest shown by the outside spectators is not so much in behalf of the prisoner—for few or none believe he will be convicted—as in the anticipation that the progress of the case will throw broad light upon certain social dogmas held by a class of people who cannot be ignored as wanting in influence in the intellectual circles of American society.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES FOR THE DEFENCE CONTINUED.

Testimony of Mrs. Mary Oliver.

Mrs. Mary Oliver, called and examined by Mr. Gerry—I am a daughter of the late Francis McFarland, who was first cousin to the prisoner, Daniel McFarland; I remember when my father died; he died on Sunday, the 16th day of September, 1847; took the record of his death from the family Bible.

THE RECORD OF DEATH.

"Departed this life, Sunday, 16th of September, 1847, at 5:30 P. M., Francis McFarland, aged 40 years, 8 months and 22 days."

Father was ill for eighteen months or two years before his death.

Q. Tell the jury how your father's disorder came on, how it commenced and how it progressed to the end. A. Two years before his death he was ailing; he took fits of crying and melancholy; he did not attempt violence to any one but himself; he did attempt violence to himself; he often tried to strangle himself; his spirits were very depressed; he often tried to commit suicide; I think on two occasions he attempted suicide; this was previous to his being sent to the insane asylum; we were compelled to send him to the asylum, because he got so desperate that we could not manage him; accompanied him to the asylum; he was sent there by order of Dr. Wood; saw him twice during his confinement; he was put in a strait jacket; on the occasions that I saw him in the asylum he was very violent and desperate; he remained in the asylum a couple of months; about that time he got helpless; he became paralyzed, and as he could not do any harm to himself we took him home; we could then manage him at home; he lived but a short time after he came out of the asylum; watched him during his last illness; he was very violent and desperate, biting his flesh and gnawing his shoulders.

Q. Did you previous to the coming on of these attacks know of your own knowledge the existence of any trouble calculated to cause this nervousness and irritability? A. Nothing but a trifling loss of money; he was always inclined to be in that condition—nervous and irritable; he was always afraid that he would come to want.

Q. Did he exhibit acts of violence towards those who visited the family? A. He was always inclined to be insane; he was desperate at times and quarrelled with his best friends.

Q. Did you observe any peculiar contraction about the muscles of the mouth? A. Yes, he lost the use of his tongue, was incoherent in language when he did speak, and we could not understand what he said; father was a strictly temperate man in his habits; never suffered from any blow or injury to his head previous to the coming on of the disorder.

Testimony of John E. Flint.

John E. Flint examined by Mr. Gerry:—

Q. Where are you employed at the present time? A. Westmoreland Hotel.

Q. Do you remember having seen Mr. McFarland on the evening of the 25th of November last? A. Yes, sir; I suppose it was about half-past eight o'clock when I came to the hotel; he came in and asked for a room; he took a newspaper and sat down and rose two or three times; he kept walking about until another gentleman came and they both went up to the room.

Q. Did you observe whether his manner was calm or excited? A. Excited; he attracted my attention; I was sitting on the sofa reading at the time; he walked up and down very rapidly; he went out on the steps and came back again and continued to walk up and down until the other gentleman came in, when he went up stairs; he read the newspaper about five minutes; that was after he registered his name; he registered his name immediately on coming into the hotel.

To the District Attorney—After coming in he registered his name, paid for his night's lodging, took up a newspaper and sat down for a short time; he seemed to be waiting for somebody; I did not speak to him; I never saw Mr. McFarland before that night; he was an entire stranger to me; I could not tell the exact time at which he came in; it was between eight and half-past eight o'clock; there was another gentleman present, but I have not seen him since; he was a transient boarder.

To Mr. Gerry—Mr. McFarland came into the hotel about two or three hours after I dined; I did not follow him up stairs nor watch him to his room.

Testimony of S. S. Mangan.

Sylvester S. Mangan, examined—On the 25th of November last I was the proprietor of the Corn Exchange Mills, East Twenty-third street; about that time Mr. McFarland came into my office, I think between eleven and twelve o'clock, just before I went to Change; when he came in he asked for Mr. Mangan; I said I was the gentleman and he then said that he came to see about the assessment of the property; I said that he would get all the information he wanted at 92 Broad street; he did not seem to be satisfied; from his conversation I thought he was either drunk or insane.

Q. What was the remark you made to others about the rationality of Mr. McFarland's conduct? A. His wild, haggard appearance led me to make the remark that he was either insane or in liquor.

Q. Would you swear he was in liquor? A. No, sir; I did not smell any liquor on his breath; I sat at the middle of the table and he stood at the end of it talking to me.

Q. What did he tell you? A. He said he was on assessment business, and that he had come to explain the object of his visit; I do not know whether my establishment was in the line of his business; I heard he was an appraiser of legacies; I did not treat him with much attention, because I thought he was either crazy or drunk.

Q. Was there anything in his manner that indicated drunkenness; did he stagger? A. No.

Q. What is your judgment [illegible] was insanity or intoxication? A. My judgment was that he was nothing more nor less than an insane man; he was there about fifteen or twenty minutes.

Q. Was this the day before you read the account of the occurrence in the newspaper? A. I could not state exactly; it was either one or two days before.

To the District Attorney—I cannot give all the conversation which occurred between Mr. McFarland and myself; he said he was an officer and came upon assessment business; I understood him to refer to the real estate; I think he had either a paper or a book under his arm; he did not present it to me; I told him to go to 92 Broad street, because the executors, Edgar D. Manning and W. J. Lawrence, were there; there was another gentleman with Mr. McFarland, but I do not know who he was.

To counsel for the prisoner—Mr. McFarland was so irrational that I paid him no attention.

Testimony of William J. McGrath.

William J. McGrath called and examined by Mr. Gerry—Am clerk of the Court of Police Sessions.

THE CERTIFICATE OF INSANITY.

Witness produced the book of records of commitments of the Court of Police Sessions for the year 1847; there is an entry here referring to one Francis M. McFarland, who was committed on the following certificate:—

Marcus L. Taft, 26 East Broadway, physician, and Lyman Fisk, of 170 Delancey street, being duly sworn, severally say that Francis McFarland is insane, and is so far disordered in his senses as to endanger his own person or the person or property of others, if permitted to go at large. That they have personally examined said McFarland, and are satisfied that he is afflicted with such a vitiated understanding or alienation of mind as disables him from judging correctly between good and evil, or of the consequences of his acts, amounting to an absolute dispossession of the free and natural agency of the human mind.

MARCUS L. TAFT, M. D.
LYMAN FISK, M. D.

Sworn before me this 15th day of June, 1847—J. W. DEIMELE, Police Justice.

Q. What disposition was made of Francis McFarland on that certificate? A. He was committed to the Lunatic Asylum, Blackwell's Island.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

By District Attorney Garvin—Q. Any memorandum there indicating when McFarland was discharged from the asylum? A. No; it would not appear here; that would be on the records of the asylum; there would be a warrant of commitment sent with him in the charge of the officer accompanying him.

Testimony of R. C. Styles.

R. C. Styles, physician, testified that he was Assistant Sanitary Superintendent of the Board of Health of the city of Brooklyn; that there were no records of deaths in that city previous to 1850.

Not cross-examined.

Testimony of John E. Billings.

John E. Billings, sworn, testified—I reside in the city of New York; I am an attorney-at-law, and have been for fifteen years; I know Daniel McFarland, the prisoner at the bar; have known him ever since the fall of 1859; I think he was engaged in the real estate business in Wisconsin at that time; I saw him in the year 1863, and between 1859 and 1863; I saw him quite often; I remember when he was made a Commissioner of the Tenth Judicial district; he was then in Broadway; I knew him to have held that office since its organization in 1856; he had a desk in my office from spring of 1865 to 1867; the building was torn down and a new one built, and previous to this he left the office; I saw him on the 25th of November, 1869, near the New York Hotel, on Broadway, on the same side; it was about twenty minutes to four o'clock in the afternoon; I was going up town and he was going down; about three or four yards before I came up to him I noticed he looked somewhat different to what I had been in the habit of seeing him; I said to him, "Mac, how do you do? What is the matter with you? You look very strange. Have you been sick?" He replied, "No." I said, "Where are you going down town now?" He said he was going down to the Park House, where he expected to meet a man before the man went to New Jersey.

THE STARS WILL BE OUT SOON.

I said to him, "Don't go down; go with me;" I had hold of his hand, asked him again if he was not unwell; he replied, "No; I must go, for the stars will be out soon."

Q. What were his manner and appearance during this conversation? A. He was very pale and his eye was glassy; he looked sorrowful, as though he were under a very heavy pressure.

Q. From what you saw of him did you form any judgment as to his rationality or irrationality at that time? A. Two years previously I had seen him under great excitement, but I had never seen him when he had so peculiar a look about him as he had on this occasion.

Q. What was his condition immediately preceding the time when you met him on the 25th? A. I was surprised at the condition of the man; he commenced to talk about the suit he had against Mr. Richardson, and his having taken his wife and children away from him; he talked incoherently and he appeared in an abnormal condition of mind.

Q. What judgment have you formed of the state of his mind from that conversation? A. I have not thought the man to be in a normal condition for two years past; he certainly was not in the same state of mind that he was previous to that.

Q. Were you acquainted with his wife? A. Slightly; she used to bring her children to the office when she came to meet him.

Q. From their conversation and manners could you form a judgment what their relationships were to each other? A. They were always very affectionate; she generally brought little Percy with her, and if McFarland were not in she would wait for him; when they met they would salute each other and call each other "My dear" and "Darling."

Q. Did he ever have any conversation with her when the children were not present? A. Oh, Certainly.

Q. In what terms did he speak of them? A. They were frequently talking about them, and he spoke of the education of his eldest boy and how much he had spent upon his education, and that it was the best education he could give him.

Q. Did you ever hear him express himself in reference to his wife? A. I remember on one occasion, about the time they moved from Yonkers to New York, we had some conversation; he said that he could not bear his wife and children to be out of the city; he must be where he could see them every day, and not have to go up and down on the cars.

Q. Do you remember seeing Mr. McFarland in your office after September, 1867? A. He had been absent about certain proceedings in reference to his children; he came into the office and sat down in the chair and

COMMENCED CRYING;

I asked him about his wife and children; he said that a man by the name of Richardson had stolen his wife and children and taken them into Massachusetts; he was trying to get the children back; that was about the 27th of March, 1867.

Q. He was then applying to you for an affidavit to be read on these proceedings? A. He said he should want one; he would look backwards and forwards along the room and put his hand to his head and say,

"MY GOD! OH, MY GOD! MY CHILDREN!

what have I done to have my children taken away from me? I love my children, and love my wife; oh, my God! and they are far away from me;" I tried to calm him down, and I found that I could not do it; he did not seem to pay any attention to what I said; I thought him in that state of mind that rendered him incompetent to pay any attention to me.

Q. Did he ever say anything to you about not desiring to live if he could not have these children? A. On one occasion he said, "I would rather be in my grave if I cannot have my children restored to me.

Q. Did you ever hear him refer to another man having control over his children? A. He said when he thought of any other man besides himself being

FATHER TO HIS CHILDREN,

and those children not having a father and mother, what a position it was for them to be placed in, and when he thought of it it made him wild; this was in 1867; he always said that he would recover his children, cost what it might; he said that to do this he had spent all his money and had borrowed about three or four thousand dollars; he told me that his attorney advised him to commence a suit for *crim. con.* for damages against Richardson for taking away his wife; his object was to show to the community that this Richardson was a libertine and a thief; this was about March, 1867; I felt his pulse at that time, and found it to be about 115 or 117, and he said that it had been so for about four months; he said he could not sleep and he did not want to sleep; he came one day with the boy Percy and said he was going to have the other boy by and by.

Did you see him in September, 1868? A. Yes, on Waverley place; he then looked very pale and thin and related his family grievances again; I thought the excitement he was under would kill him.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

By Ex-Judge Davis—Q. At what time was the crim. con. suit commenced? A. It was commenced I think in 1867; I can't state positively about that; don't remember anything definite as to the date; it was after he stated that he had instituted proceedings to recover his children in Massachusetts; I think it was about the first of 1868 that he told me that he had commenced the suit; understood him to say that Judge Sanford was one of his attorneys in the habeas corpus case in Boston.

Q. What was his business during the interval between March, 1867, and his meeting with Richardson? A. He was in the Assessor's office, I think; I don't remember under whom, though; he was also employed in the Custom House; I think he told me on one occasion that he was in the Assessor's office; I cannot tell what his particular business was; cannot say how he attended to his business, nor do I know what the nature of his business was; at the time he came to my office it was not to talk on business; his whole conversation used to be on his family troubles, and he would talk so much upon the subject I would be glad to get him away; he ceased to have a desk in my office about May, 1866; he subsequently went to Wisconsin, having some business there in relation to land.

Q. At what time did he get his position in the Custom House? A. My impression is that it was in the spring or summer of 1865, soon after the Lincoln assassination; when I met him on the 25th November I noticed him coming; he had his hands in his pockets and his head down; I stopped him.

Witness here repeated substantially his previous account of this interview. McFarland ended by putting away his hands and saying, "I must go down; the stars will be out soon;" I do not know that I can say that his conversation was in itself irrational, but his general manner, his whole appearance, his look, his expression, were what neither I nor any man can describe; perhaps the words disconnected with the way, the manner, and the look were irrational; his look was oppressed, cast down, and with a vacant, glassy stare; he recognized me with a sort of don't care look; he talked with an abstract manner; I hardly thought the last words coherent; it was merging toward dusk; it was not time for the stars to be out; the gas was not lighted; in his talks to me about his children I don't think he talked rationally coherently; when he would walk the room tearing his hair and saying, "My God, my God, my children," I didn't think it was ordinary conversation.

Redirect—In that last interview I noticed his nose twitching and his eyes always rolling; he spoke in his previous conversations about his thoughts continually drawing to it; he could not let it rest; he told me he had been offered

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS AND A CONSULSHIP

to settle the suit, but he said, "Do you suppose I'd take it? that's not what I want;"

THE INTERCEPTED LETTER

he partly read to me and then gave it to me to read; his color in those conversations would change from crimson to pale, and his eyes from natural to wild and abnormal; I never knew him to be under the influence of drink; I never detected it on him.

This closed the examination of the witness.

Testimony of Joseph E. Nones.

Joseph E. Nones was next called and examined and testified as follows:—Am a notary public and commissioner; am a licensed lawyer since 1827; was in the navy with Ogden Hoffman and sailed with Admiral Decatur in the expedition against Algiers, Tunis and Tripoli; made the acquaintance of Daniel McFarland about the middle of May, 1867, since that time till within a few months have been very intimate with McFarland; in May, 1867, was introduced to him by Judge Sanford, who had been appointed by the Supreme Court of Massachusetts to take evidence in the McFarland habeas corpus case; saw McFarland on the 25th November, 1869, at my office, 252 Broadway, at about fifteen minutes before five o'clock; I fix the exact time from the fact that immediately after he quitted the office I went with my clerk to purchase some goods, and when I got to Ann street they had to light the gas in the store to enable me to examine the goods.

Q. What took place in your office after Mr. McFarland came in? A. I was at my desk writing when he came in; he was then in an extreme state of excitement—in a perfect state of frenzy; I looked at him and asked him what was the matter; he placed his hand on his head and exclaimed, "My God! my God! what do you think?" I again asked what was the matter; he said, "My wife has divorced herself from me, and Richardson has married her, and they are now living together in New Jersey, and are going to California; I'll go home and kill myself." I tried to calm him, and reasoned and expostulated with him, but it was no use; I could not get him to listen to me or to understand me; I advised him as he walked up and down the room in this distracted manner to appeal to the law, and to go to New Jersey and take out an exeat before he started for San Francisco; he said he knew no one there who had money and that he had no means to do anything with; I told him that I would give him a letter to an able and eminent lawyer there, ex-Chancellor Williamson, and that with reference to money that would be made all easy for him; he said he could not do anything of the kind—that he would go home and kill himself; he then went away like a madman.

Q. From what transpired in your presence on that occasion what judgment did you form as to his rationality or irrationality? A. I formed a judgment and expressed it to my clerk, that he should be taken care of and sent to the lunatic asylum; that he wasn't fit to be about; my judgment at the time was that he was perfectly mad.

THE INTERCEPTED LETTER.

Q. Do you remember having seen the intercepted letter? (Letter shown to witness.) A. Yes.

Q. When did you first see it? A. It was first shown to me by Mr. McFarland between May and June, when I was first appointed to take testimony in the other case. I was appointed to take testimony under the proceedings of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts for the recovery of the children. In those proceedings I examined some forty-three witnesses.

Q. While this commission was being held did you see him every day? A. I would sometimes see him four or five times a day when I was taking the depositions.

Q. From the opportunities you had of observing him during the period of your taking these depositions, state to the jury what judgment you formed as to his rationality or irrationality and upon what facts you based that judgment? A. I have looked on him ever since this separation and the removal of his children as a madman; I never since considered him as anything better.

Q. In the conversations that he had with you during the taking of these depositions of those witnesses to what subject would he allude—to what subject would he direct his conversation? A. He talked on the subject of his wife and children and foolishly leaned to the belief that he loved his wife; he loved his children devotedly, and would state that his mind was destroyed on account of the separation.

Q. Did he ever refer to the circumstances under which he had been deprived of his wife and children, and if so what would he say on that subject? A. He always said that he had been deprived of his wife and children through the machinations of Richardson, the deceased.

Q. Did you observe on these occasions the appearance of his eyes? A. I observed his general appearance; his general appearance denoted to my mind that he was a man entirely bereft of reason during that time.

Q. What did you found that opinion on? A. From his conversation, which was irregular, wild and irrational; I always remarked his incoherency, and that he always harped upon the one subject; it was upon this conduct I based my opinion.

Q. Did he keep harping on this subject—the loss of his wife and children—to the extent of boring you? A. Yes; I frequently reproved him and tried to turn his mind from these subjects.

Q. Did he say anything to you about his inability to control the tendencies of his mind? A. He always said that his mind was distracted, and he would say he wished to God that he was dead, and he has threatened to go home from my office and kill himself; I do not know but that if I had not restrained him he would have done so; he always spoke of his wife most affectionately, and I told him that I thought he was a fool for doing so. (Suppressed approbation throughout the audience.)

Q. How did he speak with reference to his children? A. He always spoke of them in the most affectionate manner, and said it would be the death of him if he was deprived of their possession, and he always said he was determined to have them if possible, in any shape or manner.

Q. Was there ever any change in the subject of his conversation? A. No; he was always harping upon his children, and I am satisfied that as he was getting older he was getting worse on the subject.

Q. Do you remember the time he got back the boy Percy? A. I do.

Q. Did he after he got Percy back have any conversation with you in reference to his intentions about Danny, the younger boy? A. Yes; he always expressed a determination to get him if he could, and that he would leave no means untried to effect that object.

Q. From the first time he spoke of his resolution to get his younger boy back was not his mind mostly drawn to that subject? A. Yes; mostly on that subject.

Q. Did he ever speak to you on the subject of having that boy back even though he might be unable to recover his wife? A. Oh, yes, certainly.

Q. Did he ever say anything to you as to Richardson depriving him of his children? A. Yes; he told me that he had no doubt but that Richardson was at the bottom of it; that he was aiding and supporting her in her conduct, and that it was Richardson's money that was fighting him.

Q. Did he not express the belief that his wife would return to him but for Richardson? A. Yes; and that was his foolish belief.

Q. When did he express that belief? A. Shortly after I became acquainted with him.

Q. How many conversations had you with him from the commencement of your acquaintance with him to the close? A. I could not tell; they were innumerable.

MCFARLAND'S BRAIN ON FIRE.

Q. Did he in these conversations say anything about his inability to sleep? A. Yes; he told me he did not sleep one single night in a week, his mind was so distracted and his brain on fire.

Q. Did his appearance indicate that in saying so he told the truth? A. Most undoubtedly; he looked just like a man deprived of all sleep; I never saw a man look as he did.

Q. Did he not make allusion to his inability to eat? A. Not that I remember.

Q. Did he not refer to the idea of another man having control over a child of his? A. He frequently told me that he was determined to have the control of his children, and that none but himself should be the father of his children.

THE LUSCIOUS WOMAN PHRASE.

Q. While these depositions were being taken by you in June, 1867, did you have any conversation with Richardson on the subject matter of the proceedings?

Objected to as incompetent. Question admitted.

A. Yes, on the 7th of June, the day of the examination of Richardson, and after I had got through with his examination; no other witness being then ready for examination he sat upon a sofa in the office and I then had a conversation with him on the subject; we spoke on the subject of Mr. McFarland and the children, his position and connection in the matter and so forth; he stated to me that he could not help it; that she should never love her husband again; that he would have her divorced, and as soon as she was divorced that he would marry her; I at that time asked what kind of a woman Mrs. McFarland was, and he asked, "Have you never seen her?" I replied, "Never;" "Well," says he, "she is an intellectual, lovely woman;" he made use of the expressions which I cannot now state; he said, "rather a very luscious woman," or "a very voluptuous woman"—one or other of these phrases; I said I was very sorry to hear him express such a determination; he said, "I cannot help her; if you saw her you would say the same."

THE EFFECT ON MCFARLAND WHEN INFORMED OF RICHARDSON'S WORDS.

Q. Did you repeat that conversation to McFarland? A. Yes, I did on the day following in my office.

Q. What effect had the repetition of that conversation on him? A. Such was the effect that I was immediately sorry after it; he went on like a madman, cried like a child, wet his head, pulled his hair; in fact I did not know what to do with him, and I thought of ordering a carriage and sending him home.

Q. Did you not have to postpone his examination at the time on account of his inability from the condition of his mind to give evidence? A. Yes; for some months he was in such a state of mind that I could not trust him on the stand.

MCFARLAND THREATENS SUICIDE.

Q. Did he ever talk to you about committing suicide? A. Yes, frequently, and I used to reason and moralize with him; told him now weak and foolish it was to talk so; but I might as well have talked to the winds; he went on as any fool might go on.

Q. Can you tell the jury of any one occasion between the first conversation you had with him and the 25th of November, when he was perfectly right in his mind? A. I can not; I don't think he was perfectly right in his mind even on the day I put him on the stand to testify; I was almost afraid to trust him on the stand; but I was compelled to go on as I could not longer delay the case; I had to send the testimony to the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, where the case was being tried.

The Court took a recess.

After Recess.

Mr. J. B. Nones, cross-examined by District Attorney Garvin—Examined the witnesses under a commission from the State of Massachusetts, under a habeas corpus there pending in regard to the custody of the children; all the witnesses were privately examined.

Q. Mr. Nones, will you state how the depositions were taken? Were they read by you to the witnesses or did they read them? A. I read the testimony distinctly to each witness, and they signed their names.

Q. In regard to the testimony of Mr. Richardson, how was that taken—question and answer? A. Sometimes one way and sometimes another; the commission given to me contained interrogatories, and I confined myself to those interrogatories.

A. I understand you to say that McFarland, on the 25th of November, spoke of Richardson going away? A. He spoke of Richardson having obtained a divorce and taking his wife to Jersey City, and of his going to California; I don't think there was anything said about taking the boy with him; but he mentioned about selling his property.

To the District Attorney—On the evening of the 25th he came in raving like a madman.

Testimony of James Taylor.

James Taylor examined—I reside at No. 11 Fourth avenue; I am employed as a clerk by the last witness; I am seventeen years of age; was employed by the last witness on the 25th of November last; I saw Mr. McFarland on the evening of that day; as near as I can recollect it was about fifteen or twenty minutes to five o'clock; he came into the office and stated that he had just learned from Richardson that he had obtained a divorce in Indiana and that Richardson and his (McFarland's) wife were living together in Jersey City and that he was going to sell his property in order to go to California or Oregon. I don't know which; Mr. McFarland remained there about seven or eight minutes; he sat down a few seconds and jumped up again, looking like a madman; I did not hear him repeat anything to himself, but I noticed that his face was very much flushed; the expression of his eye was strange; it had a blank stare, as if he did not know what he was looking at; he remained there altogether about ten minutes; he must have sat down and rose again about three or four times; he walked around the office very often.

Q. What judgment did you form of his manner as to whether it was rational or irrational? A. Well, I did not know what to make of him; I had an impression he was out of his mind.

Q. But on this particular occasion what judgment did you form as to whether he was in or out of his mind? A. I should say he was very irrational.

Q. Did you notice his breathing? A. I should say he had been walking very rapidly.

Q. Had you ever seen him so much excited as he was on that day? A. No, sir.

Q. Did he have any conversation with you on this occasion? A. Yes, sir; he generally spoke about his wrongs; he did not then say anything about the boy Danny; I saw him after he got over his sickness—the smallpox—in the spring of 1869.

Q. When he came in on this occasion was he still or restless? A. Restless; I have heard him talk with Mr. Nones very excitedly concerning the loss of his wife.

Q. Did he have any business in your office or did he come in simply to talk? A. Simply to talk.

Q. He was treated very tenderly? A. Very tenderly.

Q. Did you notice that he cried on this occasion? A. Yes.

Q. How recently before the 25th of November? A. I saw him crying on that day.

Q. When you saw him cry were the tears copious? describe how he cried. A. He generally made no noise, but the tears flowed copiously.

Q. Now, could he be got to talk on any subject except the one mentioned? A. I never heard him talk upon any other subject.

Q. Did you ever make an effort to get him to talk upon any other subject? A. No, sir, I did not.

Q. Did you ever hear him say anything about Richardson ruining him? A. I did, sir, repeatedly.

Q. Did you hear him say anything upon the subject on the 25th of November? A. Yes, sir.

Q. What did he say on that occasion about the matter? A. He said Richardson had robbed him of his wife and had stolen his children.

Q. Did you ever hear him talk of suicide? A. Yes, I heard him talk of it at different times.

Q. How long ago was the last time before the 25th of November? A. I should say a few weeks.

Q. Did he say how he would kill himself? A. He said he would blow his brains out, and at another time he talked about taking laudanum, to put an end to his miserable existence; he said his family was broken up, his home was gone and that he had no desire to live.

Q. Did you endeavor to dissuade him from his purpose? A. Mr. Nones told him to keep a stout heart, and I made a boyish remark for him to keep a stiff upper lip.

Cross-examined—Remember the 25th of November seeing McFarland come down Broadway; hearing him mention that Mrs. McFarland had procured a divorce from him; had no means of fixing the time, but think it was about half-past four in the evening.

Re-direct—Mr. Nones advised him to go to New Jersey, and promised him a letter of introduction to Chancellor Williamson, and that he needed no means immediately for the purpose of getting the required legal advice from him.

Testimony of Merritt Mykham.

Merritt Mykham examined—I am an examiner of merchandise; I was so in 1865; I have known McFarland about six years; I saw him November 25, about half-past four, near Fourth street; I was with my wife; I observed that he was very much excited; he had a wild look in his eyes; his hands were working; I think I have seen men on several occasions as excited within two years; his eyes were very wild; I saluted him, bowing, and saying, "How are you, Mac?" he passed me rapidly; he had been in the same office with me; he came there in January, 1867; he left about the last of September; I understand he was removed on account of his inability to attend to his duties; he appeared as usual to March, 1867; then I noticed an abstracted manner, and he would be talking to his fingers; sometimes he would mutter incoherently; I could not understand what he was saying; he would sit a long time unmoved and unconscious of what was passing around him; he would have to be repeatedly spoken to; these symptoms continued after September, 1867; I had several conversations with him; he talked mainly of his children—to bring them up was the sole desire of his life; he spoke affectionately of his wife; I judge these appearances could not have been produced by liquor; I don't think any one in his honest mind could have acted as he did; that was my honest judgment at the time.

Cross-examined by ex-Judge Davis—I can't say that he made any reply to me on the 25th; he bowed; where I met him was a block below the New York Hotel; it was about the fore part of March, 1867, from the 7th to the 10th, before the middle, that I noticed his conduct; I spoke to him on business; his duty was to make an entry of invoices of goods to be examined (Mr. Mykham examined at some length on the course of business in the office); at times these duties are sufficient to keep a man pretty busy; at first he performed his duties very well, but later so badly that it was said he would have to vacate the post; I myself spoke to Mr. Marsh about it; he would be working his fingers and looking at them while he was talking.

Re-direct—I had conversations with him at the office and elsewhere; he was ill in the summer of 1867, and, as I understood, had to go to the country for his health; he was absent from the office some weeks and came back apparently better; I should think after September, 1867, he did not change much; sometimes he was a little better; sometimes worse; his conversation was always the one thing, so much so that sometimes I tore myself away from him; he came to Mr. McBrata's office a number of times after December, 1867; the possession of his boy seemed to me to have a very silly effect; he introduced him to me half a dozen times over; he was very enthusiastic about the boy; he had a very nervous, excitable twitching of the hands.

To ex-Judge Davis—I knew Mr. McFarland before he went to the office; he was not nervous in his manner when I first met him; I was a witness in the proceedings in habeas corpus brought by Mr. McFarland.

Counsel desired to examine the witness in reference to the testimony previously given by him, but not having the original deposition the discussion of the question as to whether such evidence was admissible was postponed till this morning.

THE PERRY MURDER CASE.

Mr. Spencer here arose and addressed the Court, stating that he had just received information that in the Perry murder case he would be compelled to attend in the county of Kings. He had already tried it twice and upon each occasion the jury disagreed. The case had been forced on, knowing that he was engaged. His client was a man with a wife and five children, of whom he had not been robbed; but although he was obliged to leave he had every confidence that the interests of Mr. McFarland would be perfectly safe.

Senior counsel said he was sorry to part with his colleague, but necessity required it, and he should be dispensed with.

Testimony of Ex-Policeman Joseph O'Brien.

Joseph O'Brien called and testified that in last November he was a policeman in the Fifteenth precinct; on the night of the 24th he was on duty from eleven to three in the morning of the 25th; he saw McFarland on the morning of the 25th, shortly after twelve; he took off his hat, raised his hand and said:—"O'Brien did you hear the news? That

RUFFIAN, RICHARDSON,

is going to marry my wife and take my child to Kansas?" he said. "They have even changed the name of my boy Danny;" he stayed with me nearly till I was relieved; he had often walked with me since the summer; my post when I first met him was from Eighth street to Macdougal, to Bleecker, and the Sixth avenue round and round; he would walk with me round and round, and after my post was changed he would walk with me on the new post; he always talked about his troubles; I tried to get him off the subject, but he would not change; he walked at least fifteen nights; some inclement; he would be dressed these nights lightly; he seemed very irrational; he seemed regardless of the weather; one rainy night in September, when I had my oilcloth on, he walked without an umbrella; he told me one night he was offered a consulship to Cork and $10,000 to give up his wife and child; I told him he was foolish—I would give up such a woman for ten thousand cents; he said, "O'Brien, I would not give up my child for a consulship to the Court of Heaven." (Sensation.)

To District Attorney—I met him first one night in summer, after twelve o'clock; he spoke first to me; he opened that first conversation; told me who he was and where he boarded, and his family troubles, and I a perfect stranger; after that he walked with me occasionally; I was shifted to the post higher up; I met him after that; the last time I met him was on the morning of the occurrence; I saw him on Eleventh street, near Sixth avenue; when he came to me he threw up his arms and hallooed out just as I have said; he never had said these same things to me before; what he had said before was generally about his wife and his troubles, and his children.

Counsel for the defence here announced that the next witness would be a long one, and the Court adjourned till this morning at eleven o'clock.

TEDDY O'RYAN.

Continuation of the Examination.

At the Yorkville Police Court yesterday morning Mrs. Freligh's cross-examination—in the case of Teddy O'Ryan—was continued from Friday. Witness testified that she did not know how long she remained at 54 Houston street; she asked Mr. Ryan to go to Mrs. Moore's, in Forsyth street, between Rivington and Stanton streets (the number she did not know), but the prisoner said, "Let us go down here;" Mrs. Moore occupies only apartments in the house in which she lives; when she and the prisoner went to 46 Rivington street Mrs. Green conducted them to a room in the second story, front; Teddy then ordered some drink, that is, after they had entered the room; she drank half and then put it down, but he told her to hurry up and drink it off; after drinking the liquor, which had a very peculiar taste independent of the liquor, which was either brandy or whiskey, she lost all consciousness, and only recovered at four o'clock on the 6th—the following morning; she was then lying on the bed with her clothes on; she missed her jewelry, and called for Mrs. Green, but could get no answer; the room door was unlocked; there was one other person whom she had seen who looked to her like Teddy Ryan, the prisoner, but she could not swear it was him; that was at the examination in the Tombs, which took place there some time ago, when one of her rings was found in the possession of a Broadway jeweller; Mrs. Green told her when she went with her up to the room to take care of her diamonds, but witness told her it was all right.

Witness' counsel here questioned his client, having received permission from the court. Mrs. Freligh stated she went with Mrs. Yale, Teddy and her nephew to a Mrs. Hoyt's, where she had supper; Teddy insisted upon her taking some liquor, which, however, she declined; she then took some soda, which had the same peculiar taste as the brandy she had drank at Mrs. Green's; her ears feeling sore, Teddy advised her to take her earrings off, which she did and put them in her handkerchief; he then asked her the value of her jewelry.

Mrs. Freligh then left the stand and her counsel asked for an adjournment. The request was granted and the case was adjourned until Monday next.

LIQUOR DEALERS IN COUNCIL.

They